

Member of **Sumitomo** Drive Technologies

# **OPTIDRIVE**<sup>TM</sup> **CP**<sup>2</sup>

AC Variable Speed Drive

0.75 - 250kW / 1 - 400HP 200 - 600V Single and 3 Phase Input

Quick Start Up

General Information and Ratings

Mechanical Installation

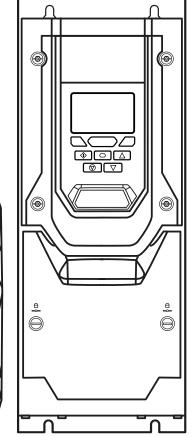
Electrical Installation

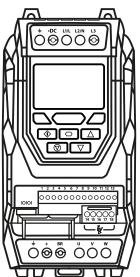
Keypad and Display Operation

# Parameters

Control Terminal
Functions
Extended
Parameters
Serial
Communications
Technical Data
Troubleshooting

Energy Efficiency Classification





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# **General Information**

It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the equipment or system into which the product is incorporated complies with all relevant legislation and codes of practice which apply in the country of use.

# **CE Marking**

All Invertek Drives products intended for use within the European Union carry the CE mark to indicate compliance with European Directives (EMC Directive, Low Voltage Directive and Machinery Directive). A declaration of conformity is available from the website, www.invertekdrives.com. For compliance with the European EMC Directive, the necessary guidance is provided within this document and it is the responsibility of the installer to ensure this guidance is followed to ensure compliance.

# **UKCA Marking**

All Invertek Drives products intended for use within the United Kingdom carry the UKCA mark to indicate compliance with Following UK regulations: Electromagnetic Compatibility Regulations, Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations, Electrical Equipment (Safety) Regulations. A declaration of conformity is available from the website, www.invertekdrives.com. For compliance with the relevant sections of the above regulations, the necessary guidance is provided within this document and it is the responsibility of the installer to ensure this guidance is followed to ensure compliance.

# **UL Conformity**

A list of currently listed products is available from the UL website, www.ul.com. For compliance with UL requirements, the necessary guidance is provided within this document and it is the responsibility of the installer to ensure this guidance is followed to ensure compliance.

# Safe Torque OFF ("STO") Function

Optidrive P2 incorporates a hardware STO (Safe Torque Off) Function, designed in accordance with the standards listed below.

Standard	Classification	Independent Approval
EN 61800-5-2:2016	Type 2	
EN ISO 13849-1:2015	PL "d"	
EN 61508 (Part 1 to 7):2010	SIL 2	*TUV
EN60204-1:2006 + A1:2009 + AC: 2010	Uncontrolled Stop "Category O"	
EN 62061:2005/A2:2015	SIL CL 2	

\***NOTE** TUV Approval of the "STO" function is relevant for drives which have a TUV logo applied on the drive rating label. The STO input must not be used for any safety related function if the drive unit does not carry the TUV logo on the rating label.

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# 2 Year Warranty

All Invertek Optidrive units carry a 2 year warranty against manufacturing defects from the date of manufacture. The manufacturer accepts no liability for any damage caused during or resulting from transport, receipt of delivery, installation or commissioning. The manufacturer also accepts no liability for damage or consequences resulting from inappropriate, negligent or incorrect installation, incorrect adjustment of the operating parameters of the drive, incorrect matching of the drive to the motor, incorrect installation, unacceptable dust, moisture, corrosive substances, excessive vibration or ambient temperatures outside of the design specification. The local distributor may offer different terms and conditions at their discretion, and in all cases concerning warranty, the local distributor should be contacted first.

This user guide is the "original instructions" document. All non-English versions are translations of the "original instructions". The contents of this User Guide are believed to be correct at the time of printing. In the interest of a commitment to a policy of continuous improvement, the manufacturer reserves the right to change the specification of the product or its performance or the contents of the User Guide without notice.

# This User Guide is for use with version 2.51 Firmware. User Guide Revision 3.10.

Invertek Drives Ltd adopts a policy of continuous improvement and whilst every effort has been made to provide accurate and up to date information, the information contained in this User Guide should be used for guidance purposes only and does not form the part of any contract.



When installing the drive on any power supply where the phase-ground voltage may exceed the phase-phase voltage (typically IT supply networks or Marine vessels) it is essential that the internal EMC filter ground and surge protection varistor ground (where fitted) are disconnected. If in doubt, refer to your Sales Partner for further information.

This manual is intended as a guide for proper installation. Invertek Drives Ltd cannot assume responsibility for the compliance or the non-compliance to any code, national, local or otherwise, for the proper installation of this drive or associated equipment. A hazard of personal injury and/or equipment damage exists if codes are ignored during installation.

This Optidrive contains high voltage capacitors that take time to discharge after removal of the main supply. Before working on the drive, ensure isolation of the main supply from line inputs. Wait ten (10) minutes for the capacitors to discharge to safe voltage levels. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.

Only qualified electrical personnel familiar with the construction and operation of this equipment and the hazards involved should install, adjust, operate, or service this equipment. Read and understand this manual and other applicable manuals in their entirety before proceeding. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.

# 1.1. Important Safety Information

Please read the IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION below, and all Warning and Caution information elsewhere.



#### Danger: Indicates a risk of electric shock, which, if not avoided, could result in damage to the equipment and possible injury or death.

This variable speed drive product (Optidrive) is intended for professional incorporation into complete equipment or systems as part of a fixed installation. If installed incorrectly it may present a safety hazard. The Optidrive uses high voltages and currents, carries a high level of stored electrical energy, and is used to control mechanical plant that may cause injury. Close attention is required to system design and electrical installation to avoid hazards in either normal operation or in the event of equipment malfunction. Only qualified electricians are allowed to install and maintain this product.

System design, installation, commissioning and maintenance must be carried out only by personnel who have the necessary training and experience. They must carefully read this safety information and the instructions in this Guide and follow all information regarding transport, storage, installation and use of the Optidrive, including the specified environmental limitations.

Do not perform any flash test or voltage withstand test on the Optidrive. Any electrical measurements required should be carried out with the Optidrive disconnected.

Electric shock hazard! Disconnect and ISOLATE the Optidrive before attempting any work on it. High voltages are present at the terminals and within the drive for up to 10 minutes after disconnection of the electrical supply. Always ensure by using a suitable multimeter that no voltage is present on any drive power terminals prior to commencing any work.

Where supply to the drive is through a plug and socket connector, do not disconnect until 10 minutes have elapsed after turning off the supply.

Ensure correct earthing connections and cable selection as defined by local legislation or codes. The drive may have a leakage current of greater than 3.5mA; furthermore the earth cable must be sufficient to carry the maximum supply fault current which normally will be limited by the fuses or MCB. Suitably rated fuses or MCB should be fitted in the mains supply to the drive, according to any local legislation or codes.

Do not carry out any work on the drive control cables whilst power is applied to the drive or to the external control circuits.

The "Safe Torque Off" Function does not prevent high voltages from being present at the drives power terminals.



#### Danger: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation other than electrical, which if not avoided, could result in damage to property.

Within the European Union, all machinery in which this product is used must comply with the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC, Safety of Machinery. In particular, the machine manufacturer is responsible for ensuring that the electrical equipment complies with EN60204-1 and providing a disconnecting device which must be one of the following types:

- A switch-disconnector, utilization category AC-23B (EN 60947-3).
- A circuit breaker suitable for isolation in accordance with EN 60947-2.
- A disconnector with an integrated auxiliary contact that ensures under all circumstances the switching devices break the load circuit prior to opening of the main contacts of the disconnector (EN 60947-3).

For installation in other regions, conformance with local electrical regulations and codes of practice must be adhered to.

The level of integrity offered by the Optidrive control input functions – for example stop/start, forward/reverse and maximum speed, is not sufficient for use in safety-critical applications without independent channels of protection. All applications where malfunction could cause injury or loss of life must be subject to a risk assessment and further protection provided where needed.

The driven motor can start at power up if the enable input signal is present.

The STOP function does not remove potentially lethal high voltages. ISOLATE the drive and wait 10 minutes before starting any work on it. Never carry out any work on the Drive, Motor or Motor cable whilst the input power is still applied.

The Optidrive can be programmed to operate the driven motor at speeds above or below the speed achieved when connecting the motor directly to the mains supply. Obtain confirmation from the manufacturers of the motor and the driven machine about suitability for operation over the intended speed range prior to machine start up.

Do not activate the automatic fault reset function on any systems whereby this may cause a potentially dangerous situation.

IP55 and IP66 drives provide their own pollution degree 2 environments. IP20 drives must be installed in a pollution degree 2 environment, mounted in a cabinet with IP54 or better.

Optidrives are intended for indoor use only.

When mounting the drive, ensure that sufficient cooling is provided. Do not carry out drilling operations with the drive in place, dust and swarf from drilling may lead to damage.

The entry of conductive or flammable foreign bodies should be prevented. Flammable material should not be placed close to the drive. Relative humidity must be less than 95% (non-condensing).

Ensure that the supply voltage, frequency and no. of phases (1 or 3 phase) correspond to the rating of the Optidrive as delivered.

Never connect the mains power supply to the Output terminals U, V, W. Do not install any type of automatic switchgear between the drive and the motor.

Wherever control cabling is close to power cabling, maintain a minimum separation of 100 mm and arrange crossings at 90 degrees. Ensure that all terminals are tightened to the appropriate torque setting.

Do not attempt to carry out any repair of the Optidrive. In the case of suspected fault or malfunction, contact your local Invertek Drives Sales Partner for further assistance.

Do not operate the drive with any of the enclosure covers removed.

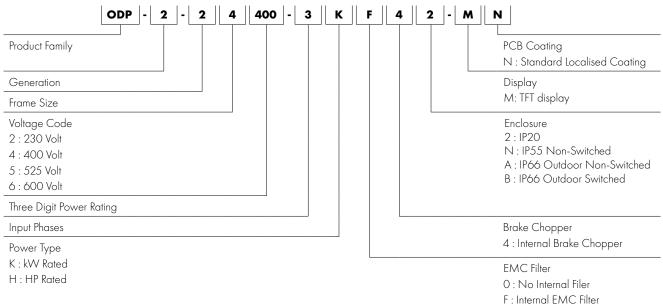
# 1.2. Quick Start Process

Step	Action	See Section	Page
1	<ul> <li>Identify the Model Type and ratings of your drive from the model code on the label. In particular:</li> <li>Check the voltage rating suits the incoming supply</li> <li>Check the output current capacity meets or exceeds the full load current for the intended motor</li> <li>Check the enclosure type is suitable for the intended mounting location.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2.1. Identifying the Drive by Model Number</li> <li>2.3. Understanding the Rating Label</li> <li>2.4. Drive Model Numbers – IP20</li> <li>2.5. Drive Model Numbers – IP55</li> <li>2.6. Drive Model Numbers – IP66 Non-switched</li> <li>3.1. General</li> </ul>	6 7 7 9 10 12
2	Unpack and check the drive. Notify the supplier and shipper immediately of any damage.		
3	Ensure correct ambient and environmental conditions for the drive are met by the proposed mounting location.	10.1. Environmental	78
4	Install the drive in a suitable cabinet (IP20 Units), ensuring suitable cooling air is available. Mount the drive to the wall or machine (IP55 & IP66).	<ul> <li>3.1. General</li> <li>3.2. Before Installation</li> <li>3.5. Mechanical Dimensions and Weight</li> <li>3.6. Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting (IP20 Units)</li> <li>3.7. Mounting the Drive – IP20 Units</li> <li>3.9. Guidelines for Mounting (IP55 Units)</li> <li>3.10. Guidelines for Mounting (IP66 Units)</li> </ul>	12 12 13 16 17 18 19
5	Select the correct power and motor cables according to local wiring regulations or code, noting the maximum permissible sizes.	10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings	78
6	For IT Supply network, or any power supply type where the phase – earth voltage may exceed the phase – phase voltage (such as ungrounded supplies), disconnect the EMC filter before connecting the supply.	10.6. Internal EMC Filter and Varistors – Disconnection Procedure	83
7	Check the supply cable and motor cable for faults or short circuits.		
8	Route the cables		
9	Check that the intended motor is suitable for use, noting any precautions recommended by the supplier or manufacturer.	4.6. Motor Connection 8.3. Parameter Group 4 – High Performance Motor Control	28 59
10	Check the motor terminal box for correct Star or Delta configuration where applicable.	4.7. Motor Terminal Box Connections	28
11	Ensure correct wiring protection is providing, by installing a suitable circuit breaker or fuses in the incoming supply line.	4.3.4. Fuse / Circuit Breaker Selection	27
12	Connect the power cables, especially ensuring the protective earth connection is made.	4.1. Connection Diagram	24
13	Connect the control cables as required for the application.	4.10. Control Terminal Connections	31
14	Thoroughly check the installation and wiring.		
15	Commission the drive parameters.	5.4. Changing Parameters 6. Parameters	41 43

# 2. General Information and Ratings

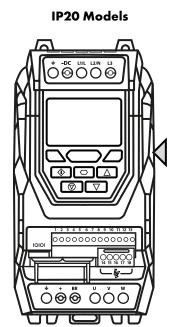
# 2.1. Identifying the Drive by Model Number

The model number of each Optidrive P2 is constructed according to the following system:

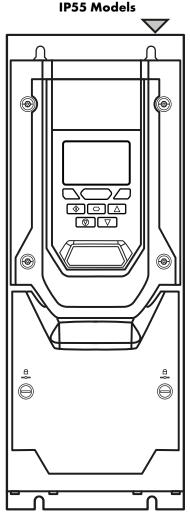


# 2.2. Product Rating Label Location

All Optidrive P2 models carry a rating label, which can be located as follows:

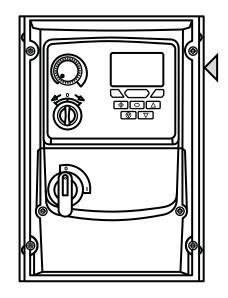


On right hand side when viewed from the front.



On the top surface.

#### **IP66 Models**



On right hand side when viewed from the front.

# 2.3. Understanding the Rating Label

The product rating label provides the following information.

	Кеу
0	Model Code
2	Enclosure Type and IP Rating
3	Firmware Version
4	Serial Number
6	Technical Data – Supply Voltage
6	Technical Data – Maximum continuous output current



# 2.4. Drive Model Numbers - IP20

Mechanical Dimensions and Mounting information are shown in section 3.5.1. IP20 Units on page 13. Electrical Specifications are shown in section 10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings on page 78.

200-240V ± 10% - 1 Phase Input							
kW Model	kW	HP Model	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size		
ODP-2-22075-1KF42-MN	0.75	ODP-2-22010-1HF42-MN	1	4.3	2		
ODP-2-22150-1KF42-MN	1.5	ODP-2-22020-1HF42-MN	2	7	2		
ODP-2-22220-1KF42-MN	2.2	ODP-2-22030-1HF42-MN	3	10.5	2		
		200-240V ±10% - 3 Phase Inp	out				
kW Model	kW	HP Model	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size		
ODP-2-22075-3KF42-MN	0.75	ODP-2-22010-3HF42-MN	1	4.3	2		
ODP-2-22150-3KF42-MN	1.5	ODP-2-22020-3HF42-MN	2	7	2		
ODP-2-22220-3KF42-MN	2.2	ODP-2-22030-3HF42-MN	3	10.5	2		
ODP-2-32040-3KF42-MN	4	ODP-2-32050-3HF42-MN	5	18	3		
ODP-2-32055-3KF42-MN	5.5	ODP-2-32075-3HF42-MN	7.5	24	3		
ODP-2-42075-3KF42-MN	7.5	ODP-2-42100-3HF42-MN	10	30	4		
ODP-2-42110-3KF42-MN	11	ODP-2-42150-3HF42-MN	15	46	4		
ODP-2-52150-3KF42-MN	15	ODP-2-52020-3HF42-MN	20	61	5		
ODP-2-52185-3KF42-MN	18.5	ODP-2-52025-3HF42-MN	25	72	5		
ODP-2-62022-3KF42-MN	22	ODP-2-62030-3HF42-MN	30	90	6A		
ODP-2-62030-3KF42-MN	30	ODP-2-62040-3HF42-MN	40	110	6A		
ODP-2-62037-3KF42-MN	37	ODP-2-62050-3HF42-MN	50	150	6B		
ODP-2-62045-3KF42-MN	45	ODP-2-62060-3HF42-MN	60	180	6B		

380-480V ±10% - 3 Phase Input							
kW Model	kW	HP Model	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size		
ODP-2-24075-3KF42-MN	0.75	ODP-2-24010-3HF42-MN	1	2.2	2		
ODP-2-24150-3KF42-MN	1.5	ODP-2-24020-3HF42-MN	2	4.1	2		
odp-2-24220-3kf42-MN	2.2	odp-2-24030-3HF42-MN	3	5.8	2		
ODP-2-24400-3KF42-MN	4	ODP-2-24050-3HF42-MN	5	9.5	2		
ODP-2-34055-3KF42-MN	5.5	ODP-2-34075-3HF42-MN	7.5	14	3		
ODP-2-34075-3KF42-MN	7.5	ODP-2-34100-3HF42-MN	10	18	3		
odp-2-34110-3kf42-mn	11	ODP-2-34150-3HF42-MN	15	24	3		
ODP-2-44150-3KF42-MN	15	ODP-2-44200-3HF42-MN	20	30	4		
ODP-2-44185-3KF42-MN	18.5	ODP-2-44250-3HF42-MN	25	39	4		
ODP-2-44220-3KF42-MN	22	ODP-2-44300-3HF42-MN	30	46	4		
ODP-2-54300-3KF42-MN	30	ODP-2-54040-3HF42-MN	40	61	5		
ODP-2-54370-3KF42-MN	37	ODP-2-54050-3HF42-MN	50	72	5		
ODP-2-64045-3KF42-MN	45	ODP-2-64060-3HF42-MN	60	90	6A		
ODP-2-64055-3KF42-MN	55	ODP-2-64075-3HF42-MN	75	110	6A		
ODP-2-64075-3KF42-MN	75	ODP-2-64120-3HF42-MN	120	150	6B		
ODP-2-64090-3KF42-MN	90	ODP-2-64150-3HF42-MN	150	180	6B		
ODP-2-64110-3KF42-MN	110	ODP-2-64175-3HF42-MN	175	202	6B		
ODP-2-84200-3K#42-MN	200	ODP-2-84300-3H#42-MN 300 370			8		
odp-2-84250-3K#42-MN	250	ODP-2-84400-3H#42-MN	400	480	8		
		500-600V ±10% - 3 Phase Ing	out				
kW Model	kW	HP Model	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size		
ODP-2-26075-3K042-MN	0.75	ODP-2-26010-3H042-MN	1	2.1	2		
ODP-2-26150-3K042-MN	1.5	ODP-2-26020-3H042-MN	2	3.1	2		
ODP-2-26220-3K042-MN	2.2	ODP-2-26030-3H042-MN	3	4.1	2		
ODP-2-26400-3K042-MN	4	ODP-2-26050-3H042-MN	5	6.5	2		
ODP-2-26550-3K042-MN	5.5	ODP-2-26075-3H042-MN	7.5	9	2		
ODP-2-36075-3K042-MN	7.5	ODP-2-36100-3H042-MN	10	12	3		
ODP-2-36110-3K042-MN	11	ODP-2-36150-3H042-MN	15	17	3		
ODP-2-36150-3K042-MN	15	ODP-2-36200-3H042-MN	20	22	3		
	-						
ODP-2-46185-3K042-MN	18.5	ODP-2-46250-3H042-MN	25	28	4		
ODP-2-46185-3K042-MN ODP-2-46220-3K042-MN	18.5 22	ODP-2-46250-3H042-MN ODP-2-46300-3H042-MN	25 30	28 34	4		
ODP-2-46220-3K042-MN	22	ODP-2-46300-3H042-MN	30	34	4		
ODP-2-46220-3K042-MN ODP-2-46300-3K042-MN	22 30	ODP-2-46300-3H042-MN ODP-2-46400-3H042-MN	30 40	34 43	4		
ODP-2-46220-3K042-MN ODP-2-46300-3K042-MN ODP-2-56370-3K042-MN	22 30 37	ODP-2-46300-3H042-MN ODP-2-46400-3H042-MN ODP-2-56050-3H042-MN	30 40 50	34 43 54	4 4 5		
ODP-2-46220-3K042-MN ODP-2-46300-3K042-MN ODP-2-56370-3K042-MN ODP-2-56045-3K042-MN	22 30 37 45	ODP-2-46300-3H042-MN ODP-2-46400-3H042-MN ODP-2-56050-3H042-MN ODP-2-56060-3H042-MN	30 40 50 60	34 43 54 65	4 4 5 5		
ODP-2-46220-3K042-MN ODP-2-46300-3K042-MN ODP-2-56370-3K042-MN ODP-2-56045-3K042-MN ODP-2-66055-3K042-MN	22 30 37 45 55	ODP-2-46300-3H042-MN ODP-2-46400-3H042-MN ODP-2-56050-3H042-MN ODP-2-56060-3H042-MN ODP-2-66075-3H042-MN	30 40 50 60 75	34 43 54 65 78	4 4 5 5 6A		

# NOTE

 $\ensuremath{\texttt{\#}}$  can be replaced with one of the following :

F: Standard EMC filter

R: High performance EMC filter

# 2.5. Drive Model Numbers - IP55

Mechanical dimensions and mounting information are shown from section 3.5.2. IP55 Units on page 14. Electrical specifications are shown in section 10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings on page 78.

	200-240V ±10% - 3 Phase Input							
kW Model Number	kW	HP Model Number	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size			
ODP-2-42055-3KF4N-MN	5.5	ODP-2-42075-3HF4N-MN	7.5	24	4			
odp-2-42075-3kf4n-Mn	7.5	ODP-2-42100-3HF4N-MN	10	30	4			
ODP-2-42110-3KF4N-MN	11	ODP-2-42150-3HF4N-MN	15	46	4			
ODP-2-52150-3KF4N-MN	15	ODP-2-52020-3HF4N-MN	20	61	5			
odp-2-52185-3kf4n-mn	18.5	ODP-2-52025-3HF4N-MN	25	72	5			
ODP-2-62022-3KF4N-MN	22	ODP-2-62030-3HF4N-MN	30	90	6			
ODP-2-62030-3KF4N-MN	30	ODP-2-62040-3HF4N-MN	40	110	6			
ODP-2-62037-3KF4N-MN	37	ODP-2-62050-3HF4N-MN	50	150	6			
ODP-2-62045-3KF4N-MN	45	ODP-2-62060-3HF4N-MN	60	180	6			
odp-2-72055-3KF4N-MN	55	odp-2-72075-3hf4n-mn	75	202	7			
ODP-2-72075-3KF4N-MN	75	ODP-2-72100-3HF4N-MN	100	248	7			
		380-480V ±10% - 3 Phase Ing	out					
kW Model Number	kW	HP Model Number	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size			
ODP-2-44110-3KF4N-MN	11	ODP-2-44150-3HF4N-MN	15	24	4			
ODP-2-44150-3KF4N-MN	15	ODP-2-44200-3HF4N-MN	20	30	4			
ODP-2-44185-3KF4N-MN	18.5	ODP-2-44250-3HF4N-MN	25	39	4			
ODP-2-44220-3KF4N-MN	22	ODP-2-44300-3HF4N-MN	30	46	4			
ODP-2-54300-3KF4N-MN	30	ODP-2-54040-3HF4N-MN	40	61	5			
ODP-2-54370-3KF4N-MN	37	ODP-2-54050-3HF4N-MN	50	72	5			
ODP-2-64045-3KF4N-MN	45	ODP-2-64060-3HF4N-MN	60	90	6			
ODP-2-64055-3KF4N-MN	55	ODP-2-64075-3HF4N-MN	75	110	6			
ODP-2-64075-3KF4N-MN	75	ODP-2-64120-3HF4N-MN	120	150	6			
ODP-2-64090-3KF4N-MN	90	ODP-2-64150-3HF4N-MN	150	180	6			
ODP-2-74110-3KF4N-MN	110	ODP-2-74175-3HF4N-MN	175	202	7			
odp-2-74132-3kf4n-mn	132	ODP-2-74200-3HF4N-MN	200	240	7			
ODP-2-74160-3KF4N-MN	160	ODP-2-74250-3HF4N-MN	250	302	7			
ODP-2-84200-3K#4N-MN	200	ODP-2-84300-3H#4N-MN	300	370	8			
ODP-2-84250-3K#4N-MN	250	ODP-2-84400-3H#4N-MN	400	480	8			
	1	480-525V ±10% - 3 Phase Inp	<u></u>					
kW Model Number	kW	HP Model Number	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size			
ODP-2-75132-3K04N-MN	132		175	185	7			
ODP-2-75150-3K04N-MN	150		200	205	7			
ODP-2-75185-3K04N-MN	185		250	255	7			
ODP-2-75200-3K04N-MN	200		270	275	7			
		500-600V ±10% - 3 Phase Ing						
kW Model Number	kW	HP Model Number	HP	Output Current (A)				
ODP-2-46150-3K04N-MN	15	ODP-2-46200-3H04N-MN	20	22	4			
ODP-2-46185-3K04N-MN	18.5	ODP-2-46250-3H04N-MN	25	28	4			
ODP-2-46220-3K04N-MN	22	ODP-2-46300-3H04N-MN	30	34	4			
ODP-2-46300-3K04N-MN	30	ODP-2-46400-3H04N-MN	40	43	4			
ODP-2-56370-3K04N-MN	37	ODP-2-56050-3H04N-MN	50	54	5			
ODP-2-56450-3K04N-MN	45	ODP-2-56060-3H04N-MN	60	65	5			
ODP-2-66055-3K04N-MN	55	ODP-2-66075-3H04N-MN	75	78	6			
ODP-2-66075-3K04N-MN	75	ODP-2-66100-3H04N-MN	100	105	6			
ODP-2-66090-3K04N-MN	90	ODP-2-66125-3H04N-MN	125	130	6			
ODP-2-66110-3K04N-MN	110	ODP-2-66150-3H04N-MN	150	150	6			

#### NOTE

\* can be replaced with one of the following:

F: Standard EMC filter R: High performance EMC filter

# 2.6. Drive Model Numbers - IP66 Non-switched

Mechanical dimensions and mounting information are shown from section 3.5.3. IP66 Units on page 15. Electrical specifications are shown in section 10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings on page 78.

		200-240V ±10% - 1 Phase Inj	but		
kW Model Number	kW	HP Model Number	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Siz
ODP-2-22075-1KF4A-MN	1	ODP-2-22010-1HF4A-MN	1	4.3	2
ODP-2-22150-1KF4A-MN	2	ODP-2-22020-1HF4A-MN	2	7	2
ODP-2-22220-1KF4A-MN	3	odp-2-22030-1HF4A-MN	3	10.5	2
ODP-2-32040-1KF4A-MN	4	ODP-2-32050-1HF4A-MN	5	15.3	3
ODP-2-42055-1K04A-MN	5.5	ODP-2-42075-1H04A-MN	7.5	24	4
ODP-2-42075-1K04A-MN	7.5	ODP-2-42100-1H04A-MN	10	30	4
		200-240V ±10% - 3 Phase Inj	out		
kW Model Number	kW	HP Model Number	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Siz
ODP-2-22075-3KF4A-MN	0.75	ODP-2-22010-3HF4A-MN	1	4.3	2
ODP-2-22150-3KF4A-MN	1.5	ODP-2-22020-3HF4A-MN	2	7	2
odp-2-22220-3kf4A-MN	2.2	odp-2-22030-3hf4A-MN	3	10.5	2
ODP-2-32040-3KF4A-MN	4	ODP-2-32050-3HF4A-MN	5	18	3
ODP-2-32055-3KF4A-MN	5.5	odp-2-32075-3hf4A-mn	7.5	24	3
ODP-2-42075-3KF4A-MN	7.5	ODP-2-42100-3HF4A-MN	10	30	4
ODP-2-42110-3KF4A-MN	11	ODP-2-42150-3HF4A-MN	15	46	4
		380-480V ±10% - 3 Phase Inj	out		
kW Model Number	kW	HP Model Number	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Si
ODP-2-24075-3KF4A-MN	0.75	ODP-2-24010-3HF4A-MN	1	2.2	2
ODP-2-24150-3KF4A-MN	1.5	ODP-2-24020-3HF4A-MN	2	4.1	2
ODP-2-24220-3KF4A-MN	2.2	ODP-2-24030-3HF4A-MN	3	5.8	2
ODP-2-24400-3KF4A-MN	4	ODP-2-24050-3HF4A-MN	5	9.5	2
ODP-2-34055-3KF4A-MN	5.5	ODP-2-34075-3HF4A-MN	7.5	14	3
ODP-2-34075-3KF4A-MN	7.5	ODP-2-34100-3HF4A-MN	10	18	3
ODP-2-34110-3KF4A-MN	11	ODP-2-34150-3HF4A-MN	15	24	3
ODP-2-44150-3KF4A-MN	15	ODP-2-44200-3HF4A-MN	20	30	4
ODP-2-44185-3KF4A-MN	18.5	ODP-2-44250-3HF4A-MN	25	39	4
ODP-2-44220-3KF4A-MN	22	ODP-2-44300-3HF4A-MN	30	46	4
		500-600V ±10% - 3 Phase In	out		
kW Model Number	kW	HP Model Number	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Si
ODP-2-26075-3K04A-MN	0.75	ODP-2-26010-3H04A-MN	1	2.1	2
ODP-2-26150-3K04A-MN	1.5	ODP-2-26020-3H04A-MN	2	3.1	2
ODP-2-26220-3K04A-MN	2.2	ODP-2-26030-3H04A-MN	3	4.1	2
ODP-2-26400-3K04A-MN	4	ODP-2-26050-3H04A-MN	5	6.5	2
ODP-2-26550-3K04A-MN	5.5	ODP-2-26075-3H04A-MN	7.5	9	2
ODP-2-36075-3K04A-MN	7.5	ODP-2-36100-3H04A-MN	10	12	3
ODP-2-36110-3K04A-MN	11	ODP-2-36150-3H04A-MN	15	17	3
ODP-2-36150-3K04A-MN	15	ODP-2-36200-3H04A-MN	20	22	3
ODP-2-46185-3KF4A-MN	18.5	ODP-2-46250-3HF4A-MN	25	28	4
ODP-2-46220-3KF4A-MN	22	ODP-2-46300-3HF4A-MN	30	34	4
ODP-2-46300-3KF4A-MN	30	ODP-2-46400-3HF4A-MN	40	43	4

# 2.7. Drive Model Numbers - IP66 Switched

Mechanical dimensions and mounting information are shown from section 3.5.3. IP66 Units on page 15. Electrical specifications are shown in section 10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings on page 78.

200-240V ±10% - 1 Phase Input							
kW Model Number	kW	HP Model Number	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size		
ODP-2-22075-1KF4B-MN	1	ODP-2-22010-1HF4B-MN	1	4.3	2		
ODP-2-22150-1KF4B-MN	2	ODP-2-22020-1HF4B-MN	2	7	2		
ODP-2-22220-1KF4B-MN	3	ODP-2-22030-1HF4B-MN	3	10.5	2		
ODP-2-32040-1KF4B-MN	4	ODP-2-32050-1HF4B-MN	5	15.3	3		
ODP-2-42055-1K04B-MN	5.5	ODP-2-42075-1H04B-MN	7.5	24	4		
ODP-2-42075-1K04B-MN	7.5	ODP-2-42100-1H04B-MN	10	30	4		
		200-240V ±10% - 3 Phase Inp	out				
kW Model Number	kW	HP Model Number	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size		
ODP-2-22075-3KF4B-MN	0.75	ODP-2-22010-3HF4B-MN	1	4.3	2		
ODP-2-22150-3KF4B-MN	1.5	ODP-2-22020-3HF4B-MN	2	7	2		
ODP-2-22220-3KF4B-MN	2.2	ODP-2-22030-3HF4B-MN	3	10.5	2		
ODP-2-32040-3KF4B-MN	4	ODP-2-32050-3HF4B-MN	5	18	3		
ODP-2-32055-3KF4B-MN	5.5	ODP-2-32075-3HF4B-MN	7.5	24	3		
ODP-2-42075-3KF4B-MN	7.5	ODP-2-42100-3HF4B-MN	10	30	4		
ODP-2-42110-3KF4B-MN	11	ODP-2-42150-3HF4B-MN	15	46	4		
		380-480V ±10% - 3 Phase Inp	out				
kW Model Number	kW	HP Model Number	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size		
ODP-2-24075-3KF4B-MN	0.75	ODP-2-24010-3HF4B-MN	1	2.2	2		
ODP-2-24150-3KF4B-MN	1.5	ODP-2-24020-3HF4B-MN	2	4.1	2		
ODP-2-24220-3KF4B-MN	2.2	ODP-2-24030-3HF4B-MN	3	5.8	2		
ODP-2-24400-3KF4B-MN	4	ODP-2-24050-3HF4B-MN	5	9.5	2		
ODP-2-34055-3KF4B-MN	5.5	ODP-2-34075-3HF4B-MN	7.5	14	3		
ODP-2-34075-3KF4B-MN	7.5	ODP-2-34100-3HF4B-MN	10	18	3		
ODP-2-34110-3KF4B-MN	11	ODP-2-34150-3HF4B-MN	15	24	3		
ODP-2-44150-3KF4B-MN	15	ODP-2-44200-3HF4B-MN	20	30	4		
ODP-2-44185-3KF4B-MN	18.5	ODP-2-44250-3HF4B-MN	25	39	4		
ODP-2-44220-3KF4B-MN	22	ODP-2-44300-3HF4B-MN	30	46	4		
		500-600V ±10% - 3 Phase Inp	out				
kW Model Number	kW	HP Model Number	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size		
ODP-2-26075-3K04B-MN	0.75	ODP-2-26010-3H04B-MN	1	2.1	2		
ODP-2-26150-3K04B-MN	1.5	ODP-2-26020-3H04B-MN	2	3.1	2		
ODP-2-26220-3K04B-MN	2.2	ODP-2-26030-3H04B-MN	3	4.1	2		
ODP-2-26400-3K04B-MN	4	ODP-2-26050-3H04B-MN	5	6.5	2		
ODP-2-26550-3K04B-MN	5.5	ODP-2-26075-3H04B-MN	7.5	9	2		
ODP-2-36075-3K04B-MN	7.5	odp-2-36100-3H04B-MN	10	12	3		
ODP-2-36110-3K04B-MN	11	ODP-2-36150-3H04B-MN	15	17	3		
ODP-2-36150-3K04B-MN	15	ODP-2-36200-3H04B-MN	20	22	3		
ODP-2-46185-3KF4B-MN	18.5	ODP-2-46250-3HF4B-MN	25	28	4		
ODF-2-4010J-3NI 4D-1VIIN	10.0						
ODP-2-46220-3KF4B-MN	22	ODP-2-46300-3HF4B-MN	30	34	4		

# **3. Mechanical Installation**

# 3.1. General

- The Optidrive should be mounted in a vertical position only, on a flat, flame resistant, vibration free mounting using the integral mounting holes or DIN Rail clip (Frame Size 2 only).
- Do not mount flammable material close to the Optidrive.
- Ensure that the minimum cooling air gaps, as detailed in sections 3.6. Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting (IP20 Units) on page 16, 3.9. Guidelines for Mounting (IP55 Units) on page 18 and 3.10. Guidelines for Mounting (IP66 Units) on page 19 are left clear.
- Ensure that the ambient temperature range does not exceed the permissible limits for the Optidrive given in section 10.1. Environmental on page 78.
- Provide suitable clean, moisture and contaminant free cooling air sufficient to fulfil the cooling requirements of the Optidrive.

# 3.2. Before Installation

- Carefully Unpack the Optidrive and check for any signs of damage. Notify the shipper immediately if any exist.
- Check the drive rating label to ensure it is of the correct type and power requirements for the application.
- To prevent accidental damage always store the Optidrive in its original box until required. Storage should be clean and dry and within the temperature range -40°C to +60°C.

# 3.3. UL Compliant Installation

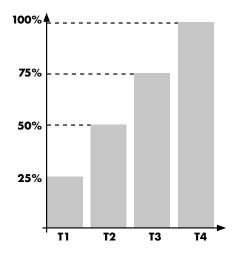
Note the following for UL-compliant installation:

- For an up to date list of UL compliant products, please refer to UL listing NMMS.E226333.
- The drive can be operated within an ambient temperature range as stated in section 10.1. Environmental on page 78.
- For IP20 units, installation is required in a pollution degree 1 environment.
- For IP55 units, installation in a pollution degree 2 environment is permissible.
- For IP66 units, installation in a pollution degree 4 environment is permissible.
- UL Listed ring terminals / lugs must be used for all bus bar and grounding connections.

Refer to section 10.4. Additional Information for UL Approved Installations on page 81.

# 3.4. Installation Following a Period of Storage

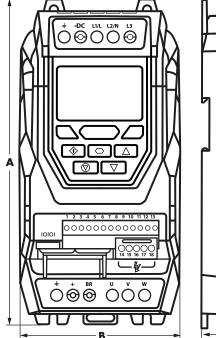
Where the drive has been stored for some time prior to installation, or has remained without the main power supply present for an extended period of time, it is necessary to reform the DC capacitors within the drive according to the following table before operation. For drives which have not been connected to the main power supply for a period of more than 2 years, this requires a reduced mains voltage mains voltage to be applied for a time period, and gradually increased prior to operating the drive. The voltage levels relative to the drive rated voltage, and the time periods for which they must be applied are shown in the following table. Following completion of the procedure, the drive may be operated as normal.

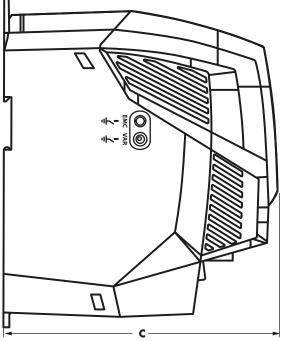


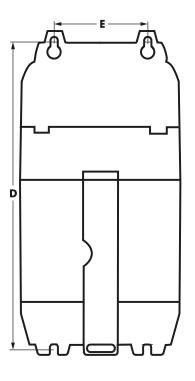
Storage Period /Power-OFF Period	Initial Input Voltage Level	Time Period T1	Secondary Input Voltage Level	Time Period T2	Third Input Voltage Level	Time Period T3	Final Input Voltage Level	Time Period T4
Up to 1 Year	100%				N/A			
1 – 2 Years	100%	1 Hour	Hour N/A					
2 – 3 Years	25%	30 Minutes	50%	30 Minutes	75%	30 Minutes	100%	30 Minutes
More than 3 Years	25%	2 Hours	50%	2 Hours	75%	2 Hours	100%	2 Hours

# 3.5. Mechanical Dimensions and Weight

#### 3.5.1. IP20 Units





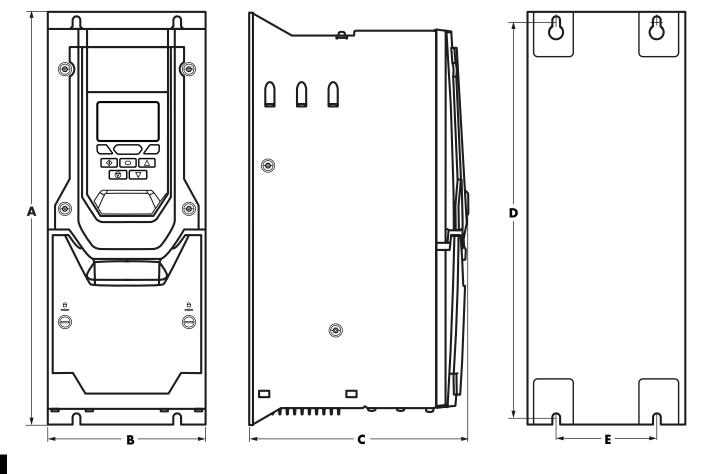


	Α		В		C		D		E		Weight	
Drive Size	mm	in	Kg	lb								
2	221	8.70	110	4.33	185	7.28	209	8.23	63	2.48	1.8	4.0
3	261	10.28	131	5.16	205	8.07	247	9.72	80	3.15	3.5	7.7
4	418	16.46	172	6.77	240	9.45	400	15.75	125	4.92	9.2	20.3
5	486	19.13	233	9.17	260	10.24	460	18.11	175	6.89	18.1	39.9
6A	614	24.17	286	11.25	320	12.59	588	23.14	200	7.87	32	70.5
6B	726	28.58	330	13	320	12.59	692	27.24	225	8.85	43	94.8
8	974	38.34	444	17.48	423	16.65	924	36.37	320	12.59	124.5	274.4

N	Nounting Bolt	S	Tightening Torques								
Frame Size	Metric	UNF		Frame Size	Require	d Torque	Terminal Type				
2	M4	#8	Control Terminals	All	0.5 Nm	4.5 lb-in	Rising Clamp				
3	M4	#8		2&3	1 Nm	9 lb-in	Screw Clamp				
4	M8	5/16		4	2 Nm	18 lb-in	Rising Clamp				
5	M8	5/16	Power Terminals	5	4 Nm	35.5 lb-in	Rising Clamp				
6A	M8	5/16	rower terminals	6A	12 Nm	9 lb-ft	M 10 Stud				
6B	M 10	3/8		6B	15 Nm	11 lb-ft	M 10 Stud				
8	M 12	7/16		8	60 Nm	42 lb-ft	M 12 Stud				

#### NOTE

\*The IP20 Frame Size 4 Chassis can obstruct the rotation (tightening) of a bolt or screw with a hex head, a fixing with a round head will be most suitable for the mounting of this unit. Terminals should be fastened and removed using hand tools only. Using powered tools may cause damage.



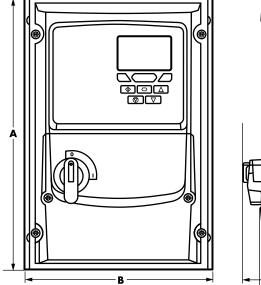
	A		В		C		D		E		Weight	
Drive Size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	kg	Ib
4	450	17.72	171	6.73	252	9.92	428	16.85	110	4.33	11.5	25.4
5	540	21.26	235	9.25	270	10.63	520	20.47	175	6.89	23	50.7
6	865	34.06	330	12.99	332	13.07	840	33.07	200	7.87	55	121.2
7	1280	50.39	330	12.99	358	14.09	1255	49.40	200	7.87	89	196.2
8	1334	52.51	444	17.48	423	16.65	924	36.37	320	12.59	TBC	TBC

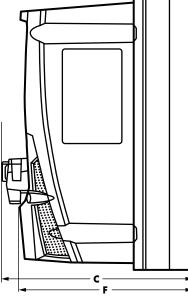
N	Aounting Bolt	5	Tightening Torques								
Frame Size	Metric	UNF		Frame Size	Require	d Torque	Terminal Type				
4	M8	5/16	Control Terminals	All	0.5 Nm	4.5 lb-in	Rising Clamp				
5	M8	5/16		4	2 Nm	18 lb-in	Rising Clamp				
6	M10	3/8		5	4 Nm	35.5 lb-in	Rising Clamp				
7	M10	3/8	Power Terminals	6	15 Nm	11 lb-ft	M 10 Stud				
8	M 12	7/16		7	15 Nm	11 lb-ft	M 10 Stud				
				8	60 Nm	42 lb-ft	M 12 Stud				

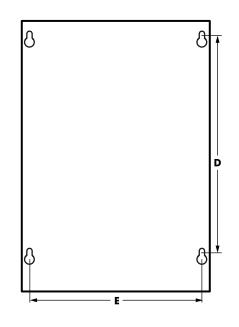
#### NOTE

Terminals should be fastened and removed using hand tools only. Using powered tools may cause damage.

#### 3.5.3. IP66 Units







Drive Size	Α		В		С		D		E			F	Weight	
Drive Size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	kg	Ib
2	257	10.12	188	7.40	182	7.16	200	7.87	176	6.93	172	6.77	3.5	7.7
3	310	12.20	211	8.31	235	9.25	252	9.92	197	7.75	225	8.86	6.6	14.5
4	360	14.17	240	9.45	271	10.67	300	11.81	227	8.94	260	10.24	9.5	20.9

#### NOTE

Measurement C is only valid for the version with the disconnect.

N	lounting Bolt	S		Tightening To	rques		
Frame Size	Metric	UNF		Frame Size	Require	d Torque	Terminal Type
All Sizes	M4	#8	Control Terminals	All	0.5 Nm	4.5lb-in	Rising Clamp
			D. T. I	2&3	0.8 Nm	7 lb-in	Rising Clamp
			Power Terminals	4	2 Nm	18 lb-in	Rising Clamp

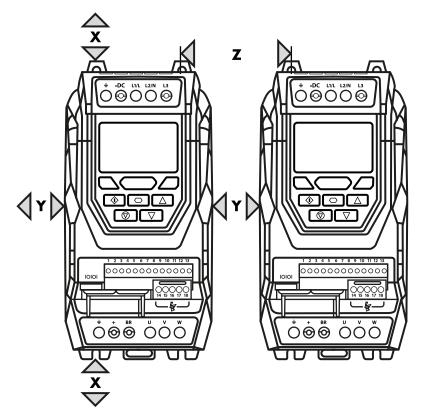
#### NOTE

Terminals should be fastened and removed using hand tools only. Using powered tools may cause damage.

# 3.6. Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting (IP20 Units)

- IP20 drives are suitable for use in pollution degree 1 environments, according to IEC-664-1. For pollution degree 2 or higher environments, drives should be mounted in a suitable control cabinet with sufficient ingress protection to maintain a pollution degree 1 environment around the drive.
- Enclosures should be made from a thermally conductive material.
- Ensure the minimum air gap clearances around the drive as shown below are observed when mounting the drive.
- Where ventilated enclosures are used, there should be venting above the drive and below the drive to ensure good air circulation. Air should be drawn in below the drive and expelled above the drive.
- In any environments where the conditions require it, the enclosure must be designed to protect the Optidrive against ingress of airborne dust, corrosive gases or liquids, conductive contaminants (such as condensation, carbon dust, and metallic particles) and sprays or splashing water from all directions.
- High moisture, salt or chemical content environments should use a suitably sealed (non-vented) enclosure.

The enclosure design and layout should ensure that the adequate ventilation paths and clearances are left to allow air to circulate through the drive heatsink. Invertek Drives recommend the following minimum sizes for drives mounted in non-ventilated metallic enclosures:



Drive Size		X & Below		r Side	Z Between		
	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	
2	75	2.95	10	0.39	46	1.81	
3	100	3.94	10	0.39	52	2.05	
4	200	7.87	25	0.98	70	2.76	
5	200	7.87	25	0.98	70	2.76	
6A	200	7.87	25	0.98	70	2.76	
6B	200	7.87	25	0.98	70	2.76	
8	350	11.81	50	3.94	412	16.22	

#### NOTE

Dimension Z assumes that the drives are mounted side-by-side with no clearance.

Typical drive heat losses are <3% of operating load conditions.

Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times.

3

# 3.7. Mounting the Drive - IP20 Units

- IP20 Units are intended for installation within a control cabinet.
- When mounting with screws:
  - o Using the drive as a template, or the dimensions shown above, mark the locations for drilling.
  - o Ensure that when mounting locations are drilled, the dust from drilling does not enter the drive.
  - o Mount the drive to the cabinet backplate using suitable mounting screws.
  - o Position the drive, and tighten the mounting screws securely.
- When Din Rail Mounting (Frame Size 2 Only):
  - o Locate the DIN rail mounting slot on the rear of the drive onto the top of the DIN rail first.
  - o Press the bottom of the drive onto the DIN rail until the lower clip attaches to the DIN rail.
  - o If necessary, use a suitable flat blade screw driver to pull the DIN rail clip down to allow the drive to mount securely on the rail.
  - o To remove the drive from the DIN rail, use a suitable flat blade screwdriver to pull the release tab downwards, and lift the bottom of the drive away from the rail first.

# 3.8. Drive Enclosure Dimensioning

The IP20 drives are intended to be mounted in suitable enclosures. It is very important to ensure that the enclosure is designed appropriately to keep the drive ambient temperature within acceptable levels.

Calculating the panel size for a completely sealed panel without any ventilation:

The external surface area which is free to radiate heat to the environment must be great enough to dissipate the heat generated inside the panel – If any surface is against a wall or the floor then the corresponding surface area should be excluded from this calculation. The required panel surface area can be calculated according to the following:

• 
$$A = P / K \times (T_{MAX} - T_{AMB})$$

Where

- A = Control Panel Surface Area in square metres which is free to radiate heat to the air (areas mounted against the wall or floor are excluded)
- P = Total power dissipated in panel (include all losses from all power devices)
- K = Thermal constant, typically 5.5 for painted mild steel
- T<sub>MAX</sub> = Maximum temperature allowed in the panel (ambient temperature for the drive)
- T<sub>AMB</sub> = Maximum ambient temperature around the panel

If the panel is to be ventilated using cooling fans and filters, the required airflow can be determined as follows:

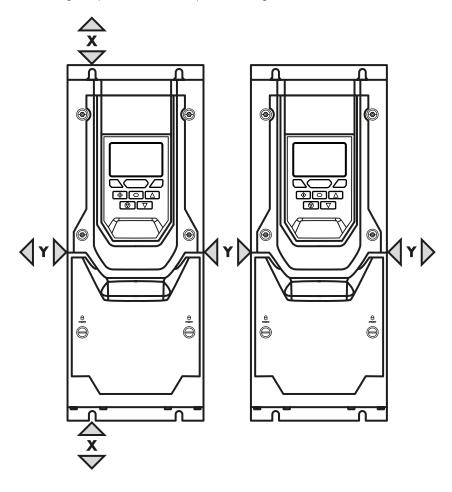
• 
$$F = 0.053 \times P / (T_{MAX} - T_{AMB})$$

Where

- F = Airflow in Cubic metres per minute
- P = Total power dissipated in panel (include all losses from all power devices)
- T<sub>MAX</sub> = Maximum temperature allowed in the panel (ambient temperature for the drive)
- T<sub>AMB</sub> = Maximum ambient temperature around the panel

# 3.9. Guidelines for Mounting (IP55 Units)

- Before mounting the drive, ensure that the chosen location meets the environmental condition requirements for the drive shown in section 10.1. Environmental on page 78.
- The drive must be mounted vertically, on a suitable flat surface.
- The minimum mounting clearances as shown in the table below must be observed.
- The mounting site and chosen mountings should be sufficient to support the weight of the drives.
- IP55 units do not require mounting inside an electrical control cabinet; however they may be if desired.
- Using the drive as a template, or the dimensions shown above, mark the locations required for drilling.
- Suitable cable glands to maintain the IP protection of the drive are required. Gland sizes should be selected based on the number and size of the required connection cables. Drives are supplied with a plain, undrilled gland plate to allow the correct hole sizes to be cut as required. Remove the gland plate from the drive prior to drilling.



Drive Size	X – Above	e & Below	Y –Either Side				
Drive Size	mm	in	mm	in			
4	200	7.87	10	0.39			
5	200	7.87	10	0.39			
6	200	7.87	10	0.39			
7	200	7.87	10	0.39			
8	350	13.78	50	1.97			

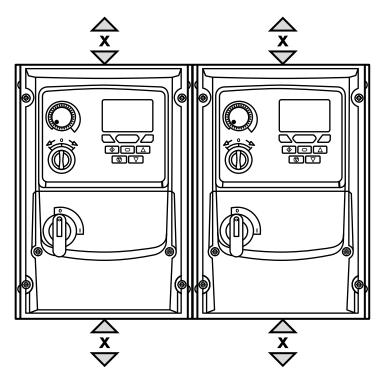
#### NOTE

Typical drive heat losses are approximately 3% of operating load conditions.

Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times.

# 3.10. Guidelines for Mounting (IP66 Units)

- Before mounting the drive, ensure that the chosen location meets the environmental condition requirements for the drive shown in section 10.1. Environmental on page 78.
- The drive must be mounted vertically, on a suitable flat surface.
- The minimum mounting clearances as shown in the table below must be observed.
- The mounting site and chosen mountings should be sufficient to support the weight of the drives.
- Using the drive as a template, or the dimensions shown below, mark the locations required for drilling.
- Suitable cable glands to maintain the ingress protection of the drive are required. Gland holes for power and motor cables are pre-moulded into the drive enclosure, recommended gland sizes are shown below. Gland holes for control cables may be cut as required.



3.10.1. Gland Plate Hole Sizes and Recommended Glands

	X –Above & Below		Power	& Motor Cab	les	Control Cables				
Frame Size		e & Below	Hole Size	Recommended Glan		Hole Size	<b>Recommended Gland</b>			
	mm	in	Hole Size	PG	Metric	Hole Size	PG	Metric		
1	200	7.87	20.4mm / 0.8 inch	PG 13.5	M20		PG 13.5	M20		
2&3	200	7.87	27mm / 1.06 inch	PG21	M25	20.4mm / 0.8 inch	PG 13.5	M20		
4	200	7.87	37mm / 1.46 inch	PG29	-		PG 13.5	M20		

#### NOTE

Typical drive heat losses are approximately 3% of operating load conditions.

Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times.

# 3.11. Installing the IP66 Sun Shade

Frame Size	Part Number
2	OPT-3-HAT02
3 & 4	OPT-3-HATO3

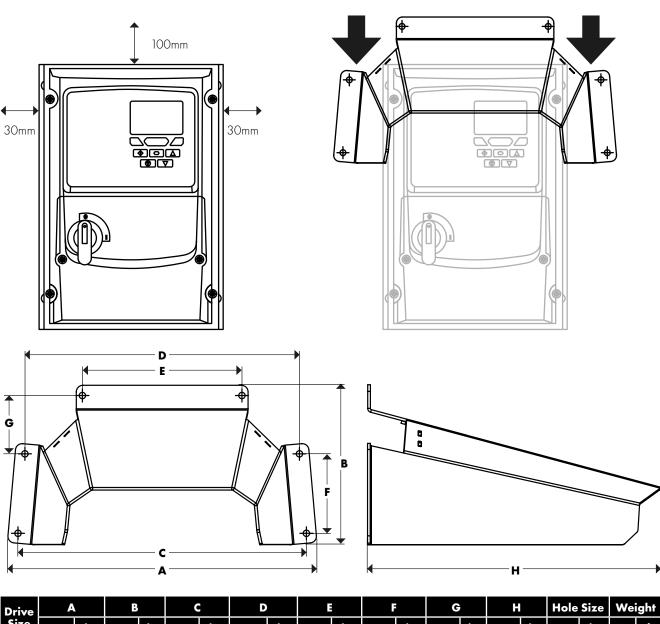
An IP66 Sun Shade should always be fitted (in accordance with these instructions) where the product is installed outdoors, and there is a possibility for the display of the drive to come into the path of direct sunlight or where there is possibility of snow, ice, or other particles accumulating on the top of the drive.

#### **Recommended clearance before installation**

Ensure you have at least 30mm either side and 100mm above the drive to allow sufficient space for installation of the IP66 Sun Shade.

#### Installing the IP66 Sun Shade

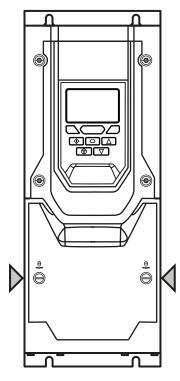
Install the Optidrive following the instructions in the User Guide. Place the IP66 Sun Shade over the Optidrive and slide down until it slots on top of the heat sink, then fix in place using the mounting holes.



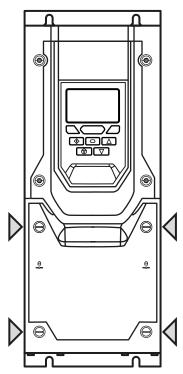
															н					
Size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	Kg	Ib
2	275.5	10.85	139.7	5.5	259.6	10.22	247.4	9.74	140.0	5.51	69.7	2.74	48.9	1.93	285.0	11.2	4.8	0.19	1.5	3.3
3 & 4	340.7	13.41	169.7	6.68	324.7	12.78	307.3	12.1	180.0	7.09	99.6	3.92	48.9	1.93	355.0	14.0	4.8	0.19	2.5	5.5

# **3.12.** Removing the Terminal Cover

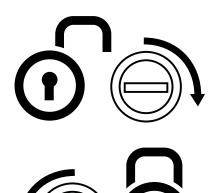
#### 3.12.1. IP55 Frame Size 4



3.12.2. IP55 Frame Size 5



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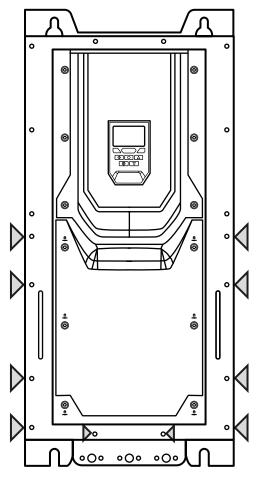


#### Terminal Cover Release Screws

Using a suitable screwdriver, unscrew the securing screws and remove the cover.



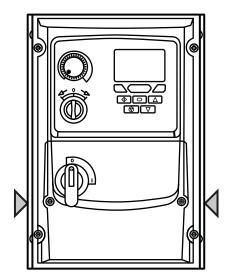
#### 3.12.4. IP20 & IP55 Frame Size 8



#### Terminal Cover Release Screws

Using a suitable screwdriver, unscrew the ten securing screws indicated and remove the cover.

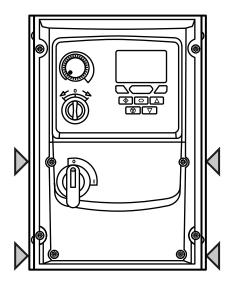
#### 3.12.5. IP66 Frame Sizes 2 & 3



#### Terminal Cover Release Screws

Remove the front cover by rotating the screws in an anti-clockwise direction.

#### 3.12.6. IP66 Frame Size 4



# **Mechanical Installation**

3

# 3.13. Routine Maintenance

The drive should be included within the scheduled maintenance program so that the installation maintains a suitable operating environment, this should include:

- Ambient temperature is at or below that set out in section 10.1. Environmental on page 78.
- Heat sink fans freely rotating and dust free.
- The Enclosure in which the drive is installed should be free from dust and condensation; furthermore ventilation fans and air filters should be checked for correct air flow.

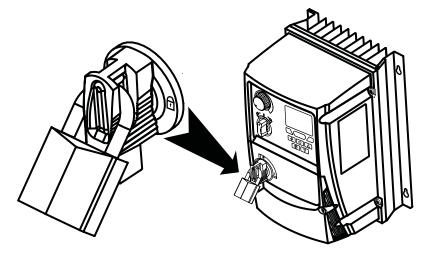
Checks should also be made on all electrical connections, ensuring screw terminals are correctly torqued; and that power cables have no signs of heat damage.

# 3.14. IP66 (NEMA 4X) Lock Off

#### Mains switch-disconnector Lock Off

On the switched models the mains switch-disconnector can be locked in the 'Off' position using a 20mm standard shackle padlock (not supplied).

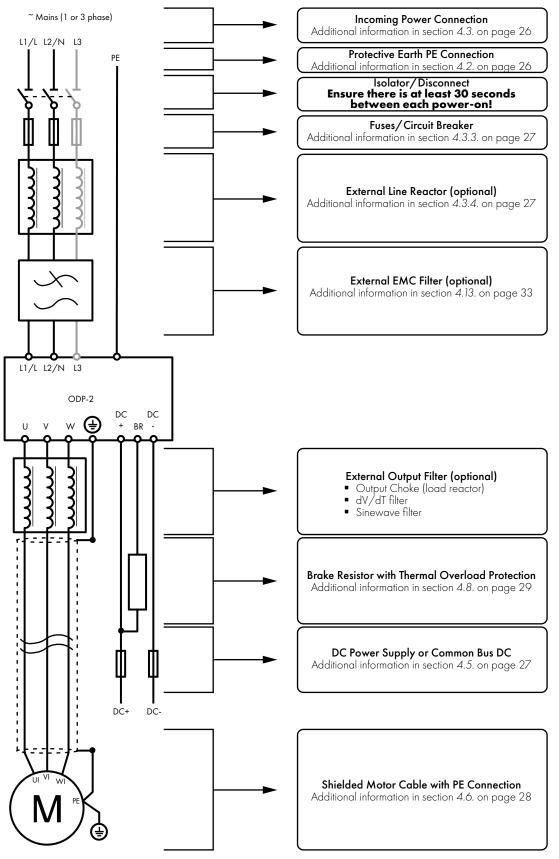
#### IP66 / NEMA 4X Unit Lock Off



# 4.1. Connection Diagram

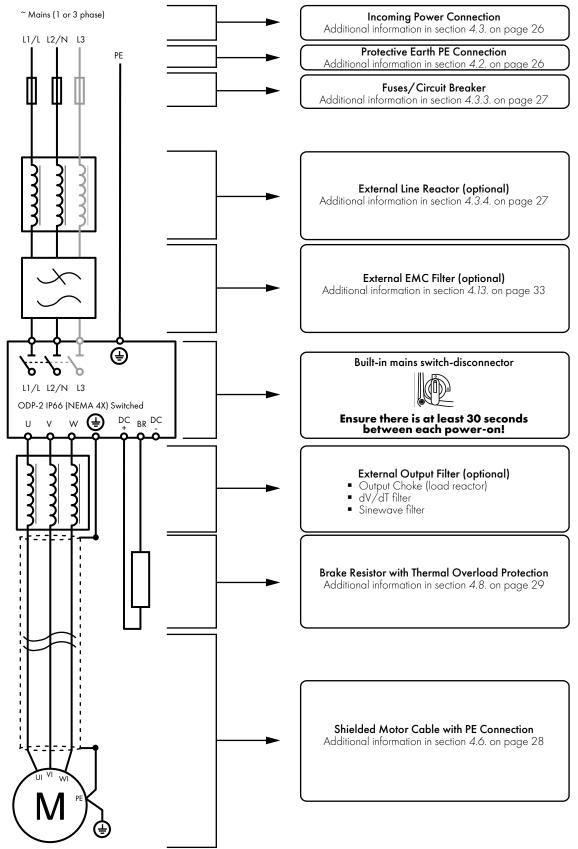
All power terminal locations are marked directly on the product. IP20 Frame Size 2 – 4 units have AC power input located at the top with the motor and brake resistor connections located at the bottom. All other units have power terminals located at the bottom.

#### **4.1.1. Electrical Power Connections**



NOTE Enclosed drives are not suitable for rigid conduit system connection.

#### 4.1.2. Electrical Power Connections – IP66 (NEMA 4X) Switched Models



# 4.2. Protective Earth (PE) Connection

#### 4.2.1. Grounding Guidelines

Adequate safety earthing must be provided in accordance with local wiring rules and codes of practice. The ground terminal of each Optidrive should be connected back to the common safety earth bar to maintain touch potentials within safe limits. The ground terminal of each Optidrive should be individually connected DIRECTLY to the site ground bus bar (through the EMC filter if installed). Optidrive ground connections should not loop from one drive to another, or to, or from any other equipment. Ground impedance must conform to local industrial safety regulations and/or electrical codes.

To meet UL regulations, UL approved ring crimp terminals should be used for all ground wiring connections.

The integrity of all ground connections should be checked periodically.

#### **4.2.2. Protective Earth Conductor**

The Cross sectional area of the PE Conductor must be at least equal to that of the incoming supply conductors.

#### 4.2.3. Motor Ground

The driven motor must be locally connected to a suitable ground location to maintain touch potentials within safe limits. In addition, the motor ground must be connected to one of the ground terminals on the drive.

#### 4.2.4. Ground Fault Monitoring

As with all inverters, a leakage current to earth can exist. The Optidrive is designed to produce the minimum possible leakage current whilst complying with worldwide standards. The level of current is affected by motor cable length and type, the effective switching frequency, the earth connections used and the type of RFI filter installed. If an ELCB (Earth Leakage Circuit Breaker) is to be used, the following conditions apply:

- A Type B Device must be used.
- A device with 10ms trip delay is recommended.
- Individual device should be used for each Optidrive.
- The device must be suitable for protecting equipment with a DC component in the leakage current.
- The device should be not sensitive to high frequency leakage current.

#### 4.2.5. Shield Termination (Cable Screen)

The safety ground terminal provides a grounding point for the motor cable shield. The motor cable shield connected to this terminal (drive end) should also be connected to the motor frame (motor end). Use a shield terminating or EMI clamp to connect the shield to the safety ground terminal, refer to section 4.13. EMC Compliant Installation on page 33.

# 4.3. Incoming Power Connection

 $\setminus$  Ensure there is at least 30 seconds between each power-on.

#### 4.3.1. Suitability

/ŗ

All Optidrive P2 models are designed for use on a single phase or balanced three phase supply depending on the model.

For all models and ratings when working with an IT Supply network, or any power supply type where the phase to earth voltage may exceed the phase to phase voltage (such as ungrounded supplies), the internal EMC filter and surge protection must be disconnected before connecting the supply. Refer to section 10.6. Internal EMC Filter and Varistors – Disconnection Procedure on page 83 for further information.

For three phase supply models, a maximum of 3% imbalance is allowed between phases.

For compliance with CE and C Tick EMC requirements, refer to section 4.13. EMC Compliant Installation on page 33.

 A fixed installation is required according to IEC61800-5-1 with a suitable disconnecting device installed between the Optidrive and the main Power Source. The disconnecting device must conform to the local safety code / regulations (e.g. within Europe, EN60204-1, Safety of machinery).

#### 4.3.2. Connection

- For 1 phase ac supply, power should be connected to L1/L, L2/N.
- For a DC Supply, the main power cables should be connected to L1/L, L2/N.
- For 3 phase ac supplies, the mains power cables should be connected to L1, L2, and L3. Phase sequence is not important. Neutral connection is not required.

#### 4.3.3. Cable Selection

- The cables should be dimensioned according to any local codes or regulations. Maximum dimensions for each drive model are given in section 10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings on page 78.
- For installation within the European Union, cable type should be selected according to section 4.13. EMC Compliant Installation on page 33.

#### 4.3.4. Fuse / Circuit Breaker Selection

- Suitable fuses to provide wiring protection of the input power cable should be installed in the incoming supply line, according to the data in section 10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings on page 78.
- The fuses must comply with any local codes or regulations in place. In general, type gG (IEC 60269) or UL type J fuses are suitable (exception: Eaton Bussmann FWP series must be used for size 6A & 6B IP20 models); however in some cases type aR fuses may be required. The operating time of the fuses must be below 0.5 seconds.
- Where allowed by local regulations, suitably dimensioned type B MCB circuit breakers of equivalent rating may be utilised in place of fuses, providing that the clearing capacity is sufficient for the installation.
- For UL compliant installations, fuses must be used, refer to section 10.4. Additional Information for UL Approved Installations on page 81.
- Please refer to section 10.3. Input Power Supply Requirements on page 81 for actual supply short-circuit capacity limits for each drive.
- The Optidrive provides thermal and short circuit protection for the connected motor and motor cable.

#### 4.3.5. Input Choke

An optional Input Choke is recommended to be installed in the supply line for drives where any of the following conditions occur:

- The incoming supply impedance is low or the fault level / short circuit current is high.
- The supply is prone to dips or brown outs.
- An unbalanced supply system is used (3 phase drives) where the voltage levels during on load operation exceed the designed 3% capacity of the Optidrive.
- The power supply to the drive is via a busbar and brush gear system (typically overhead Cranes).

In all other installations, an input choke is recommended to ensure protection of the drive against power supply faults.

#### 4.4. Operation of 3 Phase drives from a Single Phase Supply

A special function of Optidrive P2 allows some drives designed for operation on 3 phase supplies to be operated on a single phase supply of the correct rated voltage at up to 50% of the nominal capacity.

For Example, Model Number ODP-2-64450-3KA4N can be operated on a single phase supply, 380 – 480 volts, with the maximum output current limited to 45 Amps.

The supply must be connected to the L1 and L2 terminals of the drive.

If operation on a single phase supply is required, please contact your sales partner to ensure a suitable drive unit is selected.

#### 4.5. Operation with DC Power Supply or Common DC Bus

Optidrive P2 models provide terminals to directly connect to the DC Bus for applications which require this. For further information on using the DC Bus connections, please refer to your Invertek Drives sales Partner.

# 4.6. Motor Connection

- The drive inherently produces fast switching of the output voltage (PWM) to the motor compared with operation of the motor directly from the mains supply. Most modern industrial motors are wound for operation with a variable speed drive and will have insulation rated accordingly. However, on some motors the quality of insulation may be insufficient or unknown. In such cases the motor manufacturer should be consulted and preventative measures may be required prior to operating with the drive.
- The motor should be connected to the Optidrive U, V, and W terminals using a suitable 3 or 4 core cable. Where a 3 core cable is utilised, with the shield operating as an earth conductor, the shield must have a cross sectional area at least equal to the phase conductors when they are made from the same material. Where a 4 core cable is utilised, the earth conductor must be of at least equal cross sectional area and manufactured from the same material as the phase conductors.
- Automatic switchgear should not be installed between the drive output and the motor, opening and closing contacts in this circuit
  whilst the drive is energised will inevitably reduce the lifetime of the drive and could cause product failure. If an isolator is required
  to be placed between the drive and the motor in order to comply with local regulations, the device must not be operated when the
  drive is running.
- For installation within the European Union, refer to section 4.13. EMC Compliant Installation on page 33. For all installations it is recommended to use an overall shielded cable or take measures such as installation within metal tube or duct work to prevent electromagnetic radiation which may cause disturbance to other equipment or increase bearing currents in motors.

The motor earth must be connected to one of the Optidrive earth terminals to provide a low impedance path for common mode leakage current to return to the drive.

# 4.7. Motor Terminal Box Connections

Most general purpose motors are wound for operation on dual voltage supplies. This is indicated on the nameplate of the motor. This operational voltage is normally selected when installing the motor by selecting either STAR or DELTA connection. STAR always gives the higher of the two voltage ratings.

Incoming Supply Voltage	Motor Nameplate Voltages		Connection
230	230 / 400		
400 / 460	400 / 690	Delta	
575	575 / 1000		
400	230 / 400		
575	330 / 575	Star	

4

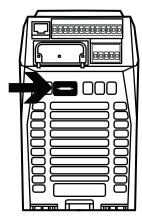
# 4.8. Connecting a Brake Resistor

Optidrive P2 units feature an internal brake transistor, fitted as standard for all models. The brake resistor should be connected to the DC+ and BR terminals of the drive. These terminals are shrouded, and the shrouding should be removed to access the terminals.

#### 4.8.1. IP20 Drive Models

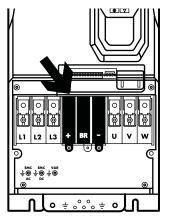
#### Frame Sizes 2, 3, 4 & 5

Remove the plastic cover from the base of the drive as indicated.



#### Frame Sizes 6A, 6B & 8

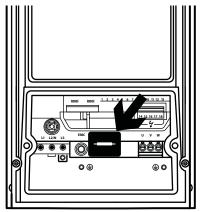
Remove the plastic cover from inside the drive as indicated.



#### 4.8.2. IP55 & IP66

#### All frame sizes

Remove the plastic cover from inside the drive as indicated.

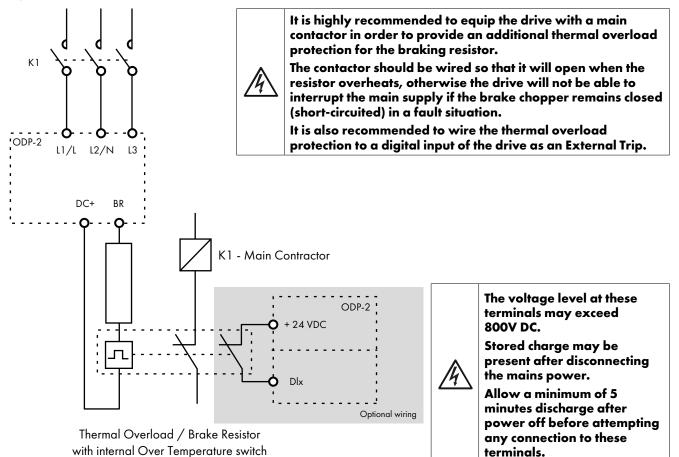


The brake transistor is enabled using P1-05 (Refer to section 6.2. Parameter Group 1 – Basic Parameters on page 43 for further information).

Software protection against brake resistor overload is carried out within the drive. For correct protection of the brake resistor, the following settings are required:

- Set P1-14 = 201 (where 201 is the default password setting for advanced parameter access).
- Enter the resistance of the brake resistor in P6-19 (Ohms).
- Enter the power of the brake resistor in P6-20 (kW).

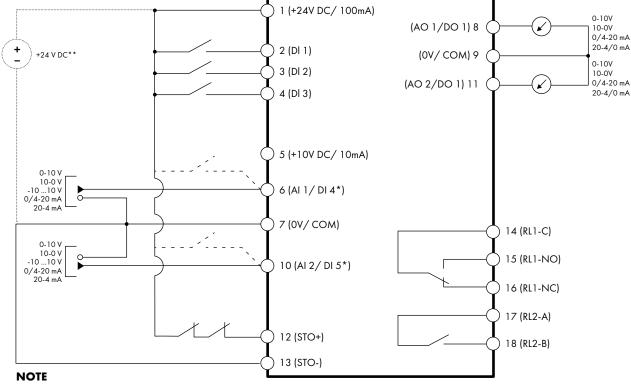
#### Dynamic Brake Resistor with Thermal Overload Protection



# 4.9. Control Terminal Wiring

- All analog signal cables should be suitably shielded. Double shielded twisted pair cables are recommended for analog signal cables.
- Power and Control Signal cables must be routed separately where possible, and must not be routed parallel to each other.
- Observe the minimum recommended distance between cables show in section 4.13. EMC Compliant Installation on page 33.
- Signal levels of different voltages e.g. 24 Volt DC and 110 Volt AC, should not be routed in the same cable.
- Maximum control terminal tightening torque is 0.5Nm.
- Control Cable entry conductor size: 0.05 2.5mm<sup>2</sup> / 30 12 AWG.

#### 4.9.1. Control Connections



\* Dashed lines shows connection for analog inputs in digital mode

\*\* Optional external 24 V DC power supply

Кеу			Default	Sec.	Page	
		Key	Open	Closed	Jet.	ruge
1	+24V DC	24 Volt DC Input / Output		C Supply (100mA)	4.10.1	31
	21100		or External 2	24V DC Input		
2	DI 1	Digital Input 1 (Run Enable)	STOP	RUN	4.10.2	31
3	DI 2	Digital Input 2	Forward	REVERSE	4.10.2	31
4	DI 3	Digital Input 3	P1-12 Reference	Preset Speeds	4.10.2	31
5	+10V DC	+10Volt DC Output	On-board +10V DC Supply (10 mA)			
6	AI 1 / DI 4	Analog Input 1 / Digital Input 4	Speed Reference 1 (0-10V)		4.10.3	31
7	ov / com	0 Volt Common	OV Common for AI/AO/DI/DO			
8	AO 1	Analog Output 1	Motor Speed (0-10V)		4.10.4	31
9	ov / com	0 Volt Common	OV Common for AI/AO/DI/DO			
10	AI 2 / DI 5	Analog Input 2 / Digital Input 5	P2-01 Speed Ref.	P2-02 Speed Ref.	4.10.3	31
11	AO2	Analog Output 2	Motor Current (0-10V)		4.10.4	31
12	STO+	STO + 24V DC Connection	InHibit	Run Permit	4.14	35
13	STO-	STO 0 Volt Connection		KUN FEIMII	4.14	35
14	rl1-com	Auxiliary Relay Output 1 Common			4.10.5	31
15	rl1-no	Auxiliary Relay Output 1 Normally Open	Drive Not Healthy	Drive Healthy	4.10.5	31
16	rl1-NC	Auxiliary Relay Output 2 Normally Closed	Drive Healthy	Drive Not Healthy	4.10.5	31
17	RL2-A	Auxiliary Relay Output 2			4.10.5	31
18	RL2-B	Auxiliary Relay Output 2	Drive Stopped	Drive Running	4.10.5	31

**NOTE** Digital Inputs: Logic High = 8-30V DC (30V DC max) Analog Outputs: 0 – 10 Volt / 4-20mA (20mA max) SAFE TORQUE OFF input: Logic High = 18-30V DC (Also refer to section 4.14. Safe Torque Off)

4

# 4.10. Control Terminal Connections

Example connection schematics are provided in section 7.3. Example Connection Schematics on page 49.

#### 4.10.1. +24V DC Input / Output

When the mains power is applied to the drive, terminal 1 provides a +24V DC output, maximum load 100mA. This may be used to activate digital inputs or provide power to sensors.

When no mains power is applied to the drive, the drive control electronics may be powered from an external +24V DC source. When powered in this way, all analog and digital I/O and communication functions remain operative, however the motor may not be operated, which allows safe testing and commissioning of the installation without risk of high voltage being present. When powered in this way, the drive requires up to 100mA.

#### 4.10.2. Digital Inputs

Up to five digital inputs are available. The function of the inputs is defined by parameters P1-12 and P1-13, which are explained in section 7. Control Terminal Functions on page 46.

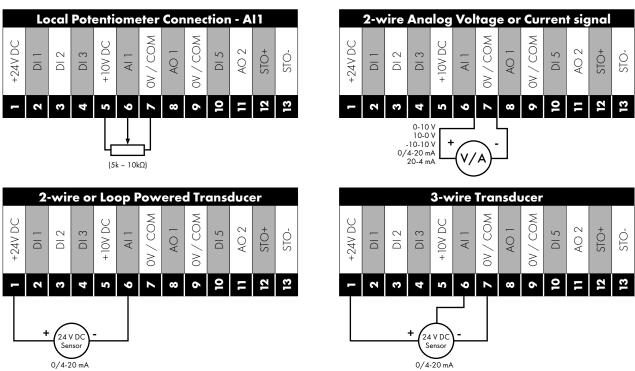
#### 4.10.3. Analog Inputs

Two analog inputs are available, which may also be used as digital Inputs if required. The signal formats are selected by parameters as follows:

- Analog Input 1 Format Selection Parameter P2-30.
- Analog Input 2 Format Selection Parameter P2-33.

These parameters are described more fully in section 8.1. Parameter Group 2 - Extended Parameters on page 53.

The function of the analog input, e.g. for speed reference or PID feedback for example is defined by parameters P1-12 and P1-13. The function of these parameters and available options are described in section 7. Control Terminal Functions on page 46.



# 4.10.4. Analog Outputs

Two analog outputs are available, and may be used for 0 – 10 Volt Signal (max load 20mA), 0 – 20mA, 4 – 20mA or a digital +24Volt DC, 20mA output. The parameters to select function and format are as follows.

Analog Output	Function selected by	Format selected by
Analog Output 1	P2-11	P2-12
Analog Output 2	P2-13	P2-14

These parameters are described more fully in section 8.1. Parameter Group 2 - Extended Parameters on page 53.

# 4.10.5. Auxiliary Relay Outputs

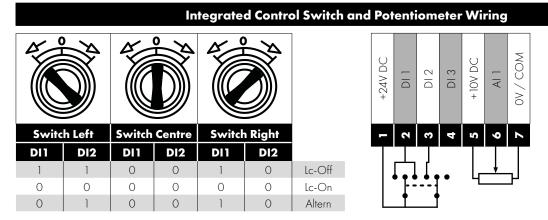
Two relay outputs are available, which are intended to be used to switch external resistive loads up to 5A at 230V AC or 30V DC. Relay 1 has both normally open and normally closed contacts available. Relay 2 provides a simple open or closed contact. The relay output function may be configured using parameters P2-15 and P2-18, which are described in section 8.1. Parameter Group 2 - Extended Parameters on page 53.

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# 4.11. IP66 Switched Version Integrated Control Switch and Potentiometer Wiring

Optidrive P2 is optionally available with an integrated mains switch-disconnector and front mounted control switch and potentiometer. This allows the drive to be operated directly from the front control panel, whilst also providing for options such as Hand / Auto or Local / Remote Control etc.

The integrated switch in IP66 Outdoor models operates in parallel with drive terminal 2 (T2) and terminal 3 (T3) as digital input 1 and digital input 2. By default, the integrated switch is enabled.



#### 4.11.1. Disabling built-in switches

If required, the built-in control switch may be disabled using the following method:

- 1) Ensure the drive is stopped (Display shows "Stop").
- 2) Enable Advanced Parameter Access by setting the correct value in P1-14 (default : 201).
- 3) Scroll down to parameter PO-01 (Display shows PO-01).
- 4) Press and hold "STOP" button for >1 s, drive will show:
  - IP66 Switch Setup
  - 2: Pos >>DI1, Pos<<DI2
  - 1: Switch disabled
  - 0: Pos >>DI1, Pos <<DI1&2
- 5) Use "UP" or "DOWN" key to select the option:

0: Pos >>DI1, Pos <<DI1&2 means integrated switches are enabled.

1: Switch disabled means the switches are locked/disabled.

**2:** Pos >>DI1, Pos<<DI2 means that Revers direction is disabled via built-in switch (can be unlocked via external enable signal connected to DI1 – terminal 2).

6) Press the "STOP" button again to exit.

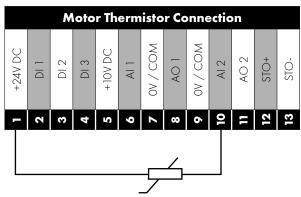
# 4.12. Motor Thermal Overload Protection

#### 4.12.1. Internal Thermal Overload Protection

Optidrive P2 has internal motor overload protection (current limit) set at 150% of FLC. This level may be adjusted using P4-07. The drive has an in-built motor thermal overload function; this is in the form of an "I.t-trP" trip after delivering >100% of the value set in P1-08 for a sustained period of time (e.g. 150% for 60 seconds).

#### 4.12.2. Motor Thermistor Connection

Where a motor thermistor is to be used, it should be connected as follows:



#### Additional Information

- Compatible Thermistor: PTC Type, 2.5kΩ trip level.
- Use a setting of P1-13 that has DI5/AI2 function as E-TRIP "External Trip", e.g. P1-13 = 6. Refer to section 7.2. Digital Input Configuration Parameter P1-13 on page 48 for further details.
- Enable the Motor PTC Thermistor Input function in parameter P2-33.

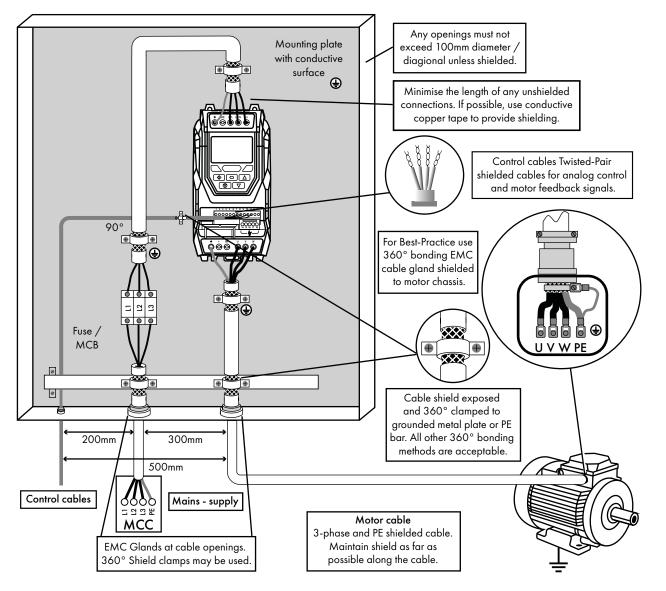
# 4.13. EMC Compliant Installation

#### 4.13.1. Installation within the UK and European Union

All equipment installed within the UK or European Union must comply with the applicable UK or European EMC Directive. The installer must be familiar with the Directive and appropriate good EMC practice. Invertek Drives' products may be considered as a Basic Drive Module or Complete Drive Module according to the EMC standard definition dependent on the drive type. The BDM or CDM may then be incorporated into a Power Drive System. It is the sole responsibility of the installer to ensure that the complete PDS is compliant with the Directive.

This section of the User Guide provides general guidance to ensure compliance can be achieved.

#### 4.13.2. Recommended Installation for EMC Compliance



#### 4.13.3. Recommended Cable Types by EMC Category

Number of	Rated Supply Voltage	Frame Size	IP rating	Maximum Motor Cable Length to Achieve		
Input Phases				C1 1, 2, 5, 6, 8	C2 3, 5, 6, 8	C3 4, 7, 8
		2	IP20, IP66	1 (5)	5 (25)	25 (100)
1	230	3	IP66	-	5	25
		4	IP66	-	-	25
	230	2, 3	IP20, IP66	1 (5)	5 (25)	25 (100)
		4, 5	IP20, IP66	1 (5)	5 (25)	25 (100)
3		4, 5	IP55	-	-	25 (100)
		6A, 6B	IP20	-	100	100
		6,7	IP55	-	-	25 (100)
	400	2, 3	IP20, IP66	1 (5)	5 (25)	25 (100)
		4, 5	IP20, IP66	1 (5)	5 (25)	25 (100)
		4, 5	IP55	-	-	25 (100)
3		6A, 6B	IP20	-	100	100
		6, 7	IP55	-	-	25 (100)
		8	IP20, IP55	-	5	25
		8	IP20, IP55	-	100	100

#### NOTE

- Data in brackets are permitted cable lengths with additional external EMC filter (optional).
- Drives with rated voltage above 480Volts are not intended for use within the UK or European Union.

#### General

Compliance with category C1 conducted emissions only is achieved.

#### Supply Cable

- <sup>2</sup> A screened (shielded) cable suitable for fixed installation with the relevant mains voltage in use. Braided or twisted type screened cable where the screen covers at least 85% of the cable surface area, designed with low impedance to HF signals. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable.
- <sup>3</sup> A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage with a concentric protection wire. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable in this case, ensure that metal tube is adequately grounded.
- <sup>4</sup> A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage may be used up to the PDS power connection port. A shielded type cable is not necessary.

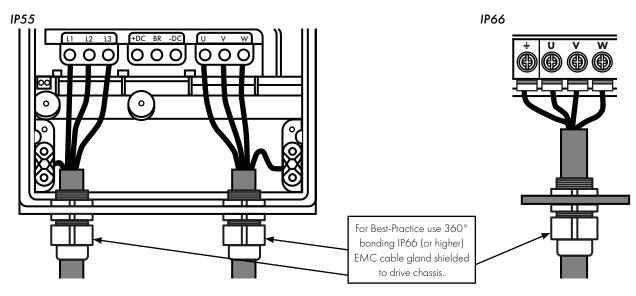
#### Motor Cable

- <sup>5</sup> A screened (shielded) cable suitable for fixed installation with the relevant voltage in use. Braided or twisted type screened cable where the screen covers at least 85% of the cable surface area, designed with low impedance to HF signals. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable in this case, ensure that metal tube is adequately grounded.
- <sup>6</sup> The cable shield should be terminated at the motor end using an EMC type gland allowing connection to the motor body through the largest possible surface area. The shield must also be terminated at the drive end, as close as practically possible to the drive output terminals. Where drives are mounted in a steel control panel enclosure, the cable screen may be terminated directly to the control panel backplate using a suitable EMC clamp or gland fitted as close to the drive as possible. The drive earth terminal must also be connected directly to this point, using a suitable cable which provides low impedance to high frequency currents. For IP55 and IP66 drives, connect the motor cable shield to the gland plate or internal ground clamp.
- <sup>7</sup> A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage with a concentric protection wire. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable.

#### **Control Cable**

<sup>8</sup> A shielded cable with low impedance shield. Twisted pair cable is recommended for analog signals

#### 4.13.4. Enclosed Drives Recommended Cable Connections



# 4.14. Safe Torque Off

Safe Torque OFF will be referred to as "STO" through the remainder of this section.

#### 4.14.1. Responsibilities

The overall system designer is responsible for defining the requirements of the overall "Safety Control System" within which the drive will be incorporated; furthermore the system designer is responsible for ensuring that the complete system is risk assessed and that the "Safety control System" requirements have been entirely met and that the function is fully verified, this must include confirmation testing of the "STO" function before drive commissioning.

The system designer shall determine the possible risks and hazards within the system by carrying out a thorough risk and hazard analysis, the outcome of the analysis should provide an estimate of the possible hazards, furthermore determine the risk levels and identify any needs for risk reduction. The "STO" function should be evaluated to ensure it can sufficiently meet the risk level required.

#### 4.14.2. What STO Provides

The purpose of the "STO" function is to provide a method of preventing the drive from creating torque in the motor in the absence of the "STO" input signals (Terminal 12 with respect to Terminal 13), this allows the drive to be incorporated into a complete safety control system where "STO" requirements need to be fulfilled.<sup>1</sup>

The "STO" function can typically eliminate the need for electro-mechanical contactors with cross-checking auxiliary contacts as per normally required to provide safety functions.<sup>2</sup>

The drive has the "STO" function built-in as standard and complies with the definition of "Safe torque off" as defined by IEC 61800-5-2:2007.

The "STO" function also corresponds to an uncontrolled stop in accordance with category 0 (Emergency Off), of IEC 60204-1. This means that the motor will coast to a stop when the "STO" function is activated, this method of stopping should be confirmed as being acceptable to the system the motor is driving.

The "STO" function is recognised as a fail-safe method even in the case where the "STO" signal is absent and a single fault within the drive has occurred, the drive has been proven in respect of this by meeting the following safety standards:

	SIL (Safety Integrity Level)	PFHD (Probability of dangerous Failures per Hour)	SFF (Safe failure fraction %)	Lifetime assumed
EN 61800-5-2	2	1.23E-09 1/h (0.12 % of SIL 2)	50	20 Yrs
	PL (Performance Level)	CCF (%) (Common Cause Failure)	MTTFd	Category
EN ISO 13849-1	PL d	]	4525a	3
	SILCL			
EN 62061	SILCL 2			

**NOTE** The values achieved above maybe jeopardised if the drive is installed outside of the Environmental limits detailed in section 10.1. Environmental on page 78.

Disconnect and ISOLATE the drive before attempting any work on it. The "STO" function does not prevent high voltages from being present at the drive power terminals.

<sup>1</sup>**NOTE** The "STO" function does not prevent the drive from an unexpected re-start. As soon as the "STO" inputs receive the relevant signal it is possible (subject to parameter settings) to restart automatically, Based on this, the function should not be used for carrying out short-term non-electrical machinery operations (such as cleaning or maintenance work).

<sup>2</sup>**NOTE** In some applications additional measures may be required to fulfil the systems safety function needs: the "STO" function does not provide motor braking. In the case where motor braking is required a time delay safety relay and/or a mechanical brake arrangement or similar method should be adopted, consideration should be made over the required safety function when braking as the drive braking circuit alone cannot be relied upon as a fail safe method.

When using permanent magnet motors and in the unlikely event of multiple output power devices failing then the motor could effectively rotate the motor shaft by 180/p degrees (Where p denotes number of motor pole pairs).

#### 4.14.4. "STO" Operation

When the "STO" inputs are energised, the "STO" function is in a standby state, if the drive is then given a "Start signal/command" (as per the start source method selected in P1-13) then the drive will start and operate normally.

When the "STO" inputs are de-energised then the STO Function is activated and stops the drive (Motor will coast), the drive is now in "Safe Torque Off" mode.

To get the drive out of "Safe Torque Off" mode then any "Fault messages" need to be reset and the drive "STO" input needs to be re-energised.

#### 4.14.5. "STO" Status and Monitoring

There are a number of methods for monitoring the status of the "STO" input, these are detailed below:

#### **Drive Display**

In Normal drive operation (Mains AC power applied), when the drives "STO" input is de-energised ("STO" Function activated) the drive will highlight this by displaying "**InHibit**".

NOTE If the drive is in a tripped condition then the relevant trip will be displayed and not "InHibit".

#### **Drive Output Relay**

- Drive relay 1: Setting P2-15 to a value of "13" will result in relay opening when the "STO" function is activated.
- Drive relay 2: Setting P2-18 to a value of "13" will result in relay opening when the "STO" function is activated.

#### "STO" Fault Codes

Fault Code	Code Number	Description	<b>Corrective Action</b>
"Sto-F"	29	A fault has been detected within either of the internal channels of the "STO" circuit.	Refer to your Invertek Sales Partner

#### 4.14.6. "STO" Function Response Time

The total response time is the time from a safety related event occurring to the components (sum of) within the system responding and becoming safe. (Stop Category 0 in accordance with IEC 60204-1).

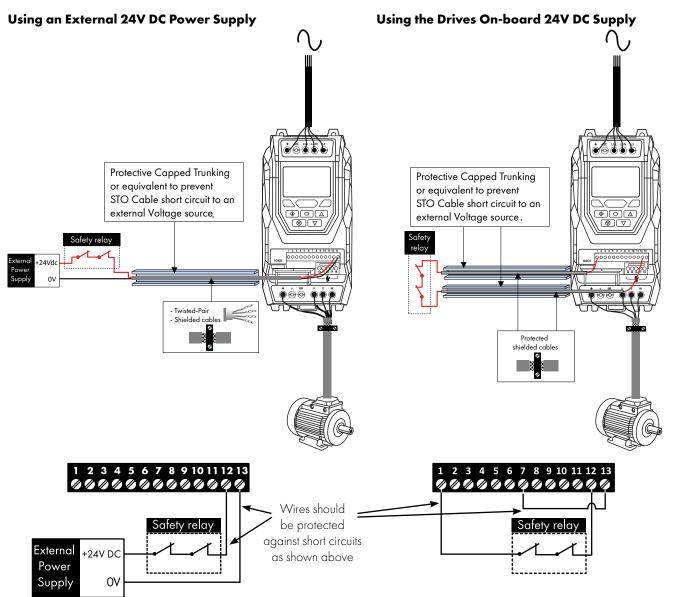
- The response time from the "STO" inputs being de-energised to the output of the drive being in a state that will not produce torque in the motor ("STO" active) is less than 1 ms.
- The response time from the "STO" inputs being de-energised to the "STO" monitoring status changing state is less than 20ms.
- The response time from the drive sensing a fault in the STO circuit to the drive displaying the fault on the display/Digital output showing drive not healthy is less than 20ms.

#### 4.14.7. "STO" Electrical Installation

The "STO" wiring shall be protected from inadvertent short circuits or tampering which could lead to failure of the "STO" input signal, further guidance is given in the diagrams below.

In addition to the wiring guidelines for the "STO" circuit below, section 4.13.2. Recommended Installation for EMC Compliance on page 33 should also be followed.

The drive should be wired as illustrated below; the 24V DC signal source applied to the "STO" input can be either from the 24V DC on the drive or from an External 24V DC power supply.



**NOTE** The Maximum cable length from Voltage source to the drive terminals should not exceed 25 mtrs.

## 4.14.9. External Power Supply Specification

Voltage Rating (Nominal)	24V DC
STO Logic High	18-30V DC (Safe torque off in standby)
Current Consumption (Maximum)	100mA

#### 4.14.10. Safety Relay Specification

The safety relay should be chosen so that at minimum it meets the safety standards that the drive meets.

Standard Requirements	SIL2 or PLd SC3 or better (With Forcibly guided Contacts)
Number of Output Contacts	2 independent
Switching Voltage Rating	30V DC
Switching Current	100mA

#### 4.14.11. Enabling the "STO" Function

#### The "STO" function is always enabled in the drive regardless of operating mode or parameter changes made by the user.

#### 4.14.12. Testing the "STO" Function

Before commissioning the system the "STO" function should always be tested for correct operation, this should include the following tests:

- With the motor at standstill, and a stop command given to the drive (as per the start source method selected in P1-13):
  - o De-energise the "STO" inputs (Drive will display "InHibit").
  - o Give a start command (as per the start source method selected in P1-13) and check that the drive still displays "Inhibit" and that the operation is in line with the section 4.14.4. "STO" Operation and section 4.14.5. "STO" Status and Monitoring.
- With the motor running normally (from the drive):
  - o De-energise the "STO" inputs.
  - o Check that the drive displays "Inhibt" and that the motor stops and that the operation is in line with the section and section 4.14.4. "STO" Operation and section 4.14.5. "STO" Status and Monitoring.

#### 4.14.13. "STO" Function Maintenance

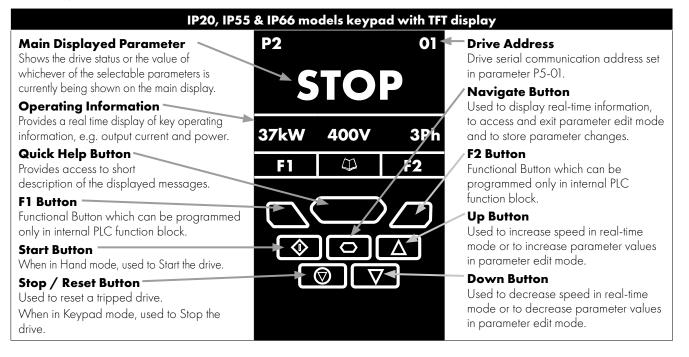
The "STO" function should be included within the control systems scheduled maintenance program so that the function is regularly tested for integrity (Minimum once per Year), furthermore the function should be integrity tested following any safety system modifications or maintenance work. If drive fault messages are observed refer to section 11.1. Fault Messages on page 84 for further guidance.

# 5. Keypad and Display Operation

The drive is configured and its operation monitored via the keypad and display.

# 5.1. Keypad and Display Layout

Control Keypad provides access to the drive parameters, and also allows control of the drive when Keypad Mode is selected in P1-12.



# 5.2. Selecting the Language on the TFT Display

P2	01	Select Language	Select Language
STOF		Español Deutsch	Español Deutsch
15kW 400V	3Ph	English	English
Hold down the s and Up keys for		Use the Up and Down arrows to select a language.	Press the Navigate button to select.

## 5.2.1. Operating Displays

Inhibit / Drive Stopped STO Active				Drive Running Output Current Display	Drive Running Motor Power Display	Drive Running Motor Speed Display	
P2	01	P2 01	Output Frequency 01	Motor Current 01	Motor Power 01	Motor Speed 01	
INHIB	IT	STOP	23.7Hz	15.3A	6.9kW	<b>718</b> rpm	
15kW 400V	3Ph	15kW 400V 3Ph	15.3A 6.9kW	6.9kW 23.7Hz	23.7Hz 15.3A	23.7Hz 15.3A	
$\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$		O	୲୲ୡୄଵୣ୲ୣୖ	୲ୢୢ୕ୢୢୢୢୢୢୢୢୢୢୢୢୢୢୢୢୢୢୢୢୢ	୲୲୰ୄଵୣ୲ୖ	୲୲ୡୄୣୖ୲୷	
	<b>^</b>				۲	١	
Drive Inhibited. STO connectior not made. Refer to section 4.14.8. Recomm "STO" Wiring c page 37.	ns are nended	Drive Stopped / Disabled.	Drive is enabled / running, display shows the output frequency (Hz). Press the Navigate key to select alternative displays.	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second. The display will show the motor current (Amps).	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second. The display will show the motor power (kW).	If P1-10 > 0, pressing the Navigate key for < 1 second will display the motor speed (RPM).	

# 5.3. Additional Display Messages

Auto Tuning in Progress	External 24V DC Supply			Mains Loss	Maintenance Time Elapsed	
	P2 01	P2 01	P2 01	P2 01	P2 01	
Auto-tuning	Ext 24V	ol 23.7Hz	<sup>SF↓</sup> 23.7Hz	ML 23.7Hz	Х 23.7Hz	
	External 24V mode	15.3A 6.9kW	15.3A 6.9kW	15.3A 6.9kW	15.3A 6.9kW	
O					O	
$\bigcirc \bigtriangledown $	$\bigcirc \bigtriangledown $	$\bigcirc \nabla$	$\bigcirc \nabla$	$\bigcirc \nabla$	$\bigcirc \nabla$	
Auto tune in progress. See parameter P4-02 information in section 8.3. Parameter Group 4 – High Performance Motor Control on page 59.	The drive control board is powered only from an external 24 Volt source, with no mains power applied.	Indicates an Overload condition. Output current exceeds the motor rated current entered in Parameter P1-08.	Switching frequency is reduced, due to high heatsink temperature.	The incoming mains power supply has been disconnected or is missing.	The user programmable maintenance reminder time has elapsed.	

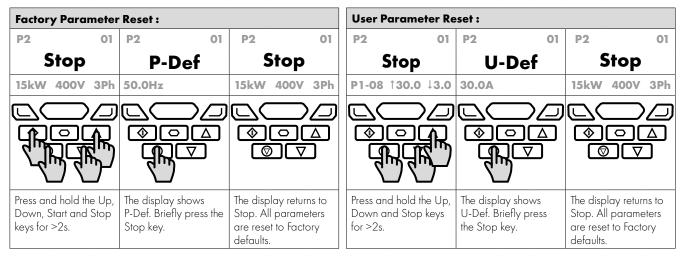
## 5.4. Changing Parameters

	P2 01	P2 01	P2 01	P2 01	P2 01
Stop	P1-01	P1-08	30.0A ‡	P1-08	Stop
15kW 400V 3Ph	50.0Hz	30.0A	P1-08 ↑30.0 ↓3.0	30.0A	15kW 400V 3Ph
⊘₽₽		ഀ൱൧		ഀ൱൧	ഀ൱൧
				<u>[@</u> ¶"]∑	
Press and hold the Navigate key > 2	Use the up and down keys to select the	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second.	Adjust the value using the Up and Down keys.	Press for < 1 second to return to the	Press for > 2 seconds to return to the
seconds.	required parameter.	key for a risecond.	Drives with TFT	parameter menu.	operating display.
	Drives with TFT display will show the		display will show the maximum and		
	present parameter		minimum possible		
	value on the lower line of the display.		settings on the lower line of the display.		

# 5.5. Parameter Factory Reset / User Reset

Optidrive P2 provides a feature to allow the user to define their own default parameter set. After commissioning all required parameters, the user can save these as the default parameters by setting P6-29 = 1. If required, the User Default Parameters may be cleared by setting P6-29 = 2.

If the user wishes to reload the User Default Parameters from the drive memory, the following procedure is used.



# 5.6. Resetting the Drive Following a Trip

Optidrive P2 has many protection features, designed to protect both the drive and motor from accidental damage. When any of these protection features are activated, the drive will trip, and display a fault message. The fault messages are listed in section 11.1. Fault Messages on page 84.

When a trip occurs, after the cause of the trip has been investigated and rectified, the user can reset the trip in one of the following ways:

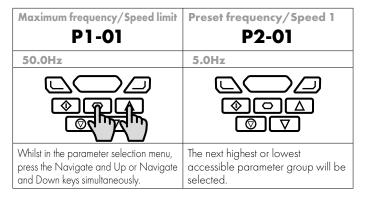
- Press the keypad Stop key.
- Power off the drive completely, then power on again.
- If P1-13 > 0, switch off digital input 1, then back on again.
- If P1-12 = 4, reset via the fieldbus interface.
- If P1-12 = 6, reset via CAN.

# 5.7. Keypad Shortcuts

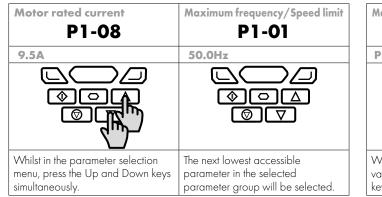
The following shortcuts can be used to speed up selecting and changing parameters when using the keypad.

## 5.7.1. Selecting the Parameter Groups

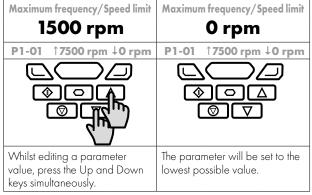
When extended or advanced parameter access is enabled (see section 8. Extended Parameters on page 53), additional parameter groups are visible, and may be selected quickly by the following method.



#### 5.7.2. Selecting the Lowest Parameter in a Group



# 5.7.3. Setting a Parameter to the Minimum Value



## 5.7.4. Adjusting Individual Digits

When editing parameter values and making large changes, e.g. setting the motor rated speed from 0 to 1500RPM, it is possible to directly select the parameter digits using the following method.

Extended menu access	Extended menu access	Extended menu access	Extended menu access	Extended menu access	Extended menu access
0	_0	_0	100	100	100
P1-14 ↑30 000 ↓0	P1-14 ↑30 000 ↓0	P1-14 ↑30 000 ↓0	P1-14 ↑30 000 ↓0	P1-14 ↑30 000 ↓0	P1-14 ↑30 000 ↓0
◈♠△	$\otimes$ m $\triangle$		$\bigcirc \Box \Lambda$	$\otimes$ <b>n</b> $\triangle$	Image: A matrix and a matrix and a matrix a
Whilst editing a	The cursor will step	The individual digit	Adjust the value using	When the cursor reaches	Press the Navigate
parameter value, press the Stop and Navigate	one digit to the left. Repeating the key	value may be adjusted using the up	the Up and Down keys.	the highest accessible digit, pressing Stop and	key to return to the parameter selection
keys simultaneously.	press will move	and down keys.	1 KC y 3.	Navigate will return the	menu.
, , ,	another digit to the	/		cursor to the right most	
	left.			digit.	

## 6.1. Parameter Set Overview

The Optidrive P2 Parameter set consists of 10 groups as follows:

- Group 0 Read Only Monitoring Parameters
- Group 1 Basic Configuration Parameters
- Group 2 Extended Parameters
- Group 3 PID Control Parameters
- Group 4 High Performance Motor Control Parameters
- Group 5 Field Bus Parameters
- Group 6 Advanced Options
- Group 7 Advanced Motor Control
- Group 8 Application Parameters
- Group 9 Advanced I/O Selection

When the Optidrive is reset to factory defaults, or is in its factory supplied state, only Group 1 Parameters can be accessed. In order to allow access to parameters from the higher level groups, the access code must be changed as follows.

P1-14 = P2-40 (Default setting = 101). With this setting, parameter groups 1 - 5 can be accessed, along with the first 50 parameters in Group 0.

P1-14 = P6-30 (Default setting = 201). With this setting, all parameters are accessible.

## 6.2. Parameter Group 1 - Basic Parameters

The basic parameter group allows the user to:

- Enter the motor nameplate information
  - o P1-07 = Motor Rated Voltage
  - o P1-08 = Motor Rated Current
  - o P1-09 = Motor Rated Frequency
  - o P1-10 = (Optionally) Motor Rated Speed
- Define the operating speed limits
  - o P1-01 = Maximum Frequency or Speed
  - o P1-02 = Minimum Frequency or Speed
- Define the acceleration and deceleration times used when starting and stopping the motor, or changing speed
  - o P1-03 = Acceleration Time
  - o P1-04 = Deceleration Time
- Select where the drive should receive it's command signals from, and determine what functions are associated with the drive control terminal inputs
  - o P1-12 Selects the control source
  - o P1-13 Assigns the functions to the digital inputs

These parameters will often provide enough functions to allow the user to complete basic commissioning in simple applications. The parameters are described in more detail below.

	Des	cription		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P1-01	Ma	ximum Frequency / Speed	Limit	P1-02	500.0	50.0 (60.0)	Hz / Rpm		
		kimum output frequency or motor s					/ F		
		-10 >0, the value entered / displ		1-					
P1-02	Mir	imum Frequency / Speed I	.imit	0.0	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm		
	Min	imum speed limit – Hz or rpm.				I	_		
		-10 >0, the value entered / displ	ayed is in Rpm.						
P1-03	Acc	eleration Ramp Time		See	Below	5.0 / 10.0	Seconds		
	Acc	eleration ramp time from 0 to base	e speed (P1-09) in s	econds.		1			
		& FS3 : 5.0 Seconds Default Setti							
	FS4	– FS7 : 10.0 Seconds Default Set	ting, 0.1 Seconds Re	esolution, 6000 Se	conds Maximum.				
P1-04		eleration Ramp Time			Below	5.0 / 10.0	Seconds		
		eleration ramp time from base spe				ill coast to stop the	motor.		
		& FS3 : 5.0 Seconds Default Setti - FS7 : 10.0 Seconds Default Set	•						
D1 05	_								
P1-05		p Mode		<b>O</b>	•	0			
	0	Ramp			the drive will ramp t ode, the drive brake				
	1	Coast			the drive output is i				
			will coast (freewh	eel) to stop. If the l	oad can continue to	o rotate due to inert	ia, and the driv		
			may possibly be re-enabled whilst the motor is still rotating, the spin start function ( should be enabled. In this mode, the drive brake transistor (where fitted) is disable						
	2	Ramp, brake chopper	Should be enabled. In this mode, the drive brake transistor (where fitted) is disabled. When the enable signal is removed, the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by						
	-	enabled	Vhen the enable signal is removed, the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate of P1-04 as described above. The Optidrive Brake chopper is also enabled in th						
	3	Coast, brake chopper	When the enable signal is removed, the drive output is immediately disabled, and the moto						
		enabled	will coast (freewheel) to stop. If the load can continue to rotate due to inertia, and the drive						
			may possibly be re-enabled whilst the motor is still rotating, the spin start function (P2- 26) should be enabled. The drive brake chopper is enabled in this mode, however it wil						
				ivate when required during a change in the drive frequency setpoint, and will no					
			activate when stop		1 1	·			
	4	AC Flux Braking	As Option 0, but of torque.	additionally, AC Fli	ux braking is used to	o increase the avail	able brakina		
							g		
P1-06	Ene	rgy Optimiser		0	1	0			
P1-06	Ene 0	rgy Optimiser Disabled		0	1	0	-		
P1-06	0	Disabled	When enabled th		-		-		
P1-06			the drive and mot	e Energy Optimise or when operating	er attempts to reduc at constant speeds	e the overall energy and light loads. The	y consumed by e output voltage		
P1-06	0	Disabled	the drive and mot applied to the mo	e Energy Optimise or when operating tor is reduced. The	r attempts to reduc at constant speeds Energy Optimiser i	e the overall energy and light loads. The s intended for appli	y consumed by e output voltag ications where		
P1-06	0	Disabled	the drive and mot applied to the mo	e Energy Optimise or when operating tor is reduced. The erate for some peri-	ar attempts to reduc at constant speeds Energy Optimiser i ods of time with cor	e the overall energy and light loads. The s intended for appli	y consumed by e output voltag ications where		
	0	Disabled	the drive and moto applied to the mo the drive may ope	te Energy Optimise or when operating tor is reduced. The strate for some peri- or variable torque.	ar attempts to reduc at constant speeds Energy Optimiser i ods of time with cor	e the overall energ and light loads. Th s intended for appl istant speed and lig	y consumed by e output voltage ications where		
	0 1 Mo For I	Disabled Enabled tor Rated Voltage / kE M motors, this parameter should b	the drive and moti applied to the mo the drive may ope whether constant ope set to the rated (n	te Energy Optimise or when operating tor is reduced. The erate for some peri- or variable torque. Driv	er attempts to reduc at constant speeds Energy Optimiser i ods of time with cor <b>re Rating Depen</b>	e the overall energ and light loads. Th s intended for appl istant speed and lig <b>dent</b>	y consumed by e output voltag ications where ght motor load, <b>Volts</b>		
	0 1 Mo For I	Disabled Enabled tor Rated Voltage / kE	the drive and moti applied to the mo the drive may ope whether constant ope set to the rated (n	te Energy Optimise or when operating tor is reduced. The erate for some peri- or variable torque. <b>Driv</b> ameplate) voltage	er attempts to reduc at constant speeds Energy Optimiser i ods of time with cor re Rating Depen	e the overall energ and light loads. Th s intended for appl istant speed and lig <b>dent</b> M motors, enter the	y consumed by e output voltag ications where ght motor load, <b>Volts</b>		
P1-07	0 1 Mo For I gen	Disabled Enabled tor Rated Voltage / kE M motors, this parameter should b	the drive and moti applied to the mo the drive may ope whether constant ope set to the rated (n	te Energy Optimise or when operating tor is reduced. The erate for some peri- or variable torque. <b>Driv</b> ameplate) voltage	er attempts to reduc at constant speeds Energy Optimiser i ods of time with cor <b>re Rating Depen</b>	e the overall energ and light loads. Th s intended for appl istant speed and lig <b>dent</b> M motors, enter the	y consumed by e output voltag ications where ght motor load, <b>Volts</b>		
P1-07	0 1 Mo For I gen Mo	Disabled Enabled tor Rated Voltage / kE M motors, this parameter should b erated by the motor when operate	the drive and moti- applied to the mo the drive may ope whether constant we set to the rated (n ad at rated speed.	e Energy Optimise or when operating tor is reduced. The erate for some peri- or variable torque. Driv ameplate) voltage	er attempts to reduc at constant speeds Energy Optimiser i ods of time with cor re Rating Depen	e the overall energ and light loads. Th s intended for appl istant speed and lig <b>dent</b> M motors, enter the	y consumed by e output voltag ications where ght motor load, <b>Volts</b> RMS Back EN		
P1-07 P1-08	0 1 Mo For I genu Mo This	Disabled Enabled tor Rated Voltage / kE M motors, this parameter should b erated by the motor when operate tor Rated Current	the drive and moti- applied to the mo the drive may ope whether constant we set to the rated (n ad at rated speed.	e Energy Optimise or when operating tor is reduced. The erate for some peri- or variable torque. Driv ameplate) voltage	er attempts to reduc at constant speeds Energy Optimiser i ods of time with cor re Rating Depen	e the overall energ and light loads. Th s intended for appl istant speed and lig <b>dent</b> M motors, enter the	y consumed by e output voltage ications where ght motor load, <b>Volts</b> RMS Back EN		
P1-07 P1-08	O 1 Mo For I genu Mo This	Disabled Enabled tor Rated Voltage / kE M motors, this parameter should b erated by the motor when operate tor Rated Current parameter should be set to the rat	the drive and moti- applied to the mo the drive may ope whether constant be set to the rated (n ad at rated speed. ed (nameplate) curr	e Energy Optimise or when operating tor is reduced. The rate for some peri- or variable torque. Driv ameplate) voltage Driv ent of the motor.	er attempts to reduc at constant speeds Energy Optimiser i ods of time with cor re Rating Depen of the motor. For Pl re Rating Depen	e the overall energ and light loads. Th s intended for appli istant speed and lig <b>dent</b> M motors, enter the <b>dent</b>	- y consumed by e output voltage ications where ght motor load, <b>Volts</b> RMS Back EN <b>Amps</b>		
P1-07 P1-08 P1-09	O 1 Mo For I gen Mo This Mo This	Disabled Enabled tor Rated Voltage / kE M motors, this parameter should b erated by the motor when operate tor Rated Current parameter should be set to the rat tor Rated Frequency	the drive and moti- applied to the mo the drive may ope whether constant be set to the rated (n ad at rated speed. ed (nameplate) curr	e Energy Optimise or when operating tor is reduced. The rate for some peri- or variable torque. Driv ameplate) voltage Driv ent of the motor.	er attempts to reduc at constant speeds Energy Optimiser i ods of time with cor re Rating Depen of the motor. For Pl re Rating Depen	e the overall energ and light loads. Th s intended for appli istant speed and lig <b>dent</b> M motors, enter the <b>dent</b>	- y consumed by e output voltage ications where ght motor load, <b>Volts</b> RMS Back EN <b>Amps</b>		
P1-06 P1-07 P1-08 P1-09 P1-10	O 1 Mo For I genu Mo This Mo This Mo This	Disabled Enabled tor Rated Voltage / kE M motors, this parameter should be erated by the motor when operate tor Rated Current parameter should be set to the rat tor Rated Frequency parameter should be set to the rat tor Rated Speed parameter can optionally be set to	the drive and moti- applied to the mo the drive may ope whether constant be set to the rated (n ad at rated speed. ed (nameplate) curr ed (nameplate) frec	te Energy Optimise or when operating tor is reduced. The rate for some peri- or variable torque. Driv ameplate) voltage Driv ent of the motor. 10 uency of the moto 0 ate) rpm of the mot	er attempts to reduc at constant speeds Energy Optimiser i ods of time with cor re Rating Depen of the motor. For Pl re Rating Depen 500 r. 30000 or. When set to the	e the overall energy and light loads. The s intended for appli istant speed and lig dent M motors, enter the dent 50 (60) 0 default value of ze	y consumed by e output voltage ications where ght motor load, <b>Volts</b> RMS Back EM <b>Amps</b> Hz RPM ro, all speed		
P1-07 P1-08 P1-09	O 1 Mo For I genu Mo This Mo This relat	Disabled Enabled tor Rated Voltage / kE M motors, this parameter should be erated by the motor when operate tor Rated Current parameter should be set to the rat tor Rated Frequency parameter should be set to the rat tor Rated Speed parameter can optionally be set to ed parameters are displayed in H	the drive and moti- applied to the mo the drive may ope whether constant be set to the rated (n ad at rated speed. ed (nameplate) curr ed (nameplate) frec by the rated (nameplate) the rated (nameplate) complete the slip complete the slip complete	te Energy Optimise or when operating tor is reduced. The prate for some peri- privariable torque. Driv ameplate) voltage Driv ent of the motor. 10 uency of the moto otep rpm of the moto pensation for the moto	er attempts to reduc at constant speeds Energy Optimiser i ods of time with cor re Rating Depen of the motor. For P/ re Rating Depen 500 r. 30000 or. When set to the otor is disabled. En	e the overall energy and light loads. The s intended for appli istant speed and lig dent M motors, enter the dent 50 (60) 0 default value of ze tering the value from	y consumed by e output voltage ications where ght motor load, <b>Volts</b> RMS Back EM <b>Amps</b> Hz RPM ro, all speed m the motor		
P1-07 P1-08 P1-09	O 1 Mo For I genu Mo This Mo This relating Spee	Disabled Enabled tor Rated Voltage / kE M motors, this parameter should be erated by the motor when operate tor Rated Current parameter should be set to the rat tor Rated Frequency parameter should be set to the rat tor Rated Speed parameter can optionally be set to	the drive and moti- applied to the mo the drive may ope whether constant of at rated speed. ed (nameplate) curr ed (nameplate) frect to the rated (nameplate) tion function, and the nimum and Maximu	te Energy Optimise or when operating tor is reduced. The erate for some perior or variable torque. Driv ameplate) voltage Driv ent of the motor. 10 uency of the moto cate) rpm of the moto pensation for the	er attempts to reduc at constant speeds Energy Optimiser i ods of time with cor re Rating Depen of the motor. For Pl re Rating Depen 500 r. 30000 r. will now show mo peeds etc. will also	e the overall energy and light loads. The s intended for appli istant speed and lig dent M motors, enter the dent 50 (60) 0 default value of ze tering the value from tor speed in estima be displayed in Rp	- y consumed by e output voltage ications where ght motor load, <b>Volts</b> RMS Back EM <b>Amps</b> <b>Hz</b> <b>RPM</b> ro, all speed m the motor ted rpm. All pm.		

Par.	Des	scription		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P1-11	Boost Voltage			0.0	Drive Ratin	g Dependent	%		
	Voltage boost is used to increase the applied motor voltage at low output frequencies, in order to improve low speed and star torque. Excessive voltage boost levels may result in increased motor current and temperature, and force ventilation of the moto be required. An automatic setting (AUEa) is also possible, whereby the Optidrive will automatically adjust this parameter based on the moto parameters measured during an autotune.								
P1-12	Prin	mary Command Source		0	6	0	-		
	0	Terminal Control	The drive respond	ls directly to signals	applied to the cor	ntrol terminals.			
	1	Keypad control - uni-directional	The drive can be Keypad.	controlled in the for	ward direction onl	y using an external	or remote		
	2	Keypad control - bi-directional		The drive can be controlled in the forward and reverse directions using an external or remote Keypad. Pressing the keypad START button toggles between forward and reverse.					
	3	PID Control	The output freque	The output frequency is controlled by the internal PID controller.					
	4	Fieldbus Mode	Control via Mode the fieldbus option	Control via Modbus RTU if no fieldbus interface option is present, otherwise control is from the fieldbus option module interface.					
	5	Slave Mode	The drive acts as a	The drive acts as a Slave to a connected Optidrive operating in Master Mode.					
	6	CANopen Mode	Control via CAN	bus connected to th	ne RJ45 serial inter	face connector.			
P1-13	Dig	ital Input Function		0	21	1	-		
		nes the function of the digital in e information.	puts depending on the c	ontrol mode setting	in P1-12. See section	on 7.1. Control Sour	ce Selection for		
P1-14	Ext	ended Menu Access		0	30000	0	-		
		ameter Access Control. The fol 14 = P2-40 = 101 : Allows acc	• • •						
		P1-14 = P6-30 = 201 : Allows access to all parameter groups (Intended for experienced users only, usage is not described in this User Guide).							

# 7. Control Terminal Functions

For standard applications and operation, the basic control of the drive and functions of all drive input terminals can be configured using just two parameters, P1-12 and P1-13. P1-12 is used to define the source of all control commands and the primary speed reference source. P1-13 then allows fast selection of Analog and Digital Input functions based on a selection table.

# 7.1. Control Source Selection

## 7.1.1. P1-12 Function

P1-12 is used to select the main control source of the drive and the main speed reference according to the following table:

P1-12	Function	Control Source	Main Speed Reference	Notes
0	Terminal Control	Terminals	Analog Input 1	All control signals are applied to the control terminals. Functions are determined by P1-13 Macro setting.
1	Keypad Control (Uni-directional)	Keypad / Terminals	Motorised Pot / Keypad	When keypad mode is selected, the default operation of the drive requires the keypad Start & Stop buttons are used to control the drive.
2	Keypad Control (Bi-directional)	Keypad / Terminals	Motorised Pot / Keypad	This can be changed using P2-37 to allow the drive to be started from Digital Input 1 directly.
3	PID Control	Terminals	PID Output	Enable / Disable control of the drive is through the drive control terminal strip. Output frequency is set by the output of the PI Controller.
4	Fieldbus / Modbus RTU	Modbus RTU	Fieldbus / Modbus RTU	Control of the drive operation is through a fieldbus option module mounted in the drive option slot. If no option module is fitted, control is through the Modbus RTU interface. Digital Input 1 must be closed to allow operation.
5	Slave Mode	Master Drive	From Master	Optidrive P2 provides an inbuilt Master / Slave function. A single drive acts as the Master, and connected Slave drives will mimic the starting and stopping, along with following the output frequency, with any scaling applied. Digital Input 1 must be closed to allow operation.
6	CANopen	CAN bus	CAN bus	Control of the drive operation is through the CAN Open Interface. Digital Input 1 must be closed to allow operation.

## 7.1.2. Overview

Optidrive P2 uses a Macro approach to simplify the configuration of the Analog and Digital Inputs. There are two key parameters which determine the input functions and drive behaviour:

P1-12 - Selects the main drive control source and determines how the output frequency of the drive is primarily controlled.

P1-13 – Assigns the Macro function to the analog and digital inputs.

Additional parameters can then be used to further adapt the settings, e.g.

- P2-30 Used to select the format of the analog signal to be connected to analog input 1, e.g. 0 10 Volt, 4 20mA.
- P2-33 Used to select the format of the analog signal to be connected to analog input 2, e.g. 0 10 Volt, 4 20mA.
- P2-36 Determines whether the drive should automatically start following a power on if the Enable Input is present.
- P2-37 When Keypad Mode is selected, determines at what output frequency / speed the drive should start, following the
  enable command, and also whether the keypad start key must be pressed or if the Enable input alone should start the drive.

The following diagrams and tables provide an overview of the functions of each terminal macro function, and a simplified connection diagram for each.

## 7.1.3. Macro Function Guide

Function	Explanation
STOP	Latched Input, Open the contact to STOP the drive.
RUN	Latched input, Close the contact to Start, the drive will operate as long as the input is maintained.
FWD <b>U</b>	Latched Input, selects the direction of motor rotation FORWARD.
REVU	Latched Input, selects the direction of motor rotation REVERSE.
RUN FWD <b>U</b>	Latched Input, Close to Run in the FORWARD direction, Open to STOP.
RUN REV <b>U</b>	Latched Input, Close to Run in the REVERSE direction, Open to STOP.
ENABLE	Hardware Enable Input. In Keypad Mode, P2-37 determines whether the drive immediately starts, or the keypad start key must be pressed. In other modes, this input must be present before the start command is applied via the fieldbus interface.
START 1	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to START the drive (NC STOP Input must be maintained).
^- START -^	Simultaneously applying both inputs momentarily will START the drive (NC STOP Input must be maintained).
STOP	Normally Closed, Falling Edge, Open momentarily to STOP the drive.
START I FWDU	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to START the drive in the forward direction (NC STOP Input must be maintained).
START <b>1</b> REV <b>U</b>	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to START the drive in the reverse direction (NC STOP Input must be maintained).
^-FAST STOP (P2-25)-^	When both inputs are momentarily active simultaneously, the drive stops using Fast Stop Ramp Time P2-25.
FAST STOP] (P2-25)	Normally Closed, Falling Edge, Open momentarily to FAST STOP the drive using Fast Stop Ramp Time P2-25.
E-TRIP	Normally Closed, External Trip input. When the input opens momentarily, the drive trips showing E-Er IP or PEc-Eh depending on P2-33 setting. See section 4.12.2. Motor Thermistor Connection on page 32 for further information.
Analog Input Al 1	Analog Input 1, signal format selected using P2-30.
Analog Input AI2	Analog Input 2, signal format selected using P2-33.
AI1 REF	Analog Input 1 provides the speed reference.
AI2 REF	Analog Input 2 provides the speed reference.
P2-OX REF	Speed reference from the selected preset speed.
PR-REF	Preset speeds P2-01 – P2-08 are used for the speed reference, selected according to other digital input status.
PI-REF	PI Control Speed Reference.
PI FB	Analog Input used to provide a Feedback signal to the internal PI controller.
KPD REF	Keypad Speed Reference selected.
INC SPD <b>↑</b>	Normally Open, Close the input to Increase the motor speed.
DEC SPD↓	Normally Open, Close input to Decrease motor speed.
FB REF	Selected speed reference from Fieldbus (Modbus RTU / CAN Open / Master depending on P1-12 setting).
(NO)	Input is Normally Open, Close momentarily to activate the function.
(NC)	Input is Normally Closed, Open momentarily to activate the function.
DECEL P1-04	During deceleration and stopping, Deceleration Ramp 1 (P1-04) is used.
DECEL P8-11	During deceleration and stopping, Deceleration Ramp 2 (P8-11) is used (Requires Advanced Parameter Access, see section 6.1. Parameter Set Overview on page 43.

P1-13		DI1		DI2	D	013		AI1 / DI4	AI2 /	/ DI5
State	0	1	0	1	0	1	C		0	1
0						Jser defined				
1	STOP	RUN	FWD U	REV 🗸	P1-12 REF	P2-01	٨n	alog Input Al 1	P2-01	P2-02
2	STOP	RUN	FWD U	REV U	DI3	DI4		DI5	1	
2	SIOP	KUIN	FVVDO	KEV O						Speed
					0	0		0		1 REF
						0				2 REF
					0	1		0		3 REF
					0	0		1		4 REF 5 REF
					1	0		1		6 REF
					0	1		1	P2-0	
					1	1		1		8 REF
3	Stop	RUN	FWD ひ	REV 🗸	P1-12 REF	P2-01 REF	٨n	alog Input Al 1		nput AI2
4	STOP	RUN	FWD U	REV U	P1-12 REF	P2-01 REF		alog Input Al 1	DECEL P1-04	DECEL P8-11
	STOP	RUN	FWD U	REV U	P1-12 REF					
5 6	STOP	RUN	FWD U	REV U	P1-12 REF	AI2 REF P2-01 REF		alog Input Al 1 alog Input Al 1	Analog E-TRIP	NPUT AIZ OK
7	STOP	RUN	FWD U	REV U		013	DI4	Preset Speed	E-TRIP E-TRIP	OK
	51UF	KUIN				Dff	Off	Preser Speed P2-01 REF	L-INIF	UN
						On	Off	P2-02 REF	-	
						Off	On	P2-03 REF	-	
						Dn	On	P2-04 REF	-	
8	Stop	RUN	FWD ひ	REV 🗸		013	DI4	Preset Speed	DECEL P1-04 DECE	DECEL P8-11
J.	5101					Dff	Off	P2-01 REF	DECELTION	DEGELIGIN
						Dn	Off	P2-02 REF	-	
						Off	On	P2-03 REF	-	
						Dn	On	P2-04 REF	-	
9	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV 🗸		013	DI4	Preset Speed	P1-12 REF	PR-REF
						Off	Off	P2-01 REF		
					(	Dn	Off	P2-O2 REF		
					(	Off	On	P2-03 REF	-	
					(	Dn	On	P2-04 REF		
10	STOP	run	FWD ひ	REV <b>び</b>	(NO)	INC SPD 1	(NO)	DEC SPD ↓	P1-12 REF1	P2-01-REF
11	STOP	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV 🗸	P1-12 REF	PR-REF	An	alog Input Al 1	P2-01 REF	P2-02 REF
12	Stop	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV 🗸	D	013	DI4	D15	Preset	Speed
					(	Off	Off	Off	P2-0	1 REF
					(	Dn	Off	Off	P2-0	2 REF
					(	Off	On	Off	P2-0	3 REF
					(	Dn	On	Off	P2-0	4 REF
					(	Off	Off	On	P2-0	5 REF
					(	Dn	Off	On	P2-0	6 REF
					(	Off	On	On	P2-0	7 REF
					(	Dn	On	On	P2-0	8 REF
13	STOP	RUN FWD <b>ひ</b>	STOP	RUN REV 🗸	P1-12 REF	P2-01 REF	And	alog Input Al 1	Analog	nput Al2
14	Stop	RUN FWD <b>ひ</b>	STOP	RUN REV 🗸	P1-12 REF	P2-01 REF	And	alog Input Al 1	DECEL P1-04	DECEL P8-11
15	STOP	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV 🗸	P1-12 REF	AI2-REF	And	alog Input Al 1	Analog	nput Al2
16	STOP	RUN FWD U	STOP	RUN REV 🗸	P1-12 REF	P2-01 REF	And	alog Input Al 1	E-TRIP	OK

# 7.2. Digital Input Configuration Parameter P1-13

P1-13		DI1		DI2		013		AI1 / DI4	AI2,	/ DI5
State	0	1	0	1	0	1		0 1	0	1
17	Stop	RUN FWD U	STOP	RUN REV 🗸	I	DI3	DI4	Preset Speed	E-TRIP	OK
					(	Off	Off	P2-01 REF		
					(	Эn	Off	P2-O2 REF		
					(	Off	On	P2-03 REF		
					(	On	On	P2-04 REF		
18	Stop	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV 🗸		013	DI4	Preset Speed	DECEL P1-04	DECEL P8-11
					(	Off	Off	P2-01 REF		
					(	On	Off	P2-O2 REF		
					(	Dff	On	P2-O3 REF		
					(	On	On	P2-04 REF		
19	Stop	RUN FWD U	STOP	RUN REV 🗸		013	DI4	Preset Speed	P1-12 REF	PR-REF
					(	Off	Off	P2-01 REF		
					(	Эn	Off	P2-O2 REF		
					(	Dff	On	P2-O3 REF		
					(	Эn	On	P2-04 REF		
20	Stop	RUN FWD <b>U</b>	STOP	RUN REV 🗸	(NO)	INC SPD <b>†</b>	(NO)	DEC SPD ↓	P1-12 REF1	P2-01-REF
21	(NO)	Start 」 FWD <b>じ</b>	STOP 7	(NC)	(NO)	START ゴ REV び	An	alog Input Al 1	P1-12 REF	P2-01-REF

1) When P1-12 = 0 and P 1-13 = 10 or 20, the Motorised Pot / Keypad reference is automatically selected to be the Selected Speed Reference.

# 7.3. Example Connection Schematics

		P1-13 Setting:		1	4	11	14
:	9	· · · · · · · · ·	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC
	+2		<b>2</b> DI 1	Disable / Enable	Disable / Enable	Run Forward	Run Forward
\`	+24 V DC*		3 DI 2	Forward / Reverse	Forward / Reverse	Run Reverse	Run Reverse
			<b>4</b> DI 3	P1-12 Reference / PR Reference	P1-12 Reference / PR Reference	P1-12 Reference / PR Reference	P1-12 Reference / PR Reference
		6	5 +10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC
		₊-	6 AI 1	Analog Input 1	Analog Input 1	Analog Input 1	Analog Input 1
			7 0V / COM	ov / com	OV / COM	ov / com	ov / com
			8 AO 1	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)
	$\neg$	$\searrow$	9 0V / COM	ov / com	OV / COM	ov / com	OV / COM
			10 DI 5	Preset Speed Select (P2-01 / P2-02)	Dec. Ramp Select (P1-04 / P8-11)	Preset Speed Select (P2-01 / P2-02)	Dec. Ramp Select (P1-O4 / P8-11)
			AO 2	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)
	l		12 STO+	STO+	STO+	STO+	STO+
			13 STO-	sto-	sto-	STO-	STO-

**NOTE** \* Optional external 24V DC power supply

P1-13 Setting:		2		8	9		12		18	19
+24 DC		+24V DC	+24	4V DC	+24V	DC	+24V D0	С	+24V DC	+24V DC
		Disable / Enable		able / nable	Disab Enal		Run Forwa	ard	Run Forward	Run Forward
	<u> </u>	orward / Reverse		ward / everse	Forwa Reve		Run Rever	se	Run Reverse	Run Reverse
4 DI.	Pres	et Speed Select BIT O		ipeed Select BIT O	Preset Spee BIT		Preset Speed S BIT O	Select	Preset Speed Select BIT O	Preset Speed Select BIT O
5 +10 DC		+10V DC	+](	OV DC	+10V	DC	+10V D0	С	+10V DC	+10V DC
-6 DI	Pres	et Speed Select BIT 1	Preset S E	ipeed Select BIT 1	Preset Spee BIT	ed Select 1	Preset Speed S BIT 1	Select	Preset Speed Select BIT 1	Preset Speed Select BIT 1
7 <sub>CO</sub>	<u>́л</u> с	V/COM	OV /	/ COM	0V / C	СОМ	0V / CO	М	OV / COM	OV / COM
<b>8</b> AO	1 And (N	alog Output 1 1otor Speed)	Analog (Moto	g Output 1 or Speed)	Analog C (Motor S		Analog Outp (Motor Spe		Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)
		V/COM	OV /	/ COM	0V / C	СОМ	0V / CO	М	OV / COM	OV / COM
	Pres	et Speed Select BIT 2		amp Select 4 / P8-11)	P1-12 Re / Prese		Dec. Ramp S (P1-04 / P8		Dec. Ramp Select (P1-04 / P8-11)	P1-12 Reference / Preset Ref
		alog Output 2 Notor Current)		g Output 2 or Current)	Analog C (Motor C		Analog Outp (Motor Curr		Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)
	+	STO+	S	STO+	STC	)+	STO+		STO+	STO+
<b>13</b> STC	-	STO-	S	STO-	STC	)-	sto-		sto-	sto-
P1-13 Setting:		3		5			13		15	
+2	IV DC	+24V D	С	+24V	' DC	+2	4V DC		+24V DC	
	011	Disable / E	nable	Disable /	/ Enable	Run	Forward	R	un Forward	
	012	Forward Reverse		Forwa Reve		Run	Reverse	R	un Reverse	
4	013	P1-12 Refere P2-01 Refer		P1-12 Ref AI 2 Ref			Reference / Reference		2 Reference / 2 Reference	

+10V DC

Analog Input 1

OV / COM

Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)

OV / COM

Analog Input 2

Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)

STO+

STO-

+10V DC

Analog Input 1

OV/COM

Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)

OV/COM

Analog Input 2

Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)

STO+

STO-

<u>o</u>	+24	2	DI 1	Disable / Enable	Disable / Enable
Ter	+ 4 V DC*	3	DI 2	Forward / Reverse	Forward / Reverse
m.		4	DI 3	P1-12 Reference / P2-01 Reference	P1-12 Reference / AI 2 Reference
	1 1	5	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC
Ē		<b>∢</b> — 6	AI 1 / DI 4	Analog Input 1	Analog Input 1
JNC		<del>ک</del> ک	0V / COM	ov / com	ov / com
ŧ		8	AO 1	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)
ns	$\vdash$	9	0V / COM	ov / com	ov / com
7		► 10	AI 2 / DI 5	Analog Input 2	Analog Input 2
		11	AO 2	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)
			STO+	STO+	STO+
		13	sto-	STO-	STO-



	P1-13 Setting	<b>j:</b>		6	16
;	•	1	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC
+24		2	DI 1	Disable / Enable	Run Forward
+ -		3	DI 2	Forward / Reverse	Run Reverse
		4	DI 3	P1-12 Reference / P2-01 Reference	P1-12 Reference / P2-01 Reference
		5	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC
	-	6	AI 1	Analog Input 1	Analog Input 1
		7	0V / COM	OV / COM	OV / COM
		8	AO 1	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)
+		9	OV / COM	ov / com	OV / COM
		10	DI 5	E-trip	E-trip
	l. M	11	AO 2	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)
		12	STO+	STO+	STO+
		13	sto-	sto-	STO-
	P1-13 Setting			7	17
, <b>(</b>		<u>بر</u> ۱	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC
, , , ,		2	DI 1	Disable / Enable	Run Forward
+ -		3	DI 2	Forward / Reverse	Run Reverse
		4	DI 3	Preset Speed Select BIT O	Preset Speed Selec BIT O
		5	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC
- ; I					
		6	DI 1	Preset Speed Select BIT 1	Preset Speed Selec BIT 1
		6 7	OV /		
		6 7 8		BIT 1	BIT 1
			0V / COM	BIT 1 OV / COM Analog Output 1	BIT 1 OV / COM Analog Output 1

**NOTE** \* Optional external 24V DC power supply

10

11

12

13

DI 5

AO 2

STO+

STO-

External trip (NC) External trip (NC)

Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)

STO+

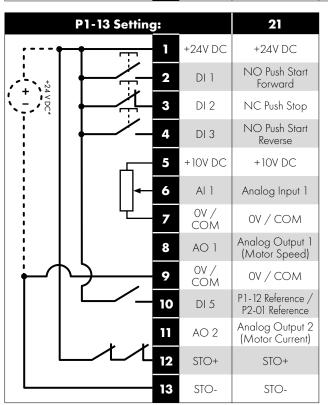
STO-

Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)

STO+

STO-

	l	P1-13 Setting	<b>j:</b>		10	20
	•	r	1	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC
			2	DI 1	Disable / Enable	Run Forward
+ 4 V DC*			3	DI 2	Forward / Reverse	Run Reverse
			4	DI 3	Increase Speed	Increase Speed
			5	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC
			6	DI 4	Decrease Speed	Decrease Speed
			7	OV / COM	ov / com	ov / com
			8	AO 1	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)
<b>∔</b> ∕	∱-		9	0V / COM	ov / com	ov / com
			10	DI 5	P1-12 Reference / P2-01 Reference	P1-12 Reference / P2-01 Reference
			11	AO 2	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)
			12	STO+	STO+	STO+
			13	sto-	sto-	sto-



**NOTE** \* Optional external 24V DC power supply

# 8. Extended Parameters

# 8.1. Parameter Group 2 - Extended Parameters

Par		Parameter Nam	e	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
P2-01	Preset	Jog Frequency / Speed 1		P1-02	P1-01	5.0	Hz / Rpm				
P2-02	Preset	Jog Frequency / Speed 2		P1-02	P1-01	10.0	Hz / Rpm				
P2-03	Preset	Jog Frequency / Speed 3		P1-02	P1-01	25.0	Hz / Rpm				
P2-04	Preset	Jog Frequency / Speed 4		P1-02	P1-01	50.0 (60.0)	Hz / Rpm				
P2-05	Preset	Jog Frequency / Speed 5		P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm				
P2-06	Preset	Jog Frequency / Speed 6		P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm				
P2-07	Preset	Jog Frequency / Speed 7		P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm				
P2-08	Preset	Jog Frequency / Speed 8		P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm				
	lf P 1 - 10	beeds / Frequencies selected by a = 0, the values are entered as Hz. negative value will reverse the dir	If P1-10 > 0, the values of $P_{1}$	•							
P2-09	Skip Fr	equency Center Point		P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm				
P2-10	Skip Fr	equency Band Width		0.0	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm				
	causes m used cor respectiv	Frequency function is used to avo nechanical resonance in a particul njunction with P2-10. The Optidrive ely, and will not hold any output fi l, the Optidrive output frequency v	lar machine. Parameter P e output frequency will rai requency within the define	2-09 defines the mp through the de ed band. If the fre	centre point of th efined band at th equency reference	e skip frequency k e rates set in P1-C	oand, and is )3 and P1-04				
P2-11	Analog	Output 1 Function (Termin	al 8)	0	12	8	-				
	Digital	Output Mode. Logic 1 = +24	V DC								
	0	Drive running	Logic 1 when the Optic	lrive is enabled (F	Running).						
	1	Drive healthy	Logic 1 When no Fault	condition exists o	n the drive.						
	2	At speed	Logic 1 when the outpu	t frequency matc	nes the setpoint fr	equency.					
	3	Motor speed > 0	Logic 1 when the motor runs above zero speed.								
	4	Motor speed >= limit	Logic 1 when the motor speed exceeds the adjustable limit.								
	5	Motor current >= limit	Logic 1 when the motor	Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the adjustable limit.							
	6	Motor torque >= limit	Logic when the motor torque exceeds the adjustable limit.								
	7	Analog input 2 >= limit	Logic when the signal o	gic when the signal applied to the Analog Input 2 exceeds the adjustable limit.							
	to Logic	Vhen using settings 4 – 7, parame 1 when the selected signal exceed ogrammed in P2-17.	ters P2-16 and P2-17 mu ds the value programmed	st be used togeth in P2-16, and re	er to control the l turn to Logic 0 w	pehaviour. The ou hen the signal fall:	tput will switch s below the				
	Analog	Output Mode									
	8	Motor speed	0 to P1-01.								
	9	Motor current	0 to 200% of P1-08.								
	10	Motor torque	0 to 200% of motor rat	ed torque.							
	11	Motor power	0 to 150% of drive rate	d power.							
	12	PID Output	Output from the interna	PID Controller, C	0 - 100%.						
P2-12	Analog	Output 1 Format		See E	Below	U 0- 10	-				
	U 0- 10	0 to 10V									
	U 10-0	10 to 0V									
	8 O-SO	A D-20 O to 20mA									
	8 20-0	<b>A 20-0</b> 20 to 0mA									
	R 4-20	4 to 20mA									
	Я 20-Ч	20 to 4mA									

_		Parameter Nar	ne	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
2-13	Analog	Output 2 Function (Termi	nal 11)	0	12	9	-				
	Digital	Output Mode. Logic 1 = +2	4V DC								
	0	Drive running	Logic 1 when the Optic	frive is enabled (	Running).						
	1	Drive healthy	Logic 1 when no Fault a	condition exists o	n the drive.						
	2	At speed	Logic 1 when the output	t frequency matc	hes the setpoint fr	equency.					
	3	Motor speed > 0	Logic 1 when the motor	r runs above zerc	speed.						
	4	Motor speed >= limit	Logic 1 when the motor	r speed exceeds	the adjustable lim	iit.					
	5	Motor current >= limit	Logic 1 when the motor	r current exceeds	the adjustable lin	nit.					
	6	Motor torque >= limit	Logic when the motor to	orque exceeds th	e adjustable limit.						
	7	Analog input 2 >= limit	Logic when the signal c	pplied to the And	alog Input 2 exce	eds the adjustabl	e limit.				
	to Logic value pro	Vhen using settings 4 – 7, param 1 when the selected signal exce ogrammed in P2-20.	eters P2- 19 and P2-20 mu eds the value programmed	ust be used togetl I in P2-19, and re	ner to control the turn to Logic 0 wł	behaviour. The ou nen the signal fall:	tput will swite s below the				
	Analog	Output Mode									
	8	Motor speed	0 to P1-01.								
	9	Motor current	0 to 200% of P1-08.								
	10	Motor torque	0 to 200% of motor rat	ed torque.							
	11	Motor power	0 to 150% of drive rate	d power.							
	12	PID output	Output from the interna	ernal PID Controller, 0 – 100%.							
l f	Analog	log Output 2 Format See Below U D- 1D -									
	U 0- 10	0 to 10V									
	U 10-0	IO to OV									
	8 O-SO	0 to 20mA									
	A 50-0	20 to OmA									
	A 4-50	4 to 20mA									
	Я 20-Ч	20 to 4mA									
2-15	Relay	Function		0	14	1	-				
	Setting	Function	Logic 1 when								
	0	Drive running	The Optidrive is enable	d (Running).							
	1	Drive healthy	No fault or trip condition	on exists on the dr	ive.						
	2	At speed	Output frequency matc	hes the setpoint f	requency.						
	3	Motor speed > 0	The motor runs above z	ero speed.							
	4	Motor speed >= limit	The motor speed excee	eds the adjustable	e limit.						
	5	Motor current >= limit	The motor current excee	eds the adjustabl	e limit.						
	6	Motor torque >= limit	The motor torque excee	eds the adjustable	e limit.						
	7	Analog input 2 >= limit	The signal applied to th	e Analog Input 2	exceeds the adj	ustable limit.					
	8	Reserved	No Function.								
	9	Reserved	No Function.								
	10	Maintenance due	The internally programm	nable maintenan	ce timer has elaps	sed.					
	11	Drive ready to run	0 to 150% of drive rate	d power.							
	12	Drive tripped	The drive is not tripped, hardware enable input	the STO circuit is present (Digital I	s closed, the main nput 1 unless cha	s supply is preser nged by the user	t and the ).				
		STO status	When both STO inputs are present and the drive is able to be operated.								
	13		The PID Error (difference between setpoint and feedback) is greater than or equal to the programmed limit.								

Par		Parameter N	ame	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P2-16	Relay	1 / Analog Output 1 Up	per Limit	P2-17	200.0	100.0	%			
P2-17	Relay	1 / Analog Output 1 Lov	ver Limit	0.0	P2-16	0.0	%			
	Used in	conjunction with some settings	of Parameters P2-11 & P2-15	5.		I				
P2-18	Relay	2 Function		0	14	0	-			
	Setting	Function	Logic 1 when	gic 1 when						
	0	Drive running	The Optidrive is enable	drive is enabled (Running).						
	1	Drive healthy	No fault or trip conditio	on exists on the dr	ive.					
	2	At speed	Output frequency matc	quency matches the setpoint frequency.						
	3	Motor speed > 0	The motor runs above z							
	4	Motor speed >= limit	The motor speed excee	1	e limit.					
	5	Motor current >= limit	The motor current exce							
	6	Motor torque >= limit	The motor torque excee							
	7	Analog input 2 >= limit		1		istable limit				
	8	Hoist brake control	The signal applied to the Analog Input 2 exceeds the adjustable limit.           Enables Hoist Mode. The Output relay may be used to control the motor holding brake							
			Refer to your Invertek D	Prives Sales Partne	er for further inform	nation.				
	9	Reserved	No Function.							
	10	Maintenance due	The internally program	nable maintenan	ce timer has elap	sed.				
	11	Drive ready to run	0 to 150% of drive rate	d power.						
	12	Drive tripped	The drive is not tripped, hardware enable input	d, the STO circuit is closed, the mains supply is present and the ut present (Digital Input 1 unless changed by the user).						
V	13	STO status	When both STO inputs	are present and	the drive is able t	o be operated.				
	14	PID error >= limit	e between setpo	int and feedback	) is greater than a	or equal to th				
	will swite	When using settings 4 – 7 and ch to Logic 1 when the selectec ne value programmed in P2-17.	l signal exceeds the value pr	'2-17 must be use ogrammed in P2	ed together to cor - 16, and return to	ntrol the behaviou Logic 0 when the	ur. The output e signal falls			
2-19	Relay	2 / Analog Output 2 Upp	per Limit	P2-20	200.0	100.0	%			
2-20	Relay	2 / Analog Output 2 Lov	ver Limit	0.0	P2-19	0.0	%			
	Used in	conjunction with some settings	of Parameters P2-13 & P2-13	8.						
2-21	Displa	y Scaling Factor		-30.000	30.000	0.000	-			
2-22	Displa	y Scaling Source		0	3	0	-			
	display If P2-21	P2-22 allow the user to progr conveyer speed in metres per s is set >0, the variable selected ' to indicate the customer scale	econd based on the output t in P2-22 is multiplied by the	requency. This fu	nction is disabled	if P2-21 is set to	0.			
	P2-22	Options	Scaled Value is							
	0	Motor Speed	If P1-10 = 0, Output Fre If P1-10 > 0, Motor RP		-					
	1	Motor Current	Motor Amps x Scaling	Factor						
	2	Analog Input 2	Analog Input 2 % (PO-C		tor					
	3	P0-80 Value	PO-80 Value x Scaling							
2-23	-	peed Holding Time		0.0	60.0	0.2	Second			
		nes the time for which the drive c	utput frequency is held at zer							
2-24		ve Switching Frequency			Rating Depe		kHz			
	Effective power a	power stage switching frequent nd voltage rating. Higher freque pense of increased drive losses.	encies reduce the audible 'rin	able and factory	default parameter	setting depend a	n the drive			
2-25		pense of increased arive losses. ecel Ramp Time		0.00	240.0	0.00	Second			
	digital ir	ameter allows an alternative de puts (dependent on the setting et to 0.0, the drive will coast to	to be programme atically in the cas	ed into the Optidri se of a mains pov	ve, which can be ver loss if P2-38	e selected by = 2.				

Par		Parameter Nam	e	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P2-26	Spin St	art Enable		0	2	0	-
	0	Disabled	Spin Start is not active. always stationary befor	This setting should re the drive is end	d be used for all c abled.	pplications wher	e the motor is
	1	Enabled	When enabled, on star rotating, and will begin observed when starting	to control the ma	otor from its curren		
	2	Enabled on trip, brown out, coast	Spin start is active only	following the liste	ed conditions, othe	erwise spin start is	disabled.
P2-27	Standb	y Mode Timer		0.0	250.0	0.0	Seconds
	This para for great P2-27 =	imeter defines the time period, wh er than the set time period, the Op 0.0.	ereby if the drive operate tidrive output will be disc	es at the frequences at the frequences at the frequences and the distribution of the d	y / speed set in P splay will show <b>5</b> E	3-14 (Standby sp <b>ndby</b> . The function	peed threshold) on is disabled if
P2-28	Slave S	peed Scaling Control		0	3	0	-
	Active in factor or	Keypad mode (P1-12 = 1 or 2) c adjusted using an analog trim or	und Slave mode (P1-12=5 offset.	5) only. The keyp	ad reference can	be multiplied by a	a preset scaling
	0	Disabled (No Scaling)					
	1	Master Speed * P2-29					
	2	(Master Speed * P2-29) +	analog input 1				
	3	(Master Speed * P2-29) *	analog input 1				
P2-29	Slave S	peed Scaling Factor		-500.0	500.0	100.0	%
	Used in a	conjunction with P2-28.					
P2-30	Analog	Input 1 (Terminal 6) Forma	at	See	Below	U 0- 10	-
	Setting	Signal Format					
	U 0- 10	0 to 10 Volt Signal (Uni-polar)					
	U 10-0	10 to 0 Volt Signal (Uni-polar)					
	- 10- 10	- 10 to + 10 Volt Signal (Bi-polar)					
	A 0-20	0 to 20mA Signal					
	F A-50	4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive			0		
	r 4-20	4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive					
	F 50-A	20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive					
	r 20-4	<u> </u>	will ramp to Preset Spee				
P2-31		Input 1 Scaling	(00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.	0.0	2000.0	100.0	%
		ne analog input by this factor, e.g. running at maximum speed (P1-C		/, and the scaling	factor is set to 20	)0.0%, a 5 volt in	put will result in
P2-32	Analog	Input 1 Offset		-500.0	500.0	0.0	%
	Sets an a	offset, as a percentage of the full s	cale range of the input, w	, hich is applied to	the analog input	signal.	
P2-33	Analog	Input 2 (Terminal 10) Form	at	See	Below	U 0- 10	-
	Setting	Signal Format					
	U 0- 10	0 to 10 Volt Signal (Uni-polar)					
	U 10-0	10 to 0 Volt Signal (Uni-polar)					
	Ptc-th	Motor PTC Thermistor Input					
	8 O-20	0 to 20mA Signal					
	£ 4-20	4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive	will trip and show the fau	ult code <b>4-20F</b> i	f the signal level fo	alls below 3mA	
	r 4-20	4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive					
	F 50-A	20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	r 20-4	20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive	will ramp to Preset Spee	d 8 (P2-08) if the			
P2-34		J Input 2 Scaling		0.0	2000.0	100.0	%
		ne analog input by this factor, e.g. running at maximum speed (P1-C		/, and the scaling	factor is set to 20	00.0%, a 5 volt in	put will result in

Par		Parameter Nam	e	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P2-35	Analog	Input 2 Offset		-500.0	500.0	0.0	%			
	Sets an c	offset, as a percentage of the full s	cale range of the input, v	vhich is applied to	the analog input	t signal.				
P2-36	Start M	ode Select / Automatic Re	start	See I	Below	AULo-D	%			
	Defines t	he behaviour of the drive relating	to the enable digital inpu	uput and also configures the Automatic Restart function.						
	Ed9E-r	Following Power on or reset, the on or reset to start the drive.	drive will not start if Digi	tal Input 1 remain	s closed. The Inpu	t must be closed	after a power			
	AULo-D	Following a Power On or Reset,	the drive will automatica	lly start if Digital I	nput 1 is closed.					
	AUEo- I	Following a trip, the drive will ma	ake up to 5 attempts to re	estart at 20 secon	d intervals. The dr	ive must be powe	ered down to			
	ANF0-5	reset the counter. The numbers o fault with, and will require the us	f restart attempts are cou er to manually reset the f	nted, and if the di ault.	rive fails to start or	n the final attempt	the drive will			
	AULo-3		7							
	AULo-4									
	AULo-S									
		ANGER! "RULa'' modes allo ifety needs to be considere	ow the drive to Auto d.	-start, therefo	re the impact o	on system/Pei	rsonnel			
P2-37	Keypa	d Start Mode		0	7	1	-			
	This parc on the ke	meter is only active when P1-12 = ypad. When settings 4 – 7 are us	= 1 or 2. When settings C sed, the drive starting is c	to 3 are used, th ontrolled by the e	e drive must be ste nable digital inpu	arted by pressing t.	the Start key			
	0	Minimum speed, keypad start	Following a stop and r	run at the minimur	n speed P1-02					
	1	Previous speed, keypad start	Following a stop and restart, the drive will return to the last keypad setpoint s prior to stopping.							
	2	Current speed, keypad start	Where the Optidrive is configured for multiple speed references (typically the control or Local / Remote control), when switched to keypad mode by a did drive will continue to operate at the last operating speed.							
	3	Preset speed 8, keypad start	Following a stop and re	estart, the Optidriv	e will always initia	lly run at Preset Sp	eed 8 (P2-08)			
	4	Minimum speed, terminal start	Following a stop and r	Following a stop and restart, the drive will always initially run at the minimum speed P						
	5	Previous speed, terminal start	Following a stop and restart, the drive will return to the last keypad setpoint speed used prior to stopping.							
	6	Current speed, terminal start	Where the Optidrive is configured for multiple speed references (typically Hand / Auto control or Local / Remote control), when switched to keypad mode by a digital input, the drive will continue to operate at the last operating speed.							
	7	Preset speed 8, terminal start	Following a stop and re	estart, the Optidriv	e will always initia	lly run at Preset Sp	eed 8 (P2-08)			
P2-38	Mains	Loss Stop / Ride Through		0	3	0	-			
	0	Mains Loss Ride Through	The Optidrive will atter motor. Providing that th before the drive contro of mains power.	e mains loss perio	od is short, and suf	ficient energy ca	n be recovered			
	1	Coast To Stop	The Optidrive will imme or free wheel. When u 26) may need to be e	sing this setting w	ne output to the m ith high inertia loa	otor, allowing the ds, the Spin Start	load to coast function (P2-			
	2	Fast Ramp To Stop	The drive will ramp to s	top at the rate pr	ogrammed in the :	2nd deceleration	time P2-25.			
	3	DC bus supply mode	This mode is intended to Bus connections. Refer	o be used when tł to your Invertek S	ne drive is powere ales Partner for fur	d directly via the - ther details.	+DC and –DC			
P2-39	Param	eter Lock	•	0	1	0	-			
	0	Unlocked	All parameters can be	accessed and ch	ianged.					
	1	Locked	Parameter values can be displayed, but cannot be changed.							
P2-40	Extend	ed Menu Access Code	1	0	9999	101	-			
		he access code which must be er			L above Group 1	-				

# 8.2. Parameter Group 3 – PID Control

#### 8.2.1. Overview

Optidrive P2 provides an internal PID controller. Parameters for configuration of the PID controller are located together in Group 3. For simple applications, the user needs to only define the setpoint source (P3-05 to select the source or P3-06 for a fixed setpoint), feedback source (P3-10) and adjust the P Gain (P3-01), I time (P3-02) and optionally the differential time (P3-03).

The PID operation is uni-directional, and all signals are treated as 0 – 100% to provide a simple, intuitive operating format.

#### 8.2.2. Parameter List

Par		Parameter Nam	е	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P3-01	PID	Proportional Gain		0.0	30.0	1.0	-			
	PID ( in the	Controller Proportional Gain. Higher ve feedback signal. Too high a value cc	alues provide a greater cl in cause instability.	hange in the driv	e output frequenc	y in response to s	mall change			
P3-02	PID	Integral Time Constant		0.0	30.0	1.0	S			
	PID (	Controller Integral Time. Larger values	provide a more damped	response for sys	tems where the ov	erall process resp	oonds slowly			
P3-03	PID	Differential Time Constant		0.00	1.00	0.00	S			
	PID D	Differential Time Constant.								
P3-04	PID	Operating Mode	0 1 0 -							
	0	Direct	Use this mode if an incre feedback signal.							
	1	Inverse	Use this mode if an incre feedback signal.	ease in the moto		sult in a decrease	in the			
<b>P3-05</b>	PID	Reference Select		0	2	0	-			
	0	Digital preset	P3-06 is used.							
	1	Analog Input 1	Analog Input 1 as displa	ayed in PO-01 is	used.					
	2	Analog Input 2	Analog Input 2 as displa	ayed in PO-O2 is	used.					
93-06	PID	Digital Reference Value		0.0	100.0	0.0	%			
	from	n P3-05 = 0, this parameter sets the pro a transducer such as a pressure transd ar transducer, 4 bar = 40%) or the leve	ucer or level measurement							
P3-07	PID	Output Upper Limit		P3-08	100.0	100.0	%			
	Limits	the maximum value output from the PI	D controller.							
P3-08	PID	Output Lower Limit		0.0	P3-07	0.0	%			
	Limits	the minimum output from the PID cont	roller.							
P3-09	PID	Output Limit Select		0	3	0	-			
	0	Digital Output Limits	The output range of the	PID controller is	limited by the valu	es of P3-07 & P3	8-08.			
	1	Upper limit set by analog input 1	The output range of the applied to Analog Input		limited by the valu	es of P3-08 & the	e signal			
	2	Lower limit set by analog input 1	The output range of the PID controller is limited by the signal applied to Analog the value of P3-07.							
	3	PID output added to analog input 1	The output value from the Analog Input 1.	e PID Controller	is added to the sp	peed reference a	oplied to the			
<b>P3-10</b>	PID	Feedback Select		0	5	0	-			
	0	Analog Input 2								
	1	Analog Input 1								
	2	Motor Current								
	3	DC Bus Voltage								
	4	Differential : Analog Input 1	– Analog Input 2							
	5	Largest Value : Analog Input	1 or Analog Input 2							
<b>P</b> 3-11	PID	Error To Enable Ramp		0.0	25.0	0.0	%			
	the ir chan	nes a threshold PID error level, whereb ternal ramp times of the drive are disa ge of motor speed on large PID errors ng to 0.0 means that the drive ramps a	bled. Where a greater PI s, and react quickly to smc	D error exists, the all errors.	e ramp times are e	enabled to limit th	e rate of			
	ramp	is where a fast reaction to the PID con ble over current or over voltage trips b	trol is required, however b	oy only disabling	the ramps when a	a small PID error	exists, the ris			

Par		Parameter Name			Maximum	Default	Units	
P3-12	PID	Feedback Display Scaling		0.000	50.000	0.000	-	
		ies a scaling factor to the displayed P D – 10 Bar etc.	ID feedback, allowing the	e user to display t	he actual signal l	evel from a trans	ducer,	
P3-13	PID	Error Wake Level		0.0	100.0	5.0	%	
	Sets a programmable level whereby if the drive enters standby motor whilst operating under PID control, the selected feedback signal must fall below this threshold before the drive will return to normal operation.							
P3-18	PID	Reset Control		0	1	1	-	
	0	Continuous operation	In this operating mode, the PID controller operates continuously, regardless of whether the drive is enabled or disabled. This can result in the output of the PID controller reaching the maximum level prior to the drive enable signal being applied.					
	I         Operate only when the drive is enabled         In this operating mode, the PID controller only operates when the drive is enabled.						nabled, and	

# 8.3. Parameter Group 4 – High Performance Motor Control

#### 8.3.1. Overview

Parameters relating to the motor control are located together in Group 4. These parameters allow the user to:

- Select the motor type to match the connected motor.
- Carry out an autotune.
- Define the torque limits and setpoint source for control methods that support this (vector control methods only).

Optidrive P2 can operate with both Asynchronous Induction Motors, the type most commonly seen today, and also some synchronous motors. The sections below provide basic guidance on how to adjust the parameters to operate with the required motor type.

## 8.3.2. Asynchronous IM Motors

#### **IM Motor Control Methods**

IM Motors may be operated in the following modes:

- V/F Speed Control (Default Mode)
  - o This mode provides the simplest control, and is suitable for a wide range of applications.
- Sensorless Vector Torque Control
  - o This method is suitable for specific applications only, which require the motor torque to be the primary control function, rather than speed, and should be used with extreme care only in specific applications.
- Sensorless Vector Speed Control
  - o This method provides increased starting torque compared to V/F mode, along with improved motor speed regulation with changing load conditions. This method is suitable for more demanding applications.

#### **Operating in Sensorless Vector Speed Control Mode**

Optidrive P2 can be programmed by the user to operate in Sensorless Vector mode, which provides enhanced low speed torque, optimum motor speed regulation regardless of load and accurate control of the motor torque. In most applications, the default Voltage Vector control mode will provide adequate performance, however if Sensorless Vector operation is required, use the following procedure.

- Ensure advanced parameter access is enabled by setting P1-14 = 101.
- Enter the motor nameplate details into the relevant parameters as follows:
  - o P1-07 Motor Rated Voltage
  - o P1-08 Motor Rated Current
  - o P1-09 Motor Rated Frequency
  - o (Optional) P1-10 Motor Rated Speed (Rpm)
  - o P4-05 Motor Power Factor.
- Select Sensorless Vector Speed Control mode by setting P4-01 = 0.
- Ensure that the motor is correctly connected to the drive.
- Carry out a motor data Autotune by setting P4-02 = 1.

The Autotune will begin immediately when P4-O2 is set regardless of the status of the drive enable signal. Whilst the autotune procedure does not drive or spin the motor, the motor shaft may still turn slightly. It is not normally necessary to uncouple the load from the motor; however the user should ensure that no risk arises from the possible movement of the motor shaft.

It is essential that the correct motor data is entered into the relevant drive parameters. Incorrect parameter settings can result in poor or even dangerous performance.

# 8.3.3. Synchronous Motors

### Overview

Optidrive P2 provides open loop vector control of the following synchronous motor types.

### Permanent Magnet AC (PM AC) Motors and Brushless DC (BLDC) Motors

Optidrive P2 can be used to control Permanent Magnet AC or Brushless DC motors without a feedback encoder or resolver. These motors operate synchronously, and a vector control strategy is used to maintain correct operation. In general, the motor can be operated between 10% - 100% of rated speed with a correctly selected and configured drive. Optimum control is achieved when the motor back EMF / Rated speed ratio is >= 1V/Hz. Motors with Back EMF / Rated frequency ratio below this level may not operate correctly, or may operate only with reduced speed range.

PM AC and BLDC motor control employs the same strategy, and the same commissioning method is applied.



Permanent Magnet motors (including BLDC) produce an output voltage known as the Back EMF when the shaft is rotated. The user must ensure that the motor shaft cannot rotate at a speed where this Back EMF exceeds the voltage limit for the drive, otherwise damage can occur.

The following parameter settings are necessary before attempting to operate the motor.

- Ensure advanced parameter access is enabled by setting P1-14 = 101 (default value for security access).
- Enter the motor nameplate details into the relevant parameters as follows:
  - o P1-07 Back EMF at Rated Frequency / Speed (kE)
    - This is the voltage imposed by the magnets at the drive output terminals when the motor operates at rated frequency or speed. Some motors may provide a value for volts per thousand RPM, and it may be necessary to calculate the correct value for P1-07.
  - o P1-08 Motor Rated Current.
  - o P1-09 Motor Rated Frequency.
  - o (Optional) P1-10 Motor Rated Speed (Rpm).
- Select PM Motor Speed control mode by setting P4-01 = 3 or BLDC Motor Speed Control by setting P4-01 = 5.
- Ensure that the motor is correctly connected to the drive.
- Carry out a motor data Autotune by setting P4-02 = 1.
  - o The autotune measures the electrical data required from the motor to ensure good control.
- To improve motor starting and low speed operation, the following parameters may require adjustment:
  - o P7-14: Low Frequency Torque Boost Current: Injects additional current into the motor to help rotor alignment at low output frequency. Set as % of P1-08.
  - o P7-15: Low Frequency Torque Boost Frequency Limit: Defines the frequency range where the torque boost is applied. Set as % of P1-09.

Following the steps above, it should be possible to operate the motor. Further parameter settings are possible to enhance the performance if required, please refer to your Invertek Drives Sales Partner for more information.

## 8.3.4. Synchronous Reluctance (Syn RM) Motors

When operating with Synchronous Reluctance motors, carry out the following steps:

- Ensure advanced parameter access is enabled by setting P1-14 = 101 (default value for security access).
- Enter the motor nameplate details into the relevant parameters as follows:
  - o P1-07 Motor Rated Voltage.
  - o P1-08 Motor Rated Current.
  - o P1-09 Motor Rated Frequency.
  - o (Optional) P1-10 Motor Rated Speed (Rpm).
  - o P4-05 Motor Power Factor.
- Select Synchronous Reluctance Motor Control mode by setting P4-01 = 6.
- Ensure that the motor is correctly connected to the drive.
- Carry out a motor data Autotune by setting P4-02 = 1.

#### 8.3.5. Group 4 Parameter Listing



Incorrect adjustment of parameters in menu group 4 can cause unexpected behaviour of the motor and any connected machinery. It is recommended that these parameters are only adjusted by experienced users.

Par		Pa	rameter No	ame	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P4-01	Motor Co	ontrol Mode				0	6	2	-		
	Setting	Motor Type	Primary Control	Control Method	Additional Intermation						
	0	IM	Speed	Vector	Speed contro	ol with Torque Lir	nit. Torque Limit S	ource selected by	y P4-06.		
	1	IM	Torque	Vector	Torque Contr Speed Limit c	ol with Speed Li defined by the Sp	mit. Torque refere peed Reference.	nce selected by f	P4-06.		
	2	IM	Speed	V/F	V/F control f	or simple applic	ations with standa	ard IM Motors.			
	3	AC PM	Speed	Vector	For speed cc	ontrol of AC PM	motors with Sinus	oidal back EMF.			
	4 AC PM Torqu			Vector	For torque co	ontrol of AC PM	motors with Sinus	oidal back EMF.			
	5 BLDC Speed Vector For speed					ontrol of BLDC m	otors with Trapezo	oidal back EMF.			
	6	Syn RM	Speed	Vector	For speed cc	ontrol of Synchro	nous Reluctance r	notors.			
94-02	Motor Au	to-tune End	ble	<u>.</u>		0	1	0	-		
						une to measure the matically returns	ne motor paramet to 0.	ters for optimum c	control and		
P4-03	Vector Sp	beed Contro	ller Proport	ional Gain		0.1	400.0	50.0	%		
94-04	Sets the inte	eed Contro	e speed contro	oller. Smaller v	alues provide a	0.010 faster response	2.000	0.050 or load changes,	<b>s</b> at the risk of		
	Sets the integral time for the speed controller. Smaller values provide introducing instability. For best dynamic performance, the value should				ne value should	be adjusted to s	uit the connected	load.			
94-05	Motor Po	wer Factor	cos Ø			0.50	0.99	-	-		
			•		s, this paramete	er must be set to	the motor namep	ate power factor			
P4-06	Torque C	ontrol Refer	ence / Limi	t Source		0	5	0	-		
	0 Maximum torque The torque controlle limit P4-07					nce / limit is set	in P4-07.				
	1	Analog In	put 1				e signal applied to ut torque being lir				
	2	Analog In	put 2				e signal applied to ut torque being lir				
	3	Fieldbus			0% input signal		e signal from the c n the drive output				
	4	Master /	Slave	The output torque is controlled based on the signal from the Invertek Master / Slave, 100% input signal level will result in the drive output torque being limited by the value P4-07.							
	5	PID outpu	t				e output of the PID que being limited				
94-07	Maximur	m Torque /	Current Lim	it		P4-08	500	150	%		
	limit or refe When oper	rence used by	the drive in co 1ode (P4-01 =	njunction with 2), this paran	P4-06. neter defines th		or 1), this paramet out current the driv				

Par		Pc	ırameter Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units					
P4-08	Minim	um Torque Lim	nit	P4-08	150	0	%					
	Active of Optidriv	only in Vector Spee ve is enabled, it w	ed or Vector Torque motor control r ill always attempt to maintain this tc	modes (P4-01 = 0 or 1). S prque on the motor at all ti	Sets a minimum to mes whilst operat	rque limit, wherek ting.	by when the					
		NOTE This parameter should be used with extreme care, as the drive output frequency will increase achieve the torque level, and may exceed the selected speed reference.										
P4-09	Regen	erative Torque	e Limit	0.0	500	100	%					
	Active of the Opt		ed or Vector Torque motor control r	modes (P4-01 = 0 or 1). S	ets the maximum	regenerating tor	que allowed b					
P4-10	V/F C	haracteristic A	djustment Frequency	0.0	P1-09	0.0	Hz					
	When o P4-11 is	pperating in V/F m applied to the ma	node (P4-01 = 2), this parameter in ptor. Care must be taken to avoid c	conjunction with P4-11 se overheating and damagin	ets a frequency po g the motor when	oint at which the using this feature	voltage set in					
P4-11	V/F C	haracteristic A	djustment Voltage	0	P1-07	0	V					
	Used in	conjunction with	parameter P4-10.									
P4-12	Therm	al Overload R	etention	0	1	1	-					
	0	Disabled										
			the motor against damage. An in and will trip the drive if the usage supply from the drive and re-app value is retained during power o	e exceeds the thermal limit olying will reset the value of	. When P4-12 is c	disabled, <sup>'</sup> removir	ig the power					
P4-13	Outpu	it Phase Seque	nce	0	1	0	-					
	0	U,V,W	Stand motor phase sequence. Typically, this provides clockwise rotation of the motor.									
	1	U,W,V	Reverse motor phase sequence.	Typically this provides cou	unter-clockwise rc	ptation of the mot	or.					
P4-14	Therm	al Overload R	eaction	0	1	0	-					
	0	Trip	When the overload accumulator	When the overload accumulator reaches the limit, the drive will trip on It.trp to prevent damage to the motor								
	1	Current Limit Reduction	When the overload accumulator of P1-08 in order to avoid an It.t accumulator reaches 10%.									
P4-15	Maste	r Mode Config	uration (Master-Slave Mode	e) O	1	0	-					
	a	Motor speed & torque reference	network is the Master Actual Spe	In this mode, when the drive functions as a Master in Master-Slave Mode, the data broadcast on the drive network is the Master Actual Speed and the Master Torque Reference. This mode is suitable for Master-Slave applications which required speed following.								
		Speed	In this mode, when the drive func									

# 8.4. Parameter Group 5 – Communication Parameters

#### 8.4.1. Overview

Optidrive P2 provides many methods to allow the user to connect to a variety of fieldbus networks. In addition, connection to options such as external keypads, PC and Optistick are possible. Parameter Group 5 provides the parameters required to configure the various fieldbus interfaces and connection points.

#### 8.4.2. Connecting Invertek Drives Options

All Invertek Drives options which require communication with the drive, such as the Optiport and Optipad remote keypads and Optistick connect to the Optidrive P2 using the built in RJ45 connection point. The pin connections on these options are already matched, such that a simple pin to pin plug in cable can be used to connect these options without any special requirements.

For further information on connecting and using these optional items, refer to the specific option User guide.

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#### 8.4.3. Connecting to a PC

Optidrive P2 may be connected to a PC with Microsoft Windows operating system to allow use of the Optitools Studio PC software for commissioning and monitoring. There are two possible methods of connection as follows:

- Wired Connection. Requires the optional PC connection kit OPT-2-USB485-OBUS which provides a USB to RS485 serial port conversion and premanufactured RJ45 connection.
- Bluetooth Wireless Connection. Requires the optional Optistick OPT-3-STICK. The PC must have Bluetooth onboard or a suitable Bluetooth dongle which can support a Bluetooth serial connection.

With either communication method, the steps to establish a connection between the PC and drive are as follows:

- Download and install the Optitools Studio PC software to the PC.
- Start the software, and select the Parameter Editor function.
- If the drive address has been changed in parameter P5-01, ensure that in the Optitools Studio software the Network Scan Limit setting in the lower left corner of the screen is set to the same or higher value.
- In Optitools Studio select Tools > Communication Type.
  - o If using the Optistick, Select BlueTooth.
  - o If using the wired PC connection kit, select RS485.
- In Optitools Studio select Tools > Select COM Port > Select the COM port associated with the connection.
- Click the Scan Drive Network button in the lower left corner of the screen.

#### 8.4.4. Modbus RTU Connection

Optidrive P2 supports Modbus RTU communication. Connection is made through the RJ45 connector. For further information refer to section 9.2. Modbus RTU Communications on page 71.

#### 8.4.5. CAN Open Connection

Optidrive P2 supports CAN Open communication. Connection is made through the RJ45 connector. For further information refer to section 9.3. CAN Open Communication on page 73.

#### 8.4.6. Other Fieldbus Networks

Additional fieldbus network protocols are supported using optional interfaces. Refer to the Invertek Drives website for a list of supported protocols and the required interface option modules.

Par	Name		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P5-01	Drive F	ieldbus Address	1	63	1	-
	When u informat	Fieldbus address for the Optidrive. sing Modbus RTU, this parameter sets the Node Address. ion. Please note that if a higher Modbus address than 63 ameter also determines the Optibus address of the drive fo	is required, P5-16 c	an be used – see		
P5-02	CAN B	aud Rate	125	1000	500	kbps
	Sets the	baud rate when CAN Open communications are used.				
P5-03	Modbu	us RTU Baud rate	9.6	115.2	115.2	kbps
	Sets the	baud rate when Modbus RTU communications are used.	·			
P5-04	Modbu	us RTU Data Format	-	-	n-1	-
	Sets the	expected Modbus telegram data format as follows:	·			
	n- 1	No parity, 1 stop bit				
	n-5	No parity, 2 stop bits				
	0-1	Odd parity, 1 stop bit				
	E- 1	Even parity, 1 stop bit				
P5-05	Comm	unications Loss Timeout	0.0	5.0	1.0	Seconds
	Sets the the drive	watchdog time period for the communications channel. If a will assume a loss of communications has occurred and re	valid telegram is no act as selected belo	ot received by the ow. Setting to zero	Optidrive within to disables the fun	his time period, ction.
P5-06	Comm	unications Loss Action	0	3	0	-
	0	Trip & Coast To Stop				
	1	Ramp to Stop Then Trip				
	2	Ramp to Stop Only (No Trip)				
	3	Run at Preset Speed 8				

#### 8.4.7. Communication Parameters

Par	Name				Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P5-07		us Ramp Con	trol		0	1	0	-			
	0	Disabled	1	ed from internal drive p	parameters P1-O3 and P1-O4.						
	1	Enabled		ed directly by the Field							
P5-08	Fieldb	us PDO-4 Da	· ·		0	7	0	-			
	0 Motor torque			0 to 2000 = 0 to 2	200.0%						
	1	Motor pow	•	Output power in k	W to two decimo	al places, e.g. 400	) = 4.00kW				
	2	Digital Inp		Bit O indicates digi				etc			
	3	Analog Inp	out 2	0 to 1000 = 0 to 1	•						
	4	Heatsink T	emperature	0 to 100 = 0 to 10	0°C						
	5	User regist	er 1	User Defined Regi	ster 1 Value						
	6	User regist	er 2	User Defined Regi	ster 1 Value						
	7	PO-80 valu	e	User Selected date	a value						
P5-12	Fieldb	us PDO-3 Da	ta Select		0	7	0	-			
	0	Motor curr	ent	Output current to 1	decimal place,	e.g. 100 = 10.0 A	mps				
	1			Output power in k	W to two decima	al places, e.g. 400	) = 4.00kW				
	2	•		Bit O indicates digi	tal input 1 status,	bit 1 indicates dig	gital input 2 status	etc			
	3	Analog Input 2		0 to 1000 = 0 to 1	0 to 1000 = 0 to 100.0%						
	4	Heatsink T	emperature	0 to 100 = 0 to 100°C							
	5	User regist	er 1	User Defined Regi	User Defined Register 1 Value						
-	6	User regist	er 2	User Defined Regi	ster 2 Value						
	7	7 PO-80 value User Selected			a value						
P5-13	Fieldbus PDI-4 Function Select			0	1	0	-				
	0	Fieldbus ra	Imps	This option must be be controlled from	selected if the d the fieldbus. P5-	rive acceleration o 07 must also be so	and deceleration et to 1 to enable	ramps are to this function.			
	1	User regist	er 4	The value received allows the function In this case, User R although the value	efined in Paramet	gister 4. This option rameter Group 9. .C function code,					
P5-14	Fieldb	us PDI-3 Fund	ction Select		0	2	0	-			
	0	Torque refe	erence / limit	This option must be from the fieldbus. T	ption must be selected if the drive output torque limit / setpoint is to be controlle he fieldbus. This also requires setting P4-06 = 3.						
	1	PID refere	nce	This option allows to order for this option not be utilised with	n to be used, P9-	38 must be set to					
	2	User regist	rer 3	The value received allows the function In this case, User R although the value	of the process d egister 3 should	ata word to be de	efined in Paramet	er Group 9.			
P5-15	Modb	us Response	Delay		0	16	0	Chr			
	reply. Th	ne value entered	gure an additional de represents the delay number of additional	lay between the drive re in addition to the minim characters.	eceiving a reques um delay permiss	st via the Modbus ible according to	RTU interface, an the Modbus RTU	d transmitting a specification,			
P5-16	Drive	Modbus Add	ress		0	273	0	-			
	The drive Modbus (and Optibus) address is set in larger network, it can be set in this parameter. If this parameter is set to a value greater than 0, the determines the Drive Modbus address.					-		·			

# **8.5. Advanced Parameters**

For Advanced Parameters, basic information only is provided in this guide. The parameter functions are described more fully in Optitools Studio PC software.

8.5.1. Parame	eter Group (	5 – Advanced	Configuration
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Par.	Function		Setting Range	Default	Notes
P6-01	Firmware Upgrade Enable	0	Disabled	0	This parameter should not be
		1	Update I/O & P/S		adjusted by the user.
		2	Update I/O		
		3	Update P/S		
P6-02	Thermal Overload Management	4 -	- 32kHz (Model Dependent)	4 kHz	Minimum Effective Switching Frequency.
P6-03	Auto Reset Time Delay	1 -	- 60 Seconds	20s	
P6-04	Relay Output Hysteresis	0.0	) – 25.0%	0.3%	
P6-05	Encoder Feedback Enable	0	Disabled	0	
		1	Enabled		
P6-06	Encoder PPR	0 -	65535	0	
P6-07	Speed Error Trip Threshold	0.0	) – 100.0%	5.0%	
P6-08	Max Speed Reference Frequency	0 -	- 20kHz	0 kHz	
P6-09	Speed Droop Control	0.0	) – 25.0%	0.0%	
P6-10	Function Block Program Enable	0	Disabled	0	
		1	Enabled		
P6-11	Speed Hold Time on Enable	0 -	- 250s	Os	
P6-12	Speed Hold / DC Injection Time on Disable	0 -	- 250s	Os	
P6-13	Hoist Brake Release Time	0.0	) – 5.0s	0.2s	
P6-14	Hoist Brake Apply Time	0.0	) – 5.0s	0.3s	
P6-15	Hoist Brake Pre-Torque Level	0.0	) – 200.0%	8.0%	
P6-16	Hoist Pre-Torque Time Limit	0.0	) – 25.0s	5.0s	
P6-17	Maximum Torque Time Limit	0.0	) – 25.0s	0.0s	
P6-18	DC Injection Braking Current	0.0	) – 100.0%	0.0%	This function is active only for Induction Motors (IM) and Synchronous Reluctance Motor (SyncRM).
P6-19	Brake Resistor Resistance		Model Dependen	t	
P6-20	Brake Resistor Power		Model Dependen	t	
P6-21	Brake Chopper Ut Duty	0.0	) – 20.0%	2.0%	
P6-22	Reset Fan Run Time	0	No Reset	0	
		1	Reset		
P6-23	Reset Energy Meters	0	No Reset	0	
		1	Reset		
P6-24	Maintenance Time Interval	0 -	- 60000 Hours	0 Hours	
P6-25	Reset Maintenance Indicator	0	No Reset	0	
		1	Reset		
P6-26	Analog Output 1 Scaling	0.0	) – 500.0%	100.0%	
P6-27	Analog Output 1 Offset	-50	0.0 – 500.0%	0.0%	
P6-28	PO-80 Display Index	0 -	200	0	
P6-29	User Default Parameters	0	No Function	0	
		1	Save user parameters		
		2	Clear user parameters		
P6-30	Level 3 (Advanced) Access Code	0 -	. 9999	201	

## 8.5.2. Parameter Group 7 – Motor Control

Par.	Function		Setting Range	Default	Notes		
P7-01	Motor Stator Resistance	0.0	00 – 65.535	Drive	Motor data, measured or calculated during		
P7-02	Motor Rotor Resistance	0.0	00 – 65.535	Dependent	the autotune. P7-04 is not used for PM & BLDC Motors.		
P7-03	Motor Stator Inductance (d)	0.0	000 - 1.0000		P7-06 is used only for PM motors.		
P7-04	Magnetising Current (id)	Driv	ve Dependent				
P7-05	Motor Leakage Coefficient (Sigma)	0.0	00 – 0.250				
P7-06	Motor Q Axis Inuctance (Lsq)	0.0	000 - 1.0000				
P7-07	Enhanced Generator Mode	0	Disable Enable	0	Improves motor control in applications with high regenerative power requirement.		
P7-08	Motor Parameter Adaptation	0	Disabled Enable	0	Enables motor parameter adaptation, intended to compensate for changes in the motor temperature during operation.		
P7-09	Over Voltage Current Limit	0.0	- 100.0%	5.0%			
P7-10	Load Inertia Constant	0 -	600	10			
P7-11	Pulse Width Minimum Limit	0 - 500		150			
P7-12	V/F Mode Magnetising Delay Time	0 – 5000ms		Drive Dependent	Sets the motor magnetising period in V/F Mode. Sets the motor alignment time in PM modes.		
P7-13	Vector Speed Controller Differential Gain	0.0	- 400%	0.00	Derivative speed loop gain applied in Vector control modes.		
P7-14	Low Frequency Torque Boost	0.0	- 100.0%	0.0%	For PM Motors, applies a torque boost current at low frequency, % x P1-08.		
P <b>7</b> -15	Torque Boost Frequency Limit	0.0	- 50.0%	0.0%	For PM motors, determines the frequency, % x P1-09 when the boost current is removed.		
P7-16	PM Motor Signal Injection	0	Disabled	4			
		1	Signal Injection During Magnetizing Period	-			
		2	Signal Injection at Low Speed	0			
		3	Signal Injection During Magnetizing Period and at Low Speed				
P7-17	Signal Injection Level	0 -	100	10			
P7-18	Over Modulation	0	Disabled	0			
		1	Enable				
P7-19	Modulation Mode	0	3-Phase Modulation	0			
			2-Phase Modulation				

## 8.5.3. Parameter Group 8 – Additional Ramps and Functions

Par.	Function	Setting Range	Default Notes
P8-01	Acceleration Ramp 2	0.00 - 600.0 / 0.0 - 6000.0s	5.0s
P8-02	Ramp 1 → 2 Speed Boundary	0.0 – P1-01 Hz / Rpm	0.0
P8-03	Acceleration Ramp 3	0.00 - 600.0 / 0.0 - 6000.0s	5.0s
P8-04	Ramp 2 → 3 Speed Boundary	0.0 – P1-01 Hz / Rpm	0.0
P8-05	Acceleration Ramp 4	0.00 - 600.0 / 0.0 - 6000.0s	5.0s
P8-06	Ramp 3 → 4 Speed Boundary	0.0 – P1-01 Hz / Rpm	0.0
P8-07	Deceleration Ramp 4	0.00 - 600.0 / 0.0 - 6000.0s	5.0s
P8-08	Ramp 4 → 3 Speed Boundary	0.0 – P1-01 Hz / Rpm	0.0
P8-09	Deceleration Ramp 3	0.00 - 600.0 / 0.0 - 6000.0s	5.Os
P8-10	Ramp 3 → 2 Speed Boundary	0.0 – P1-01 Hz / Rpm	0.0
P8-11	Deceleration Ramp 2	0.00 - 600.0 / 0.0 - 6000.0s	5.Os
P8-12	Ramp 2 → 1 Speed Boundary	0.0 – P1-01 Hz / Rpm	0.0
P8-13	Ramp Select Control	O Digital input selection	0
		1 Speed based selection	

## 8.5.4. Parameter Group 9 – User Inputs and Output Programming

Par.	Function		Setting Range	Default	Notes
P9-01	Enable Input Source	The	se parameters allow the user to dire	ectly select t	he source of the various command points.
P9-02	Fast Stop Input Source				llows complete flexibility over the drive control
P9-03	Run Forward Input Source	TUN	ctions, and interaction with the interr	Idi function	Block programming environment.
P9-04	Run Reverse Input Select				
P9-05	Latch Function Enable	0	OFF ON	0	
P9-06	Reverse Input Source	See	e above		1
P9-07	Reset Input Source	1			
P9-08	External Trip Input Source	1			
P9-09	Terminal Control Select Source	1			
P9-10	Speed Reference Source 1	In c	combination with P9-18 – P9-20, al	low selectio	n of several speed reference sources for common
P9-11	Speed Reference Source 2		plications.		
P9-12	Speed Reference Source 3	1			
P9-13	Speed Reference Source 4	1			
P9-14	Speed Reference Source 5	1			
P9-15	Speed Reference Source 6	1			
P9-16	Speed Reference Source 7	1			
P9-17	Speed Reference Source 8	1			
P9-18	Speed Reference Select Input O	500	e above		
P9-10	Speed Reference Select Input 1	1 266	above		
P9-19 P9-20	Speed Reference Select Input 2	-			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-			
P9-21	Preset Speed Select Input O	-			
P9-22	Preset Speed Select Input 1	-			
P9-23	Preset Speed Select Input 2	-			
P9-24	Acceleration Ramp Select Bit O	-			
P9-25	Acceleration Ramp Select Bit 1	-			
P9-26	Deceleration Ramp Bit O	-			
P9-27	Deceleration Ramp Bit 1	-			
P9-28	Motorised Pot Up Input Source	-			
P9-29	Motorised Pot Down Input Source	-			
P9-30	Speed Limit Switch Forward	-			
P9-31	Speed Limit Switch Reverse				
P9-33	Analog Output 1 Source	0	Defined by P2-11	0	These parameters allow the user to override the normal parameter control source for the
		1	Function block program - digital		associated function, allowing interaction
		2	Function block program - analog		with the internal Function Block programming
P9-34	Analog Output 2 Source	0	Defined by P2-13	0	environment.
		1	Function block program - digital		
		2	Function block program - analog		-
P9-35	Relay 1 Control Source	0	Defined by P2-15	0	
		1	Function block program - digital		_
P9-36	Relay 2 Control Source	0	Defined by P2-18	0	
		1	Function block program - digital		
P9-37	Display Scaling Source Control	0	Defined by P2-21	0	
		1	Function block program - digital		
P9-38	PID Reference Source	0	Defined by P3-05 Function block program - digital	0	
P9-39	PID Feedback Source	0	Defined by P3-10	0	4
P7-39	THE TEEDDOCK SOUICE		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	U	
DO 40	Tarawa Dafa - C	1	Function block program - digital		-
P9-40	Torque Reference Source	0	Defined by P4-06	0	
DC 11		1	Function block program - digital		4
P9-41	Relay 3,4,5 Function	0	Healthy : Tripped : Running	0	
		1	Function block program - digital		

ır.	Function	Units
·01	Analog Input 1 Value	%
02	Analog Input 2 Value	%
03	Digital Input Status – Bit representation (0 or 1) where the left most digit indicates the status of Digital Input 1	N/A
04	Speed Controller Reference	Hz / RPM
05	Torque Controller Reference	%
06	Digital Speed Reference	Hz / RPM
07	Fieldbus Speed Reference	Hz / RPM
<b>08</b>	PID Reference (Setpoint)	%
09	PID Feedback	%
10	PID Output	%
-11	Motor Voltage	V
12	Output Torque	%
13	Trip Log – Last 4 Trips	N/A
14	Magnetising Current (id)	A
15	Rotor Current (iq)	A
16	DC Bus Voltage Ripple	V
17	Motor Stator Resistance Rs	Ω
18	Motor Stator Inductance Ls	H
19	Motor Rotor Resistance Rr	Ω
20	DC Bus Voltage	V
·21	Heatsink Temperature	°C
22	Time Left To Next Service	Hours
23	Time Heatsink > 85°C	HH:MM:S
24	Time Internal > 80°C	HH:MM:S
25	Estimated Rotor Speed	Hz / RPM
26	kWh Meter	kWh
27	MWh Meter	MWh
28	Software Version	N/A
29	Drive type	N/A
30	Drive serial number	N/A
31	Total Run Time	HH:MM:S
32	Run Time Since Last Trip 1	HH:MM:S
33	Run Time Since Last Trip	HH:MM:S
34	Run Time Since Last Enable	HH:MM:S
35	Cooling fan operating time	Hours
36	DC Bus Voltage Log: 8 samples, 256ms	V
37	DC Bus Voltage Ripple Log: 8 samples 20ms	V
38	Heatsink Temperature Log: 8 samples, 30s	°C
39	Internal Temperature Log: 8 samples, 30s	°C
40	Motor Current Log: 8 samples 256ms	A
41	O-I Fault Counter	N/A
42	O-Volts Fault Counter	N/A
43	U-Volts Fault Counter	N/A
44	Heatsink O-Temp Counter	N/A
45	Brake resistor over current trip counter	N/A

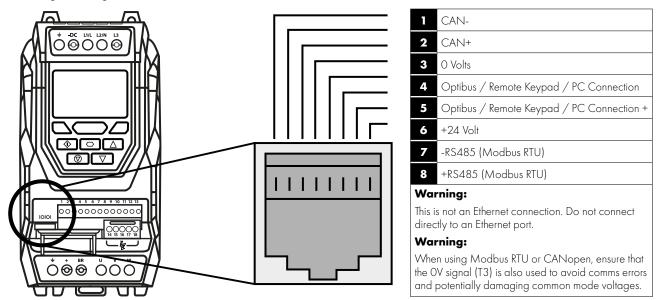
# 8.6. Parameter Group 0 – Monitoring Parameters (Read Only)

Par.	Function	Units
P0-46	Internal over temperature trip count	N/A
P0-47	I/O Comms Fault Counter	N/A
P0-48	DSP Comms Fault Counter	N/A
P0-49	Modbus RTU Fault Counter	N/A
P0-50	CAN Fault Counter	N/A
P0-51	PDI cyclic data	N/A
P0-52	PDO cyclic data	N/A
P0-53	Phase U Current Offset and Reference	N/A
P0-54	Phase V Current Offset and Reference	N/A
P0-55	Reserved	N/A
P0-56	Brake Max On Time / Duty	N/A
P0-57	Ud / Uq	N/A
P0-58	Encoder Feedback Speed	Hz / RPM
P0-59	Frequency Input Speed	Hz / RPM
P0-60	Calculated Slip Speed	Hz / RPM
P0-61	Relay Speed Hysteresis	Hz / RPM
P0-62	Droop speed	Hz / RPM
P0-63	Post ramp speed reference	Hz / RPM
P0-64	Actual Eff. Switching Frequency	kHz
P0-65	Drive Total Life Time	HH:MM:SS
P0-66	Function block program ID	N/A
P0-67	Overload Integration Level	%
P0-68	User ramp value	S
P0-69	I2C Error Counter	N/A
P0-70	Option Module ID	N/A
P0-71	Fieldbus Module ID	N/A
P0-72	Internal Temperature	°C
P0-73	24 Hour Timer Value	Minute
P0-74	L1 Input Voltage	V
P0-75	L2 Input Voltage	V
P0-76	L3 Input Voltage	V
P0-77	Encoder Pulse Count	N/A
P0-78	Test parameter	N/A
P0-79	Boot-Loader and Motor Control Version	N/A
P0-80	P6-28 Selected Parameter	N/A

# 9. Serial Communications

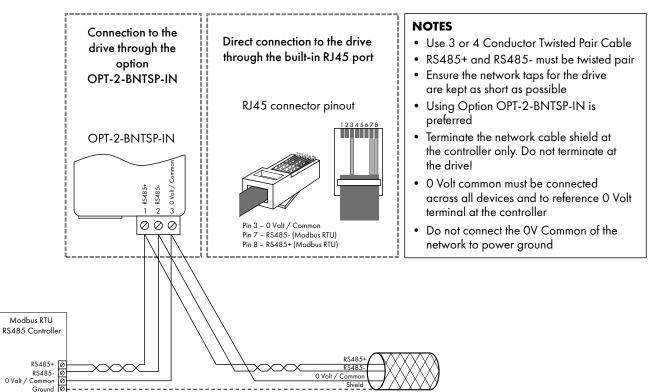
# 9.1. RS-485 Communications

Optidrive P2 has an RJ45 connector located within the wiring enclosure of the drive. This connector allows the user to set up a drive network via a wired connection. The connector contains two independent RS485 connections, one for Invertek's Optibus Protocol and one for Modbus RTU / CANBus. Both connections can be used simultaneously. The Optibus connection is always available, and can be used simultaneously with other interfaces, however only one other interface may be used, e.g. If Modbus RTU is in use, CAN is disabled. If a Fieldbus Option Module (e.g. Profibus) is inserted into the drive, both Modbus and CAN are disabled. The electrical signal arrangement of the RJ45 connector is shown as follows:



- The Optibus data link is only used for connection of Invertek peripherals and inter-drive communication.
- The Modbus interface allows connection to a Modbus RTU network as described in section 9.2. Modbus RTU Communications.

## 9.1.1. RS-485 Communications Electrical Connections



Modbus RTU and CANbus connection should be made via the RJ45 connector. The pin assignments are as shown above, in section 9.1. RS-485 Communications on page 70.

- Modbus RTU and CANbus networks require three conductors for best operation and to eliminate common mode voltages on the drive terminals:
  - o RS485+
  - o RS485-
  - o O Volt Common
- Connection should be made using a suitable dual twisted pair, shielded cable, with a wave impedance of 120 Ohms.
- Use one of the twisted pairs to connect to the RS485+ and RS485- of each drive.
- Use one conductor of the remaining pair to connect together all the 0 volt common connection terminals.
- The cable shield should be connected to a suitable clean ground point to prevent interference with the screen maintained as close as possible to the cable terminations.
- Do not connect the 0 Volt Common, RS485- or RS485+ to ground at any point.
- Network terminating resistor (120 Ohms) should be used at the end of the network to reduce noise.

## 9.2. Modbus RTU Communications

#### 9.2.1. Modbus Telegram Structure

The Optidrive P2 supports Master / Slave Modbus RTU communications, using the O3 Read Multiple Holding Registers and O6 Write Single Holding Register commands and 16 Write Multiple Holding Registers (Supported for registers 1 – 4 only). Many Master devices treat the first Register address as Register O; therefore it may be necessary to convert the Register Numbers detailed in section 9.2.2. Modbus Control & Monitoring Registers on page 71 by subtracting 1 to obtain the correct Register address.

## 9.2.2. Modbus Control & Monitoring Registers

The following is a list of accessible Modbus Registers available in the Optidrive P2.

- When Modbus RTU is configured as the Fieldbus option, all of the listed registers can be accessed.
- Registers 1 and 2 can be used to control the drive provided that Modbus RTU is selected as the primary command source (P1-12 = 4) and no Fieldbus Option Module is installed in the drive Option Slot.
- Register 4 can be used to control the acceleration and deceleration rate of the drive providing that Fieldbus Ramp Control is enabled (P5-07 = 1).
- Registers 6 to 24 can be read regardless of the setting of P1-12.

Register Number	Upper Byte	Lower Byte	Read Write	Notes
1	Command Control Word		R/W	Command control word used to control the Optidrive when operating with Modbus RTU. The Control Word bit functions are as follows:
				Bit 0 : Run/Stop command. Set to 1 to enable the drive. Set to 0 to stop the drive.
				Bit 1 : Fast stop request. Set to 1 to enable drive to stop with 2nd deceleration ramp.
				Bit 2 : Reset request. Set to 1 in order to reset any active faults or trips on the drive.
				This bit must be reset to zero once the fault has been cleared.
		1 - (	- 6	Bit 3 : Coast stop request. Set to 1 to issue a coast stop command.
2	Command Speed Reference		R/W	Setpoint must be sent to the drive in Hz to one decimal place, e.g. 500 = 50.0Hz.
3	Command Torque Reference		R/W	Setpoint must be sent to the drive in % to one decimal place, e.g. 2000 = 200.0%.
4	Command Ramp times		R/W	This register specifies the drive acceleration and deceleration ramp times used when Fieldbus Ramp Control is selected (P5-08 = 1) irrespective of the setting of P1-12. The input data range is from 0 to 60000 (0.00s to 600.00s).
6	Error code	Drive status	R	This register contains 2 bytes.
				The Lower Byte contains an 8 bit drive status word as follows:
				Bit 0 : 0 = Drive Disabled (Stopped), 1 = Drive Enabled (Running).
				Bit 1 : 0 = Drive Healthy, 1 = Drive Tripped.
				Bit 2 : No Function.
				Bit 3 : 0 = Drive Ready (STO Input Closed), 1 = Drive Inhibit (STO Input Open).
				Bit 4 : Maintenance Time Not Reached, 1 = Maintenance Time Reached. Bit 5 : 0 = Not In Standby (Sleep), 1 = Standby (Sleep) mode active.
				Bit 6 : 0 = Drive Not Ready, 1 = Drive Ready (Mains Power applied, No Inhibit, No
				Trip, Enable Input Present).
				Bit 7 : No Function.
				The Upper Byte will contain the relevant fault number in the event of a drive trip. Refer to section 11.1. Fault Messages for a list of fault codes and diagnostic information.
7	Output Frequency		R	Output frequency of the drive to one decimal place, e.g.123 = 12.3 Hz.
8	Output Current		R	Output current of the drive to one decimal place, e.g.105 = 10.5 Amps.
9	Output Torque		R	Motor output torque level to one decimal place, e.g. 474 = 47.4 %.
10	Output Power		R	Output power of the drive to two decimal places, e.g.1100 = 11.00 kW.
11	Digital Input Status		R	Represents the status of the drive inputs where Bit O = Digital Input 1 etc.
20	Analog 1 Level		R	Analog Input 1 Applied Signal level in % to one decimal place, e.g. 1000 = 100.0%.
21	Analog 2 Level		R	Analog Input 2 Applied Signal level in % to one decimal place, e.g. 1000 = 100.0%.
22	Pre Ramp Speed Reference		R	Internal drive frequency setpoint.
23	DC bus voltages		R	Measured DC Bus Voltage in Volts.
24	Drive temperature		R	Measured Heatsink Temperature in °C.

## 9.2.3. Modbus Parameter Access

All User Adjustable parameters (Groups 1 to 5) are accessible by Modbus, except those that would directly affect the Modbus communications, e.g.

- P5-01 Drive Fieldbus Address see also P5-16 Drive Modbus Address.
- P5-03 Modbus RTU Baud Rate.
- P5-04 Modbus RTU Data Format.

All user adjustable parameter values can be read from the drive and written to, depending on the operating mode of the drive – some parameters cannot be changed whilst the drive is enabled for example.

When accessing a drive parameter via Modbus, the Register number for the parameter is the same as the parameter number,

e.g. Parameter P1-01 = Modbus Register 101.

Modbus RTU supports sixteen bit integer values, hence where a decimal point is used in the drive parameter, the register value will be multiplied by a factor of ten,

e.g. Read Value of P1-01 = 500, therefore this is 50.0Hz.

For further details on communicating with Optidrives using Modbus RTU, please refer to your local Invertek Sales Partner.

## 9.3. CAN Open Communication

#### 9.3.1. Overview

The CANopen communication profile in the P2 drive is implemented according to the specification DS301 version 4.02 of CAN in automation (www.can-cia.de). Specific device profiles such as DS402 are not supported.

#### 9.3.2. Basic Operation Setup

The CANopen communication function is enabled by default after power up however in order to use any control functions through CANopen, Parameter P1-12 must be set to 6.

The CAN communication baud rate can is selected by parameter P5-02. Available baud rates are 125kbps, 250kbps, 500kbps, 1 Mbps. Default settings is 500kbps.

The Node ID is set up through drive address parameter P5-01 with a default value of 1.

#### 9.3.3. COB ID and Functions

Optidrive P2 provides the following default COB-ID and functions:

	Table 1 : Messages a	nd COB-IDs
Туре	COB-ID	Function
NMT	OOOh	Network management.
Sync	080h	Synchronous message. COB-ID can be configured to other value.
Emergency	080h + Node address	Emergency message. COB-ID can be configured to other value.
PDO1 (TX)	180h + Node address	Process data object.
PDO1 (RX)	200h + Node address	PDO1 is pre-mapped and enabled by default.
PDO2 (TX)	280h + Node address	PDO2 is pre-mapped and disabled by default. Transmission mode, COB-ID and mapping can be configured.
PDO2 (RX)	300h + Node address	
SDO (TX)	580h + Node address	SDO channel can be used for drive parameter access.
SDO (RX)	600h + Node address	
Error Control	700h + Node address	Guarding and Heartbeat function are supported. COB-ID can be configured to other value.

## NOTE

- 1. The Optidrive P2 SDO channel only supports expedited transmission.
- 2. The Optidrive P2 can only support up to 2 Process Data Objects (PDO). All PDOs are pre-mapped, however PDO2 is disabled by default. Table 2 gives the default PDO mapping information.
- 3. Customer configuration (mapping) will **NOT** be saved during power down. This means that the CANopen configuration will restore to its default condition each time the drive is powered up.

## 9.3.4. Default PDO Mapping

		Tal	ole 2: PDO Defau	t Mapping				
Туре	Objects No.	Mapped Object	Length	Mapped Function	Transmission			
	1	2000h	Unsigned 16	Control command register				
rx Pdo 1	2	2001 h	Integer 16	Speed reference	254			
PDO I	3	2002h	Integer 16	Torque reference	Valid immediately			
	4	2003h	Unsigned 16	User ramp reference				
	1	200Ah	Unsigned 16	Drive status register				
TX	2	200Bh	Integer 16	Motor speed Hz	254			
PDO 1	3	200Dh	Unsigned 16	Motor current	Send after receiving RX PDO 1			
	4	200Eh	Integer 16	Motor torque				
	1	0006h	Unsigned 16	Dummy				
SDO (RX)	2	0006h	Unsigned 16	Dummy				
Error Control	3	0006h	Unsigned 16	Dummy	- 254			
	4	0006h	Unsigned 16	Dummy				
	1	200Fh	Unsigned 16	Motor power				
TX	2	2010h	Integer 16	Drive temperature	054			
PDO2	3	2011h	Unsigned 16	DC bus value	- 254			
	4	200Ch	Integer 16	Motor speed (Internal data format)				

\* Drive control can only be achieved when P1-12=6

## 9.3.5. Supported PDO Transmission Types

Various transmission modes can be selected for each PDO. For RX PDO, the following modes are supported:

	Table 3: RX PDO Transmission Mode											
Transmission Type	Mode	Description										
0 – 240	Synchronous	The received data will be transferred to the drive active control register when the next sync message is received.										
254, 255	Asynchronous	The received data will be transferred to the drive active control register immediately without delay.										

For TX PDO, the following modes are supported:

	Table 4: TX PDO Transmission Mode											
Transmission Type	Mode	Description										
0	Acyclic synchronous	TX PDO will only be sent out if the PDO data has changed and PDO will be transmitted on reception of SYNC object.										
1 - 240	Cyclic synchronous	TX PDO will be transmitted synchronously and cyclically. The transmission type indicates the number of SYNC object that are necessary to trigger TX PDO.										
254	Asynchronous	TX PDO will only be transferred once corresponding RX PDO has been received.										
255	Asynchronous	TX PDO will be transferred at anytime following a PDO data value change.										

## 9.3.6. CAN Open Specific Object Table

Index	Sub index	Function	Access	Туре	PDO Map	Default value
1000h	0	Device type	RO	Unsigned 32	N	0
1001h	0	Error register	RO	Unsigned 8	N	0
1002h	0	Manufacturer status register	RO	Unsigned 16	N	0
1005h	0	COB-ID Sync	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	0000080h
1008h	0	Manufacturer device name	RO	String	N	ODP2
1009h	0	Manufacturer hardware version	RO	String	N	x.xx
100Ah	0	Manufacturer software version	RO	String	N	X.XX
100Ch	0	Guard time [1ms]	RVV	Unsigned 16	N	0
100Dh	0	Life time factor	RVV	Unsigned 8	N	0
1014h	0	COB-ID EMCY	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	00000080h+Node ID
1015h	0	Inhibit time emergency [100us]	RVV	Unsigned 16	N	0
1017h	0	Producer heart beat time [1 ms]	RVV	Unsigned 16	N	0
	0	Identity object No. of entries	RO	Unsigned 8	N	4
	]	Vendor ID	RO	Unsigned 32	N	0x0000031A
1018h	2	Product code	RO	Unsigned 32	N	Drive depended
	3	Revision number	RO	Unsigned 32	N	x.xx
	4	Serial number	RO	Unsigned 32	N	e.g. 1234/56/789
	0	SDO parameter No. of entries	RO	Unsigned 8	N	2
1200h	1	COB-ID client -> server (RX)	RO	Unsigned 32	N	00000600h+Node ID
	2	COB-ID server -> client (TX)	RO	Unsigned 32	N	00000580h+Node ID
	0	RX PDO1 comms param No. of entries	RO	Unsigned 8	N	2
1400h	1	RX PDO1 COB-ID	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	40000200h+Node ID
	2	RX PDO1 transmission type	RVV	Unsigned 8	N	254
	0	RX PDO2 comms param No. of entries	RO	Unsigned 8	N	2
1401 h	1	RX PDO2 COB-ID	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	C0000300h+Node ID
	2	RX PDO2 transmission type	RVV	Unsigned 8	N	0
	0	RX PDO1 mapping / No. of entries	RVV	Unsigned 8	N	4
	1	RX PDO1 1st mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	20000010h
1600h	2	RX PDO1 2nd mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	20010010h
	3	RX PDO1 3rd mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	20020010h
	4	RX PDO1 4th mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	20030010h
	0	RX PDO2 mapping / No. of entries	RVV	Unsigned 8	N	4
	1	RX PDO2 1st mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	00060010h
1601h	2	RX PDO2 2nd mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	00060010h
	3	RX PDO2 3rd mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	00060010h
	4	RX PDO2 4th mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	00060010h
	0	TX PDO1 comms param No. of entries	RO	Unsigned 8	N	3
1800h	1	TX PDO1 COB-ID	RW	Unsigned 32	N	40000180h+Node ID
	2	TX PDO1 transmission type	RW	Unsigned 8	N	254
	3	TX PDO1 Inhibit time [100us]	RW	Unsigned 16	N	0
	0	TX PDO2 comms param No. of entries	RO	Unsigned 8	N	3
1801h	1	TX PDO2 COB-ID	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	C0000280h+Node ID
	2	TX PDO2 transmission type	RW	Unsigned 8	N	0
	3	TX PDO2 Inhibit time [100us]	RVV	Unsigned 16	N	0

Index	Sub index	Function	Access	Туре	PDO Map	Default value
	0	TX PDO1 mapping / No. of entries	RVV	Unsigned 8	N	4
	1	TX PDO1 1st mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	200A0010h
1A00h	2	TX PDO1 2nd mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	200B0010h
	3	TX PDO1 3rd mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	200D0010h
	4	TX PDO1 4th mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	200E0010h
	0	TX PDO2 mapping / No. of entries	RVV	Unsigned 8	N	4
	1	TX PDO2 1st mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	200F0010h
1A01h	2	TX PDO2 2nd mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	20100010h
	3	TX PDO2 3rd mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	20110010h
	4	TX PDO2 4th mapped object	RW	Unsigned 32	N	200C0010h

## 9.3.7. Manufacturer Specific Object Table

The following table shows some of the manufacturer specific object dictionary for Optidrive P2. For a complete list, refer to the Optidrive P2 CAN Open Application Note.

Index S	Sub inde	x Function	Access	Туре	PDO Map	Remark
2000h	0	Control command register	RVV	Unsigned 16	Y	See Note Below
2001h	0	Speed reference	RVV	Integer 16	Y	500 = 50.0Hz
2002h	0	Torque reference	RW	Integer 16	Y	1000 = 100.0%
2003h	0	User ramp reference	RVV	Unsigned 16	Y	500 = 5.00s
200Ah	0	Drive status register	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	See Note Below
200Bh	0	Motor speed Hz	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	500 = 50.0Hz
200Dh	0	Motor current	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	123 = 12.3A
200Eh	0	Motor torque	RO	Integer 16	Y	4096 = 100.0%
200Fh	0	Motor power	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	1234 = 12.34kW
2010h	0	Drive temperature	RO	Integer 16	Y	30 = 30°C
2011h	0	DC bus value	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2012h	0	Digital input status	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2013h	0	Analog input 1 (percentage)	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2014h	0	Analog input 2 (percentage)	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2015h	0	Analog output 1	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2016h	0	Analog output 2	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2017h	0	relay output 1	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2018h	0	relay output 2	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2019h	0	relay output 3 (extension card)	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
201 Ah	0	relay output 4 (extension card)	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
201Bh	0	relay output 5 (extension card)	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
203Ah	0	Kilowatt hours (Can be reset by user)	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
203Bh	0	Megawatt hours (Can be reset by user)	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
203Ch	0	KWh meter	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
203Dh	0	MWh meter	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
203Eh	0	Total run hours	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
203Fh	0	Total run minute/second	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2040h	0	Current run hours (Since last enable)	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2041h	0	Current run minute/second	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2042h	0	Time to next service	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2043h	0	Room Temperature	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2044h	0	Speed controller reference	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2045h	0	Torque controller reference	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2046h	0	Digital pot speed reference	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	

## **Object 2000h : Control Command Register**

Status / Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0													Norn	nal Oper	ation	Stop
1													Coast Stop	Reset	Fast Stop	Run

## **Object 200Ah : Drive Status Register**

Status / Bit	15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8	76	5	4	3	2	1	0
0		No					Drive Healthy	Drive Disabled
1	Drive Trip Code	Function	ln Standby	Maintenance Time reached	Inhibit	No Function	Drive Tripped	Drive Enabled

# 10. Technical Data

## 10.1. Environmental

Ambient	Storage and Transportation	All Units	-40 60°C / -40 140°F							
Temperature	Operating	IP20 Units	-10 50°C / 14 122°F							
		IP55 Units	- 10 40°C / 14 104°F	UL Approved						
			40 50°C / 104 122°F	With derating (refer to section 10.5.1. Derating for Ambient Temperature on page 82)						
		IP66 Units	- 10 40°C / 14 104°F	UL Approved						
			40 50°C / 104 122°F	With derating (refer to section 10.5.1. Derating for Ambient Temperature on page 82						
Altitude	Operating	All Units	=<1000m	With UL approval						
			=<4000m	With derating (refer to section 10.5.2. Derating for Altitude on page 82						
Relative Humidity	Operating	All Units	< 95%	Non-condensing, frost and moisture free						
Environmental Conditions	IP55 & IP66 Optidrive P2 pr with IEC 60721-3-3.	IP66 Optidrive P2 products are designed to operate in 3S3/3C3 environments in accordance C 60721-3-3.								
	IP20 Optidrive P2 products	are designec	to operate in 3S2/3C2 enviro	onments in accordance with IEC 60721-3-3.						

## 10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings

The following tables provide the output current rating information for the various Optidrive P2 models. Invertek Drives always recommend that selection of the correct Optidrive is based upon the motor full load current at the incoming supply voltage.

Please note that the maximum cable length stated in the following tables indicate the maximum permissible cable length for the drive hardware and does not take into consideration EMC compliance. Typical input currents assuming a minimum of 1% supply impedance for single phase input drives. The input current can be reduced by increasing the supply impedance by installing input chokes.

Frame Power Size Rating		Input Current		Fuse or MCB (Type B)		imum Cable Size	Rated Output Current	Maximum Motor Cable Length		Recommended Brake Resistance	
	kW	HP	А	Non UL	UL	mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG/kcmil	Α	m	ft	Ω
2	0.75	1	8.6	16	15	8	8	4.3	100	330	100
2	1.5	2	12.9	16	17.5	8	8	7	100	330	50
2	2.2	3	19.2	25	25	8	8	10.5	100	330	35
3	4	5	33.2	40	40	8	8	15.3	100	330	20
4	5.5	7.5	55	80	70	35	2	24	100	330	20
4	7.5	10	66	80	80	35	2	30	100	330	20

10.2.1. 200 – 240 Volt (+/- 10%),1 Phase Input, 3 Phase Output

10.2.2. 200 - 240 Volt (+/- 10%), 3 Phase Input, 3 Phase Output

		wer ling	Input Current	Fuse or (Type		Max	imum Cable Size	Rated Output Current	Motor	imum Cable Igth	Recommended Brake Resistance
	kW	HP	Α	Non UL	UL	mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG/kcmil	Α	m	ft	Ω
2	0.75	1	5.7	10	10	8	8	4.3	100	330	100
2	1.5	2	10.5	16	15	8	8	7	100	330	50
2	2.2	3	13.2	16	17.5	8	8	10.5	100	330	35
3	4	5	20.9	32	30	8	8	18	100	330	20
3	5.5	7.5	26.4	32	35	8	8	24	100	330	20
4	7.5	10	33.3	40	40	16	5	30	100	330	22
4	11	15	50.1	63	70	16	5	46	100	330	22
5	15	20	63.9	80	80	35	2	61	100	330	12
5	18.5	25	74.0	100	90	35	2	72	100	330	12
6	22	30	99.1	125	125	150	300MCM	90	100	330	6
6A	22	30	80.6	100	100	150	300MCM	90	100	330	6

Frame Size		wer ting	Input Current	Fuse or (Type		Max	imum Cable Size	Rated Output Current	Motor	imum Cable igth	Recommended Brake Resistance
	kW	НР	Α	Non UL	UL	mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG/kcmil	Α	m	ft	Ω
6	30	40	121.0	160	150	150	300MCM	110	100	330	6
6B	30	40	97.8	125	125	150	300MCM	110	100	330	6
6	37	50	159.7	200	200	150	300MCM	150	100	330	6
6B	37	50	139.7	200	175	150	300MCM	150	100	330	6
6	45	60	187.5	250	225	150	300MCM	180	100	330	6
6B	45	60	163.4	200	200	150	300MCM	180	100	330	6
6B	55	75	185.9	250	225	150	300MCM	202	100	330	6
7	55	75	206.5	250	250	150	300MCM	202	100	330	6
7	75	100	246.3	315	300	150	300MCM	248	100	330	6

10.2.3. 380 – 480 Volt (+ / - 10%), 3 Phase Input, 3 Phase Output

					1 / 1						
Frame Size		wer ing	Input Current	Fuse or (Type		Maximum Cable Size		Rated Maximum Output Motor Cable Current Length		Recommended Brake Resistance	
	kW	HP	Α	Non UL	UL	mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG/kcmil	Α	m	ft	Ω
2	0.75	1	3.5	6	6	8	8	2.2	100	330	400
2	1.5	2	5.6	10	10	8	8	4.1	100	330	200
2	2.2	3	7.5	10	10	8	8	5.8	100	330	150
2	4	5	11.5	16	15	8	8	9.5	100	330	100
3	5.5	7.5	17.2	25	25	8	8	14	100	330	75
3	7.5	10	21.8	32	30	8	8	18	100	330	50
3	11	15	27.5	40	35	8	8	24	100	330	40
4	15	20	34.2	50	45	16	5	30	100	330	22
4	18.5	25	44.1	63	60	16	5	39	100	330	22
4	22	30	51.9	63	70	16	5	46	100	330	22
5	30	40	66.1	80	80	35	2	61	100	330	12
5	37	50	77.3	100	100	35	2	72	100	330	12
6	45	60	102.7	125	125	150	300MCM	90	100	330	6
6A	45	60	83.5	125	110	150	300MCM	90	100	330	6
6	55	75	126.4	125	175	150	300MCM	110	100	330	6
6A	55	75	102.2	125	125	150	300MCM	110	100	330	6
6	75	100	164.7	200	200	150	300MCM	150	100	330	6
6B	75	100	144.1	200	175	150	300MCM	150	100	330	6
6	90	150	192.1	250	250	150	300MCM	180	100	330	6
6B	90	150	167.4	250	225	150	300MCM	180	100	330	6
6B	110	175	189.8	250	250	150	300MCM	202	100	330	6
7	110	175	210.8	250	300	150	300MCM	202	100	330	6
7	132	200	241.0	315	300	150	300MCM	240	100	330	6
7	160	250	299.0	400	400	150	300MCM	302	100	330	6
8	200	300	377.2	500	500	240	450MCM	370	100	330	3
8	250	400	458.7	600	600	240	450MCM	480	100	330	3

#### 10.2.4. 480 - 525 Volt (+/- 10%), 3 phase Input, 3 Phase Output

Frame Size		wer hing	Input Current	Fuse or (Type		Max	imum Cable Size	Rated Output Current	Motor	imum Cable gth	Recommended Brake Resistance
	kW	HP	Α	Non UL	UL	mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG/kcmil	Α	m	ft	Ω
7	132		192	250		150	300MCM	185	100	330	7
7	160		215	315		150	300MCM	205	100	330	7
7	185		262	315		150	300MCM	255	100	330	7
7	200		275	400		150	300MCM	275	100	330	7

10.2.5. 500 – 600 Volt (+ / - 10%), 3 Phase Input, 3 Phase Output

Frame Size		wer ling	Input Current	Fuse or (Type		Max	imum Cable Size	Rated Output Current	Motor	imum Cable igth	Recommended Brake Resistance
	kW	HP	Α	Non UL	UL	mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG/kcmil	Α	m	ft	Ω
2	0.75	1	2.5	10	6	8	8	2.1	100	330	600
2	1.5	2	3.7	10	6	8	8	3.1	100	330	300
2	2.2	3	4.9	10	10	8	8	4.1	100	330	200
2	4	5	7.8	10	10	8	8	6.5	100	330	150
2	5.5	7.5	10.8	16	15	8	8	9	100	330	100
3	7.5	10	14.4	16	20	8	8	12	100	330	80
3	11	15	20.6	25	30	8	8	17	100	330	50
3	15	20	26.7	32	35	8	8	22	100	330	33
4	18.5	25	34	40	45	16	5	28	100	330	33
4	22	30	41.2	50	60	16	5	34	100	330	22
4	30	40	49.5	63	70	16	5	43	100	330	22
5	37	50	62.2	80	80	35	2	54	100	330	16
5	45	60	75.8	100	100	35	2	65	100	330	12
6	55	75	90.9	125	125	150	300MCM	78	100	330	12
6	75	100	108.2	125	150	150	300MCM	105	100	330	8
6	90	125	127.7	160	175	150	300MCM	130	100	330	8
6	110	150	160	200	200	150	300MCM	150	100	330	8

#### NOTE

- Ratings shown above apply to 40°C Ambient temperature. For derating information, refer to section 10.5.1. Derating for Ambient Temperature.
- The drive is protected against short-circuit from power output to protective earth for all rated cable lengths, cable sizes and cable types.
- 3 phase drive can be connected to single phase supply when the output current is 50% derated.
- The maximum cable lengths stated here are based on hardware limitations and do NOT take into consideration any requirements for compliance to any EMC standards. Please see section 4.13. EMC Compliant Installation for further information.
- The maximum motor cable length stated applies to using a shielded motor cable. When using an unshielded cable, the maximum cable length limit may be increased by 50%. When using the Invertek Drives recommended output choke, the maximum cable length may be increased by 100%.
- The PWM output switching from any inverter when used with a long motor cable length can cause an increase in the voltage at the motor terminals, depending on the motor cable length and inductance. The rise time and peak voltage can affect the service life of the motor. Invertek Drives recommend using an output choke for motor cable lengths of 50m or more to ensure good motor service life.
- For IP20 Frame Size 8 the Vector Speed and Torque control modes may not operate correctly with long motor cables and output filters. It is recommended to operate in V/F mode only for cable lengths exceeding 50m.
- Supply and motor cable sizes should be dimensioned according to local codes or regulations in the country or area of installation.
- For UL compliant installation, use Copper wire with a minimum insulation temperature rating of 70°C, UL Class CC or Class J Fuses (exception: Eaton Bussmann FWP series must be used for size 6A & 6B IP20 models).

## 10.3. Input Power Supply Requirements

Supply Voltage	200 – 240 RMS Volts for 230 Volt	rated uni	ts, + /- 10% variation allowed.			
	380 – 480 Volts for 400 Volt rated units, + / - 10% variation allowed.					
	500 – 600 Volts for 600 Volt rated units, + / - 10% variation allowed.					
Imbalance	Maximum 3% voltage variation bet	tween ph	ase – phase voltages allowed.			
	All Optidrive P2 units have phase imbalance monitoring. A phase imbalance of > 3% will result in the drive tripping. For input supplies which have supply imbalance greater than 3% (typically the Indian sub- continent & parts of Asia Pacific including China) Invertek Drives recommends the installation of input line reactors. Alternatively, the drives can be operated as a single phase supply drive with 50% derating.					
Frequency	50 – 60Hz + / - 5% Variation.					
Maximum Supply	The maximum permissible short circu	uit current	at the Optidrive Power terminals as defined in IEC60439-1 is:			
Short-Circuit Current Capacity	230V single phase input drives	5kA				
1 /	230V three phase input drives	100kA				
	400V three phase input drives	100kA				
	600V three phase input drives	100kA				

## 10.4. Additional Information for UL Approved Installations

Optidrive P2 is designed to meet the UL requirements. In order to ensure full compliance, the following must be fully observed.

Input Power Supply	y Requirements					
Short Circuit Capacity	Please refer to 10.3. In	out Power Supply Requirements for maximum sup	ply short-circuit capacity limits.			
		ircuit Amperes symmetrical with the specified max on: Eaton Bussmann FWP series must be used for	ximum supply voltage when protected by UL type size 6A & 6B IP20 models).			
Incoming power supply connection must be according to section 4.3. Incoming Power Connection.						
All Optidrive P2 units are	intended for indoor installe	ation within controlled environments which meet the a	condition limits shown in section 10.1. Environmental.			
Branch circuit protection Output Power and Curr		ding to the relevant national codes. Fuse ratings a	nd types are shown in section 10.2. Input/			
Suitable Power and mot	tor cables should be sele	cted according to the data shown in section 10.2	2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings.			
Power cable connection	ns and tightening torques	are shown in section 3.4. Installation Following c	I Period of Storage.			
Optidrive P2 provides m	notor overload protectior	n in accordance with the National Electrical Cod	e (US).			
• Where a motor therm	istor is not fitted, or not ut	ilised, Thermal Overload Memory Retention must	be enabled by setting P4-12 = 1.			
• Where a motor therm 4.7. Motor Terminal B		red to the drive, connection must be carried out a	ccording to the information shown in section			
		ession shall be installed on the line side of this eq ovide protection for a rated impulse withstand vo				
Supply Voltage Rating	of the Drive	Phase-Phase Surge Protection Voltage Rating	Phase-Ground Surge Protection Voltage Rating			
200 - 240V AC + / -	10%	230V AC	230V AC			
380 - 480V AC + / -	10%	480V AC	480V AC			
500 - 600V AC + / -	10%	600V AC	600V AC			
L						

## 10.5. Derating Information

Derating of the drive maximum continuous output current capacity is require when:

- Operating at ambient temperature in excess of 40°C / 104°F for enclosed drives (Non UL Approved).
- Operating at Altitude in excess of 1000m/ 3281 ft.

• Operation with Effective Switching Frequency higher than 8kHz for IP20 models and 4kHz for IP55/IP66 models.

The following derating factors should be applied when operating drives outside of these conditions.

#### 10.5.1. Derating for Ambient Temperature

Enclosure Type	Maximum Temperature Without Derating (UL Approved)	Derate by	Maximum Permissible Operating Ambient Temperature with Derating (Non UL Approved)
IP20	50°C / 122°F	N/A	50°C
IP55	40°C / 104°F	1.5% per °C (1.8°F)	50°C
IP66	40°C / 104°F	2.5% per °C (1.8°F)	50°C

#### 10.5.2. Derating for Altitude

Enclosure Type	Maximum Altitude Without Derating	Derate by	Maximum Permissible (UL Approved)	Maximum Permissible (Non-UL Approved)
IP20	1000m / 3281ft	1% per 100m / 328 ft	2000m / 6562 ft	4000m / 13123 ft
IP55	1000m / 3281ft	1% per 100m / 328 ft	2000m / 6562 ft	4000m / 13123 ft
IP66	1000m / 3281ft	1% per 100m / 328 ft	2000m / 6562 ft	4000m / 13123 ft

#### 10.5.3. Derating for Switching Frequency

Enclosure	Switching Frequency (Where available)								
Туре	4kHz	8kHz	12kHz	16kHz	24kHz	32kHz			
IP20	N/A	N/A	20%	30%	40%	50%			
IP55	N/A	10%	10%	15%	25%	N/A			
IP66	N/A	10%	25%	35%	50%	50%			

## 10.5.4. Example of applying Derating Factors

A 4kW, IP66 drive is to be used at an altitude of 2000 metres above sea level, with 12kHz switching frequency and 45°C ambient temperature.

From the table above, we can see that the rated current of the drive is 9.5 Amps at 40°C,

Firstly, apply the switching frequency derating, 12kHz, 25% derating

9.5 Amps x 75% = 7.1 Amps

Now, apply the derating for higher ambient temperature, 2.5% per °C above  $40^{\circ}C = 5 \times 2.5\% = 12.5\%$ 7.1 Amps x 87.5% = 6.2 Amps

Now apply the derating for altitude above 1000 metres, 1% per 100m above  $1000m = 10 \times 1\% = 10\%$ 7.9 Amps x 90% = 5.5 Amps continuous current available.

If the required motor current exceeds this level, it will be necessary to either:

- Reduce the switching frequency selected.
- Use a higher power rated drive and repeat the calculation to ensure sufficient output current is available.

## 10.6. Internal EMC Filter and Varistors – Disconnection Procedure

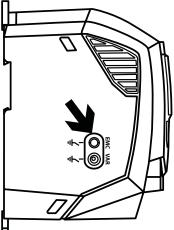
#### 10.6.1. IP20 Drive Models

All Optidrive P2 models provide a simple method to disconnect the internal EMC filter and surge protection varistors by fully removing the screws shown below. This should only be carried out where necessary, for example in cases such as IT or ungrounded supplies, where the phase to ground voltage can exceed the phase to phase voltage.

The EMC filter disconnect screw is labelled "EMC". The surge protection varistors disconnect screw is clearly labelled "VAR".

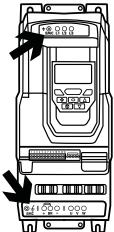
#### Frame Sizes 2 & 3

The EMC Filter and Varistor disconnect screws are located on the left side of the product when viewed from the front. Remove both screws completely



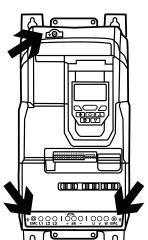
Frame Size 4 units have EMC Filter disconnection points only located on the front face of the unit as shown.

Frame Size 4

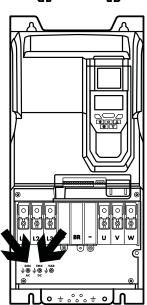


#### Frame Size 5

Frame Size 5 units have EMC Filter disconnection points only located on the front face of the unit as shown.



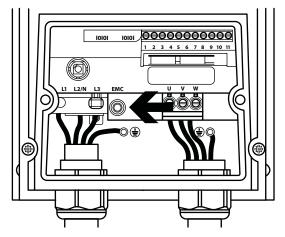
Frame Size 6A/6B Frame Size 6A/6B units have EMC Filter disconnection points behind the front cover of the unit as shown.



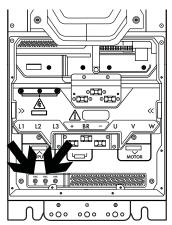
## 10.6.2. IP55 Models

These models require disassembly in order to disconnect the EMC filter. Disconnection should be carried out only by Invertek Drives Approved Service Partners.

#### 10.6.3. IP66 Models



## 10.6.4. Frame Size 8



# 11. Troubleshooting

## 11.1. Fault Messages

Fault Code	No.	TFT Message	Corrective Action
no-FLE	00	<b>Description</b> No Fault	Displayed in PO-13 if no faults are recorded in the log.
ОI - Ь	01	Brake channel over current	Ensure the connected brake resistor is above the minimum permissible level for the drive – refer to the ratings shown in section 10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings. Check the brake resistor and wiring for possible short circuits.
OL-br	02	Brake resistor overload	The drive software has determined that the brake resistor is overloaded, and trips to protect the resistor. Always ensure the brake resistor is being operated within its designed parameter before making any parameter or system changes. To reduce the load on the resistor, increase the deceleration time, reduce the load inertia or add further brake resistors in parallel, observing the minimum resistance value for the drive in use.
0-1	03	Over current trip	Fault Occurs on Drive Enable         Check the motor and motor connection cable for phase – phase and phase – earth short circuits.         Check the load mechanically for a jam, blockage or stalled condition.         Ensure the motor nameplate parameters are correctly entered, P1-07, P1-08, P1-09.         If operating in Vector mode (P4-01 – 0 or 1), also check the motor power factor in P4-05 and ensure an autotune has been successfully completed for the connected motor.         Reduced the Boost voltage setting in P1-11.         Increase the ramp up time in P1-03.         If the connected motor has a holding brake, ensure the brake is correctly connected and controlled, and is releasing correctly.         Fault Occurs When Running         If operating in Vector mode (P4-01 – 0 or 1), reduce the speed loop gain in P4-03.
I.E-ErP	04	Drive has tripped on overload after delivering >100% of value in P1-08 for a period of time.	Check to see when the decimal points are flashing (drive in overload) and either increase acceleration rate or reduce the load. Check motor cable length is within the limit specified for the relevant drive in section 10.2. Ensure the motor nameplate parameters are correctly entered in P1-07, P1-08, and P1-09. If operating in Vector mode (P4-01 – 0 or 1), also check the motor power factor in P4-05 and ensure an autotune has been successfully completed for the connected motor. Check the load mechanically to ensure it is free, and that no jams, blockages or other mechanical faults exist.
PS-ErP	05	Hardware Over Current	Check the wiring to motor and the motor for phase to phase and phase to earth short circuits. Disconnect the motor and motor cable and retest. If the drive trips with no motor connected, it must be replaced and the system fully checked and retested before a replacement unit is installed.
0-uort	06	Over voltage on DC bus	The value of the DC Bus Voltage can be displayed in PO-20. A historical log is stored at 256ms intervals prior to a trip in parameter PO-36. This fault is generally caused by excessive regenerative energy being transferred from the load back to the drive. When a high inertia or over hauling type load is connected. If the fault occurs on stopping or during deceleration, increase the deceleration ramp time P1-04 or connect a suitable brake resistor to the drive. If operating in Vector Mode, reduce the speed loop gain P4-03. If operating in PID control, ensure that ramps are active by reducing P3-11.
U-υοιτ	07	Under voltage on DC bus	This occurs routinely when power is switched off. If it occurs during running, check the incoming supply voltage, and all connections into the drive, fuses, contactors etc.
D-E	08	Heatsink over temperature	The heatsink temperature can be displayed in PO-21. A historical log is stored at 30 second intervals prior to a trip in parameter PO-38. Check the drive ambient temperature. Ensure the drive internal cooling fan is operating. Ensure that the required space around the drive as shown in sections 3.5. Mechanical Dimensions and Weight to 3.10. Guidelines for Mounting (IP66 Units) has been observed, and that the cooling airflow path to and from the drive is not restricted. Reduce the effective switching frequency setting in parameter P2-24. Reduce the load on the motor / drive.
U- E	09	Under temperature	Trip occurs when ambient temperature is less than - 10°C. The temperature must be raised over - 10°C in order to start the drive.
P-dEF	10	Factory Default parameters have been loaded	Press STOP key, the drive is now ready to be configured for the required application.
E-Er iP	11	External trip	E-trip requested on control input terminals. Some settings of P1-13 require a normally closed contact to provide an external means of tripping the drive in the event that an external device develops a fault. If a motor thermistor is connected check if the motor is too hot.

Fault	No.	TFT Message	Corrective Action
Code		Description	
50-065	12	Communications Fault	Communications lost with PC or remote keypad. Check the cables and connections to external devices.
FLE-dc	13	Excessive DC ripple	The DC Bus Ripple Voltage level can be displayed in parameter PO-16. A historical log is stored at 20ms intervals prior to a trip in parameter PO-37. Check all three supply phases are present and within the 3% supply voltage level imbalance tolerance. Reduce the motor load. If the fault persists, contact your local Invertek Drives Sales Partner.
P-LoSS	14	Input phase loss	Drive intended for use with a 3 phase supply, one input phase has been disconnected or lost.
h 0-1	15	Instantaneous over current on drive output	Refer to fault 3 above.
EH-FLE	16	Faulty thermistor on heatsink	Refer to your Invertek Sales Partner.
dAFA-E	17	Internal memory fault	Parameters not saved, defaults reloaded. Try again. If problem recurs, refer to your IDL Authorised Distributor.
4-20F	18	4-20mA Signal Lost	The reference signal on Analog Input 1 or 2 (Terminals 6 or 10) has dropped below the minimum threshold of 3mA. Check the signal source and wiring to the Optidrive terminals.
dREA-E	19	Internal memory fault	Parameters not saved, defaults reloaded. Try again. If problem recurs, refer to your IDL Authorised Distributor.
U- dEF	20	User Parameter Default	User Parameter defaults have been loaded. Press the Stop key.
F-Ptc	21	Motor PTC Over Temperature	The connected motor PTC device has caused the drive to trip.
FAn-F	22	Cooling Fan Fault	Check and if necessary, replace the drive internal cooling fan.
0-hEAL	23	Ambient Temperature High	The measured temperature around the drive is above the operating limit of the drive. Ensure the drive internal cooling fan is operating. Ensure that the required space around the drive as shown in sections 3.5. Mechanical Dimensions and Weight to 3.10. Guidelines for Mounting (IP66 Units) has been observed, and that the cooling airflow path to and from the drive is not restricted. Increase the cooling airflow to the drive. Reduce the effective switching frequency setting in parameter P2-24. Reduce the load on the motor / drive.
0-tor9	24	Maximum Torque Limit Exceeded	The output torque limit has exceeded the drive capacity or trip threshold. Reduce the motor load, or increase the acceleration time.
U-tor9	25	Output Torque Too Low	Active only when hoist brake control is enabled P2-18 = 8. The torque developed prior to releasing the motor holding brake is below the preset threshold. Contact your local Invertek Sales Partner for further information on using the Optidrive P2 in hoist applications.
DUE-F	26	Drive output fault	Drive output fault.
Sto-F	29	Internal STO circuit Error	Refer to your Invertek Sales Partner.
Enc-01	30	Encoder Feedback Fault	Encoder communication /data loss.
SP-Err	31	Speed Error	Speed Error. The error between the measured encoder feedback speed or the estimated rotor speed is greater than the pre-set limit allowed. In Hoist Mode Operation, this protection is always active even if no encoder is fitted. The motor speed deviates from the intended motor speed by an error greater than that set in the limit parameter P6-07.
Enc-03	32	Encoder Feedback Fault	Incorrect Encoder PPR count set in parameter P6-06.
Enc-04	33	Encoder Feedback Fault	Encoder Channel A Fault.
Enc-05	34	Encoder Feedback Fault	Encoder Channel B Fault.
Enc-06	35	Encoder Feedback Fault	Encoder Channels A & B Fault.

Fault Code	No.	TFT Message Description	Corrective Action
AFE-D I	40	Autotune Failed	Measured motor stator resistance varies between phases. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults. Check the windings for correct resistance and balance.
AFE-05	41		Measured motor stator resistance is too large. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults. Check that the power rating corresponds to the power rating of the connected drive.
AFE-03	42		Measured motor inductance is too low. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults.
AFE-04	43		Measured motor inductance is too large. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults. Check that the power rating corresponds to the power rating of the connected drive.
AFE-02	44		Measured motor parameters are not convergent. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults. Check that the power rating corresponds to the power rating of the connected drive.
Ph-5E9	45	Incorrect Supply Phase Sequence	Applies to Frame Size 8 drives only, indicates that the incoming power supply phase sequence is incorrect. Any 2 phases may be swapped.
ОИЕ-Рн	49	Output Phase Loss	One of the motor output phases is not connected to the drive.
5c-F0 I	50	Modbus Comms fault	A valid Modbus telegram has not been received within the watchdog time limit. Check the network master / PLC is still operating. Check the connection cables. Increase the value of P5-05 to a suitable level.
5c-F02	51	CAN Open comms trip	A valid CAN open telegram has not been received within the watchdog time limit. Check the network master / PLC is still operating. Check the connection cables. Check the time limit defined by the CAN network controller for the drive node address.
5c-F03	52	Fieldbus communication fault	Communications has been lost during operation on the external fieldbus network connected to the drive option module. Check the network connection. Ensure that valid telegrams are cyclically sent to the drive within the timeout period set in P5-05 or defined through the fieldbus master depending on the protocol.
5c-F04	53	10 card comms trip	Internal communication to the inserted Option Module has been lost. Check the module is correctly inserted.

# 12. Energy Efficiency Classification

Please scan the QR code or visit **www.invertekdrives.com/ecodesign** to learn more about the Ecodesign Directive and for specific product efficiency classification and part load loss data in accordance with IEC 61800-9-2:2017.





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